

Tencent Container Registry Quick Start Product Documentation





Copyright Notice

©2013-2024 Tencent Cloud. All rights reserved.

Copyright in this document is exclusively owned by Tencent Cloud. You must not reproduce, modify, copy or distribute in any way, in whole or in part, the contents of this document without Tencent Cloud's the prior written consent.

Trademark Notice

STencent Cloud

All trademarks associated with Tencent Cloud and its services are owned by Tencent Cloud Computing (Beijing) Company Limited and its affiliated companies. Trademarks of third parties referred to in this document are owned by their respective proprietors.

Service Statement

This document is intended to provide users with general information about Tencent Cloud's products and services only and does not form part of Tencent Cloud's terms and conditions. Tencent Cloud's products or services are subject to change. Specific products and services and the standards applicable to them are exclusively provided for in Tencent Cloud's applicable terms and conditions.



Contents

Quick Start

Quick Start

TCR Individual Getting Started

Quick Start Quick Start

Last updated : 2024-07-01 18:01:40

This document describes how to purchase a Tencent Container Registry (TCR) Enterprise Edition instance, configure a network access policy, and push and pull container images. To use TCR Individual, see TCR Individual Getting Started.

Step 1: Signing Up for a Tencent Cloud Account

Sign up for a Tencent Cloud account and complete identity verification. If you already have a Tencent Cloud account, ignore this step.

Step 2: Activating TCR Service

Log in to the Tencent Cloud console and choose **Tencent Cloud services** > **Tencent Container Registry** to go to the TCR console. Then, activate and authorize TCR as prompted. If you have already authorized TCR, skip this step.

Step 3: Purchasing an Enterprise Edition Instance

1. Log in to the TCR console and go to the **Instance management** page.

2. Click **Create**. On the **TCR Purchase** page, purchase an instance. You can use the following information for reference:

Tencent C	ontainer Registry Pooled D	fails.				D P	oduci Documentation 🕚 Billing	nstructions 📰 Console	
() Note: TCR Entergy cluster image data	rise is officially commercialized, providing enterplice-is relation.	wei secure husting and	proce-region synch	ranizalion services for c	iout-otive adfasts a	nd fealuring the capacity of large scale	Price Calculator		
iote							Specification	Ouangchiau-Basio	
ICR pr	- ovides you with unlegative-level heating and distribute	n services for cloud nui	ive artificela. Poes o	faarvice keesing, dataa	trage and accurred	be generaled during use. If you need to	Configuration Dec	0.14usonwr	
w werks, please wit "tercentificatometer Expine - image Reportery". any TCR Enterprise only supports pay-any-so-yo (portpakt) billing mode (Ne all support the mentify subscription-(prepard) billing mode secon. By then you can convert existing instances									
ene chi	y subscription. characterized service free. The cited active arti	Decks Joseph are constaline	ringspeet and Hairs a	danta kuntavila salar	Pia service are body	dia year COS Bucket and ceneralia	I have read and age Deduced	a to "TCR Service	
29	e and Itaffic fees based on actual usage. The COS bill	ing method is adapted.	You can go to the "E	Silling Center' to query i	iling information.	a in your cock in ones and growing		y New	
ect Configu	ration								
e Name +	Plasse entire on instance name.								
	The Patience name can contain 5-53 characters, lociadin	o lovenna infraes, eligita ara	Contraction in the second second second	ed with 14, and cannot be	offer one preside				
stince Region	Compton Storator Pinette	Sheight	Netirg	Shanghai Pinanca	De#tg	Bejing Promis			
	Here King Takas of Takan Televi (China) Hong Kong (China)	Brezen	Banekok	Derivative Andre	Weener Vol	Construction Vogistia			
	Europa								
	If you want to create instances in other regions, please a	abenita didival to apply for it							
instance									
Specification		Basic	Standard	Promium					
	Deticated regoky served	1	×	1					
	 Dedicated vehicle access during 								
			- Y						
	Destealed data shrape bediend	1	~	1					
	2	-							
	 Temporaryforg-form access aradeolis: reansgement 	× .	× .	~					
	20 9 Mathéwel researing directory	1							
	 Lielm chef horting 	× 1	~	~					
	Thermopeon garder	-		310					
	-	-							
	 Instant reporting quarts 	1003	384	5102					
	Holm repeatory goola	1000	3000	5005					
	2 Patric redwork access control	~	~	~					
	VPC access control	1	~	1					
	" VPC access gapta	5	5	-					
	Image submitting according	~	~	×					
	Operation togretention	7 days	15 days	33 64 19					
	Multiple regions replications for single	. ,	, I.						
	Policy a new force scale								
	 Gross-instance (acces-region) 								
	Multi-A2 decator recovery in the								
	e mma dy T	, i	Ť	Ť					
	0 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1	~	2					
	Container image compliation and								
	building		- ×	~ ~					
	Cloud-eative delivery workflow	1.1	× .	~					
	P2P accelerated distribution of	1	~	2					
	e mates								
Instance Domain Name	<instance name-tercentdoutcr.com<="" td=""><td>man for the Will serve the</td><td>. Frank in store</td><td>and the same</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></instance>	man for the Will serve the	. Frank in store	and the same					
		and an exception							
cacein: Strage	canate a CCS bucket under the careof account Note that date such as images of the instance will be alc	ed in the DOD Inceles, whe	the set of the set of the special	citationa Parmana Info	reder, please and 000	211g 0.042			

Billing Mode: TCR is billed in pay-as-you-go mode. For more information, see Billing Overview.

Instance Name: Enter a custom instance name. The name must be globally unique and cannot be identical with an existing instance name of your own or another user. This name is used as the access domain name of this TCR instance. **The name cannot be modified after the instance is created.** We recommend that you use an abbreviation that combines the company name and instance region or project as the instance name. **Instance Region**: Select a region where you want to deploy the instance. **The region cannot be modified after the instance is created**. Select the region based on the location of the container cluster resources.



Instance Specification: Select the instance specifications that you want to purchase. Different instance specifications have different instance performance levels and quotas. For more information, see Purchase Guide.

Instance Domain Name: The instance domain name that is automatically generated. Its prefix is the same as the instance name. **The instance domain name cannot be modified after the instance is created.** This domain name is used when you run the docker login command to log in to the instance.

Backend Storage: when an instance is created, a Tencent Cloud COS bucket will be automatically created and associated under the current account. Images and other data in the instance will be stored in the bucket, and storage and traffic costs will be generated. For more information, see COS Billing Guide. After instance creation, you can go to the COS console to view the bucket. Avoid mistakenly deleting the bucket because data such as images hosted in the instance cannot be recovered.

Instance Tag: Bind the newly created instance to a Tencent Cloud tag. You can also bind and edit tags on the instance details page after instance creation.

3. Read and agree to the TCR Service Agreement.

Enterprise Edition instances are billed differently based on their region and specifications. Confirm the selected specifications and configuration fees after configuring the basic information.

4. After checking the selected option, click **Buy Now** to purchase the enterprise edition instance you have selected and configured.

5. You can check the instance purchase progress on the **Instance List** page. When the instance status changes to **Running**, the instance has been successfully purchased and is available. You can complete the following steps to configure the access control policy of the instance and log in to the instance to push and pull images.

Step 4: Configuring the Network Access Policy

To protect your data security, all public and private network access requests are denied by default after the instance is created. Before you log in to the instance, push, and pull images, you must configure the network access policy. In the console, select **Access Control** in the left sidebar, select **Private Network Access** or **Public Network Access** as needed, and configure the corresponding access policy.

Private network access (recommended)

Public network access

Note:

Both TCR Individual and TCR Enterprise do not support classic network access. If you need to use this service, we recommend that you switch to VPC as soon as possible and access the service over the private network.

For more information about how to use this service in TKE, see Using a Container Image in a TCR Enterprise Edition Instance to Create a Workload.

We recommend that you push and pull container images through private network access because it can significantly accelerate the push and pull speeds and reduce public network traffic costs. In addition, you can manage private



network access linkages to specify the VPCs that are allowed to access your image data and improve data security. Follow the steps below:

1. In the upper part of the Private Network Access page, select the created instance.

2. Click **Create**. In the **Create a private network access linkage** pop-up window, configure the VPC and subnet information. See the figure below:

550018160 1115181106	intl-demo (Guangzhou)
firtual Private Cloud	doc-te sub-tee v
	If no suitable VPC in the current region, you can create a new one.
access entry. In this by accessing the pri	way, the cloud server connected to the private network can access the associated instance rivate network IP address. If the private network is connected to other private network or IDC pud networking or Direct Connect, server connected to the associated network can also

Select the VPC where the container cluster that need to access the image repository is located and select any subnet in this VPC that has usable private IP addresses.

3. After the private network access linkage is successfully established, the parsing of the instance domain name is not configured in the connected VPC by default. Click **Manage Auto-parsing** to enable the parsing for private network domain names. This feature is based on Tencent Cloud Private DNS. Activate this service before proceeding. For more information, see Private Network Access Control.

Note:

Enabling the Internet access entry opens your dedicated instance in the public network environment. We recommend that you disable the Internet access entry as soon as possible after completing private network access configuration. Follow the steps below:

1. In the upper part of the **Public Network Access** page, select the created instance.

2. Click **Open internet access entry** in the upper left corner. The button status changes to **Enabling**, as shown in the figure below:

After Internet access is enabled, the Docker client can access the image repositories through the Internet.



Public network Region	S Guangzhou(1) V Instance intl-demo V	TCR Documentation E			
Open Internet Access Entry	Add a public IP to allowiist				
Public IP Range	Note	Operation			
The public access allowlist of this instance is empty, which means that the public access is not allowed.					

3. When the button status changes from **Enabling** to **Close Internet Access Entry**, Internet access is enabled. Then, click **Add a public IP to allowlist** in the upper left of the list to add the public IP addresses that are allowed to access the image repositories.

4. In the **Create Public Network Access Allowlist** pop-up window, add the public IP addresses or IP ranges that are allowed to access the image repositories, or import the configurations of the existing security groups, and add remarks for this rule (optional), as shown in the figure below.

We recommend that you do not add 0.0.0/0, which allows all Internet access. Alternatively, delete this rule before formally activating the instance.

Associated Instance		
Public IP Range	Please enter	
	Please enter a single IPv4 or CIDR block. Enter 0.0.0.0/0 to allow all accesses from internet.	
	Please enter description for the al	

Step 5: Creating a Namespace

1. Select Namespace in the left sidebar. On the Namespace page, click Create.

Note:

Namespaces are used to manage image repositories in the instance. They do not directly store container images, but can map to teams, product projects, or other custom layers in an enterprise.

2. In the **Create a Namespace** pop-up window, configure the namespace information and click **Confirm**, as shown in the figure below.

oreate a Namesp	
Associated Instance	intl-demo
Name *	
	2 to 30 chars. It supports lower-case letters, numbers and symbols (".", "_", "-"). Symbols cannot be used in the beginning, at the end or consecutively.
Access Level	O Private O Public
	It defaults to Private. If you set it to "Public", all image repositories and Helm Charts in this namespace will become public. As "Anonymous Access" is enabled for instance by default, any clients that pass access control can get the images and charts directly without logging in.

Name: We recommend that you set this parameter to the name of an enterprise team or product project. Namespace names must be unique in an instance.

Access Level: you can select either **Private** or **Public**. Image repositories and Helm chart repositories in the namespace will inherit this attribute. You can modify this attribute after creating the namespace.

Step 6: (Optional) Creating an Image Repository

Note:

After creating a namespace, you can use the Docker client to push images to the namespace, and the corresponding image repository will be automatically created.

1. Click **Image Repository** in the left sidebar to go to the **Image Repository** list page.

2. Click **Create**. In the **Create an Image Repository** pop-up window, configure the image repository information and click **Confirm**, as shown in the figure below.

From the **Namespace** drop-down list, you can select a created namespace. The name cannot be a multi-level path, and the Markdown syntax is supported in the description.



Create an Image I	Repository ×	
Associated Instance	intl-demo	
Namespace *	public 🔻	
Name *	nginx	
	2 to 200 chars. It can only contain lower case letters, numbers and symbols (".", "_", "-", "/"). Symbols cannot be use in the beginning, at the end or consecutively. Multi-level addresses are supported. e.g., "sub1/sub2/repo".	
Image source	O Local	
	After creating the image repository, you can use Docker client or CI tool to push existing images to this repository.	
Brief description	nginx repo	
Detailed Description	# Nginx Support Markdown	
	Confirm Cancel	

Step 7: Pushing and Pulling an Image

After completing the preceding steps, you have created an instance and image repository. Next, you can perform the following operations to push an image to or pull an image from the image repository.

Note:

In this step, you need to use a CVM or CPM instance with Docker installed and ensure that the target client is in the public or private network access allowlist defined in Configuring the Network Access Policy.

Logging in to the TCR instance

1. Click Access Credential in the left sidebar to go to the Access Credential list page. Select the newly created instance, and click Generate Temp Login Token.

Note:

In this document, a temporary login token for the instance is used as an example. You can also obtain a long-term access credential.

2. In the Temp login token pop-up window, click Copy login token.



3. In the command-line tool, run the login token that you have obtained to log in to the instance. Sample token:



sudo docker login demo-tcr.tencentcloudcr.com --username 1xxx1019xxxx --password ey

If Login Succeeded is displayed in the command line tool, you have logged in to the instance successfully.

Pushing a container image

You can create a container image on the local server or obtain a public image from Docker Hub for testing. This document uses the official and latest Nginx image on Docker Hub as an example. In the command line tool, run



the following commands sequentially to push this image. Replace demo-tcr, project-a, and nginx with the actual instance, namespace, and image repository names you have created.



sudo docker tag nginx:latest demo-tcr.tencentcloudcr.com/project-a/nginx:latest





sudo docker push demo-tcr.tencentcloudcr.com/project-a/nginx:latest

Pulling a container image

This document uses the successfully pushed Nginx image as an example. In the command line tool, run the following command to pull this image:





sudo docker pull demo-tcr.tencentcloudcr.com/project-a/nginx:latest

References

TCR Enterprise Edition provides advanced features such as Helm chart hosting, cross-region instance synchronization, and image security scanning. To use them, refer to the following documents: Managing Helm Charts Cross-Tenant Synchronization Managing Triggers Network Access Control Overview Access Permission Configuration

What if a problem occurs when I use TCR?

If you encounter a problem while using TCR, locate and solve the problem by referring to the FAQs. Alternatively, you can submit a ticket, and we will solve the problem for you as soon as possible.

TCR Individual Getting Started

Last updated : 2024-07-01 18:03:13

This document describes how to initialize a Tencent Container Registry (TCR) Individual Edition instance, configure a namespace, and push and pull container images. To use TCR Enterprise Edition, see Quick Start.

Step 1: Signing Up for a Tencent Cloud Account

Sign up for a Tencent Cloud account and complete identity verification. If you already have a Tencent Cloud account, ignore this step.

Step 2: Activating TCR Service

Log in to the Tencent Cloud console and choose **Tencent Cloud services** > **Tencent Container Registry** to go to the TCR console. Then, activate and authorize TCR as prompted. If you have already authorized TCR, skip this step.

Step 3: Initializing TCR Individual Service

1. Log in to the TCR console and go to the **Instance management** page.

2. Select the region where you want to use the service. Currently, TCR Individual service is deployed only in Guangzhou in the Chinese mainland and supports cross-region access over the private network from regions such as Beijing, Shanghai, and Chengdu. For more information about other supported regions, see Purchase Guide. The actual available regions are subject to the region list in the console. This document takes the TCR Individual Edition instance of the selected region as an example.

3. Check the tab of the TCR Individual Edition instance in the region, and click **Initialize Password** to set the password for accessing TCR Individual service. You can choose **More** > **Reset the login password** to reset the password.

4. Click Log In to Instance to obtain the guidance on login of TCR Individual.





docker login ccr.ccs.tencentyun.com --username=xxxxxxxx

"username" is the current Tencent Cloud account ID.

Run this login command in the command line tool, and enter the password. The login is successful if Login Succeeded is displayed.

Step 4: Creating a Namespace

1. Click Namespace in the left sidebar. On the Namespace page, select TCR Individual Instance and click

Create.

Note:

Namespaces are used to manage image repositories in the instance. They do not directly store container images, but can map to teams, product projects, or other custom layers in an enterprise.

2. In the **Create a Namespace** pop-up window, configure the namespace information and click **Confirm**, as shown in the figure below:

Create N	lamespace 🗧 🗙
Name	
	Up to 30 characters, can only contain lowercase letters, numbers, and periods ("."), underscores ("_"), and hyphens ("-"). It can neither start or end with symbols nor contain consecutive symbols
	Submit Cancel

Name: We recommend that you use an enterprise team or project name. A TCR Individual Edition instance is a shared instance. You cannot create a namespace with the name that has been used by another user.

Step 5: (Optional) Creating an Image Repository

Note:

After creating a namespace, you can use the Docker client to push images to the namespace, and the corresponding image repository will be automatically created.

1. Click **Image Repository** in the left sidebar to go to the **Image Repository** list page. Select **TCR Individual Instance** at the top of the page.

2. Click **Create**. In the **Create an Image Repository** pop-up window, configure the image repository information and click **Confirm**, as shown in the figure below.

2.1 Name: The name must be 200 characters in length and can contain only lowercase letters, digits, and any of the following separators: periods (.), underscores (_), and hyphens (-). The name cannot start or end with a separator, and cannot be a multi-level path.

2.2 Type: Public or private. Like the image types in DockerHub, a public image is visible to all external users and can be pulled anonymously, and a private image is visible only to users with permissions and can be pulled only after login.2.3 Namespace: Select a created namespace.



2.4 Description: The Markdown syntax is supported.

Create Ima	ige Repository	۲ ۲
Name		
	Up to 200 characters. It supports only lo	wercase letters, numbers, and symbols
	(".", "_", "-"), and cannot begin or end wit	th a symbol
Туре	Private 💌	
Namespace	•	
Description		
	Up to 1000 characters	
	-p -o -ooo -ooo	
	Submit Car	icel

Step 6: Pushing and Pulling an Image

After completing the preceding steps, you have created a namespace and image repository. Next, you can perform the following operations to push an image to or pull an image from the image repository. **Note:**

You need to use a CVM or CPM instance with Docker installed.

Pushing a container image

You can create a container image on the local server or obtain a public image from Docker Hub for testing.

This document uses the official and latest Nginx image on Docker Hub as an example. In the command line tool, run the following commands sequentially to push this image. Replace project-a and nginx with the actual namespace and image repository names you have created.





sudo docker tag nginx:latest ccr.ccs.tencentyun.com/project-a/nginx:latest





sudo docker push ccr.ccs.tencentyun.com/project-a/nginx:latest

Pulling a container image

This document uses the successfully pushed Nginx image as an example. In the command line tool, run the following command to pull this image:

sudo docker pull ccr.ccs.tencentyun.com/project-a/nginx:latest

What if a problem occurs when I use TCR?

If you encounter a problem while using TCR, locate and solve the problem by referring to the FAQs. Alternatively, you can submit a ticket, and we will solve the problem for you as soon as possible.