

11 SACM Argumentation Metamodel

11.1 General

This clause presents the normative specification for the SACM Argumentation Package. It begins with an overview of the metamodel structure followed by a description of each element.

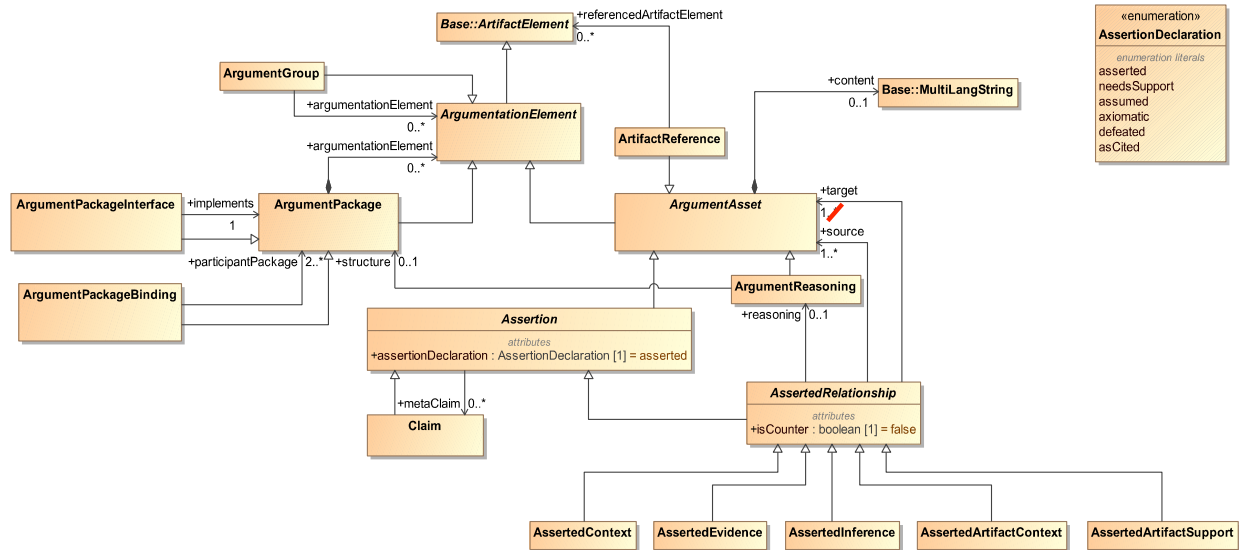


Figure 11.1 - Argumentation Package Diagram

This portion of the SACM model describes and defines the concepts required to model structured arguments. Arguments are represented in SACM through explicitly representing the Claims and citation of artifacts (e.g., as evidence) (ArtifactReference), and the ‘links’ between these elements – e.g., how one or more Claims are asserted to infer another Claim, or how one or more artifacts (referenced by ArtifactReference) are asserted as providing evidence for a Claim (AssertedEvidence). In addition to these core elements, in SACM it is possible to provide additional description of the ArgumentReasoning associated with inferential and evidential relationships, represent counter-arguments and counter-evidence (through isCounter: Boolean), and represent how artifacts provide the context in which arguments should be interpreted (through AssertedContext.)

The packaging of structured arguments into ‘modular’ argument packages is enabled through ArgumentPackages, an optional declaration of an interface for the package (ArgumentPackageInterface) that organizes a specific selection of the ArgumentElements contained within the package, and the ability to link (by means of an argument) two or more argument packages (through an ArgumentPackageBinding). It is also possible within a package to cite elements contained within other argument packages (through AssertedContext).

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target:ArgumentAsset[1..*] - reference to the ArgumentAsset(s) that are the target (ending point) of the relationship.

reasoning:ArgumentReasoning[0..1] – an optional reference to the a description of the reasoning underlying the AssertedRelationship.

Semantics

In SACM, the structure of an argument is declared through the linking together of primitive ArgumentAssets. For example, a sufficient inference can be asserted to exist between two claims (“Claim A implies Claim B”) or sufficient evidence can be asserted to exist to support a claim (“Claim A is evidenced by Evidence B”). An inference asserted between two claims (A – the source – and B – the target) denotes that the truth of Claim A is said to infer the truth of Claim B.

11.14 AssertedInference

AssertedInference association records the inference that a user declares to exist between one or more Assertion (premise) and another Assertion (conclusion). It is important to note that such a declaration is itself an assertion on behalf of the user.

Superclass

AssertedRelationship

Semantics

The core structure of an argument is declared through the inferences that are asserted to exist between Assertions (e.g., Claims). For example, an AssertedInference can be said to exist between two claims (“Claim A implies Claim B”). An AssertedInference between two claims (A – the source – and B – the target) denotes that the truth of Claim B is said to infer the truth of Claim A.

11.15 AssertedEvidence

AssertedEvidence association records the declaration that one or more artifacts of Evidence (cited by ArtifactReference) provide information that helps establish the truth of a Claim. It is important to note that such a declaration is itself an assertion on behalf of the user. The artifact (cited by an ArtifactReference) may provide evidence for more than one Claim.

Superclass

AssertedRelationship

Semantics

Where evidence (cited by ArtifactReference) exists that helps to establish the truth of a Claim in the argument, this relationship between the Claim and the evidence can be asserted by an AssertedEvidence association. An AssertedEvidence association between an artifact cited by an ArtifactReference and a Claim (A – the source evidence cited – and B – the target claim) denotes that the evidence cited by A is said to help establish the truth of Claim B.

Constraints

The source of AssertedEvidence relationships must be ArtifactReference.

OCL

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self.source->forall(s|s.ocIsTypeOf(ArtifactReference))
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