

Web Services Security:SAML Token Profile

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11 Editors:

12	Phillip Hallam-Baker	VeriSign
13	Chris Kaler	Microsoft
14	Ronald Monzillo	Sun
15	Anthony Nadalin	IBM

16 Contributors (voting members of the WSS TC as of Sept 8, 2004)

17	Gene Thurston	AmberPoint
18	Frank Siebenlist	Argonne National Laboratory
19	Hal Lockhart	BEA Systems, Inc.
20	Corinna Witt	BEA Systems, Inc.
21	Merlin Hughes	Betrusted (Baltimore Technologies)
22	Davanum Srinivas	Computer Associates
23	Thomas DeMartini	ContentGuard
24	Guillermo Lao	ContentGuard
25	Sam Wei	Documentum
26	Tim Moses	Entrust
27	Dana Kaufman	Forum Systems, Inc.
28	Toshihiro Nishimura	Fujitsu
29	Kefeng Chen	GeoTrust
30	Irving Reid	Hewlett-Packard
31	Kojiro Nakayama	Hitachi
32	Paula Austel	IBM
33	Derek Fu	IBM
34	Maryann Hondo	IBM

35 36	Kelvin Lawrence Michael McIntosh	IBM (TC Chair) IBM
37	Anthony Nadalin	IBM
38	Nataraj [°] Nagaratnam	IBM
39	Ron Williams	IBM
40	Don Flinn	Individual
41	Bob Morgan	Internet2
42	Kate Cherry	Lockheed Martin
43	Paul Cotton	Microsoft Corporation
44	Vijay Gajjala	Microsoft Corporation
45	Alan Geller	Microsoft Corporation
46	Chris Kaler	Microsoft Corporation (TC Chair)
47	Rich Levinson	Netegrity, Inc.
48	Prateek Mishra	Netegrity, Inc.
49	Frederick Hirsch	Nokia
50	Senthil Sengodan	Nokia
51	Abbie Barbir	Nortel Networks
52	Lloyd Burch	Novell
53	Charles Knouse	Oblix
54	Steve Anderson	OpenNetwork (Secretary)
55	Vamsi Motukuru	Oracle
56	Ramana Turlapati	Oracle
57	Ben Hammond	RSA Security
58	Andrew Nash	RSA Security
59	Rob Philpott	RSA Security
60	Martijn de Boer	SAP
61	Blake Dournaee	Sarvega
62	Coumara Radja	Sarvega
63 64	Pete Wenzel	SeeBeyond Technology Corporation
65	Jeff Hodges Ronald Monzillo	Sun Microsystems
	Jan Alexander	Sun Microsystems
66 67	Symon Chang	Systinet Tibco
68	J Weiland	US Dept of the Navy
69	Phillip Hallam-Baker	Verisign
70	Maneesh Sahu	Westbridge Technology
		5
71		ts (if not already listed above):
72	Hiroshi Maruyama	IBM
73	Chris McLaren	Netegrity
74 75	Jerry Schwarz	Oracle
75 76	Eve Maler	Sun Microsystems
76	Hemma Prafullchandra	VeriSign

77 Abstract: 78 This document describes how to use Security Assertion Markup Language 79 (SAML) V1.1 assertions with the Web Services Security (WSS): SOAP 80 Message Security specification. 81 Status: 82 This is an OASIS Standard. Please send comments to the editors. 83 84 Committee members should send comments on this specification to 85 wss@lists.oasis-open.org list. Others should subscribe to and send comments to the wss-comment@lists.oasis-open.org list. To subscribe, visit 86 87 http://lists.oasis-open.org/ob/adm.pl. 88 For information on the disclosure of Intellectual Property Rights or licensing terms 89 related to the work of the Web Services Security TC please refer to the Intellectual 90 Property Rights section of the TC web page at http://www.oasis-91 open.org/committees/wss/. The OASIS policy on Intellectual Property Rights is described at http://www.oasis-open.org/who/intellectualproperty.shtml. 92

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1 Introduction

- 125 The WSS: SOAP Message Security specification defines a standard set of SOAP
- extensions that implement message level integrity and confidentiality. This
- 127 specification defines the use of Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML)
- assertions as security tokens from the <wsse:Security> header block defined by the
- 129 WSS: SOAP Message Security specification.

130 **1.1 Goals**

- 131 The goal of this specification is to define the use of SAML V1.1 assertions in the
- context of WSS: SOAP Message Security including for the purpose of securing SOAP
- messages and SOAP message exchanges. To achieve this goal, this profile describes
- 134 how:

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- 135 1. SAML assertions are carried in and referenced from <wsse:security> Headers.
- 2. SAML assertions are used with XML signature to bind the statements of the assertions (i.e. the claims) to a SOAP message.

138 **1.1.1 Non-Goals**

- 139 The following topics are outside the scope of this document:
- 140 3. Defining SAML statement syntax or semantics.
- 141 4. Describing the use of SAML assertions other than for SOAP Message Security.
- 5. Describing the use of SAML V1.0 assertions with the Web Services Security (WSS): SOAP Message Security specification.

2 Notations and Terminology

- 145 This section specifies the notations, namespaces, and terminology used in this
- 146 specification.

144

147 2.1 Notational Conventions

- 148 The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT",
- "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this
- document are to be interpreted as described in RFC2119.
- 151 This document uses the notational conventions defined in the WS-Security SOAP
- 152 Message Security document.
- Namespace URIs (of the general form "some-URI") represent some application-
- dependent or context-dependent URI as defined in RFC2396.
- 155 This specification is designed to work with the general SOAP message structure and
- message processing model, and should be applicable to any version of SOAP. The
- 157 current SOAP 1.2 namespace URI is used herein to provide detailed examples, but
- there is no intention to limit the applicability of this specification to a single version
- 159 of **SOAP**.
- 160 Readers are presumed to be familiar with the terms in the Internet Security
- 161 Glossary.

162 **2.2 Namespaces**

- 163 The appearance of the following [XML-ns] namespace prefixes in the examples within
- this specification should be understood to refer to the corresponding namespaces
- 165 (from the following table) whether or not an XML namespace declaration appears in
- the example:

Prefix	Namespace
S11	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/
S12	http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope
ds	http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#
xenc	http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc
wsse	http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-01.xsd
wsu	http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd

saml	Jrn: oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:assertion	
samlp	Jrn: oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:protocol	

167 Table-1 Namespace Prefixes

2.3 Terminology

- 169 This specification employs the terminology defined in the WSS: SOAP Message
- 170 Security specification. Defined below are the definitions for additional terminology
- used in this specification.

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- 173 Attesting Entity the entity that provides the confirmation evidence that will be used
- to establish the correspondence between the subject of SAML subject statements (in
- 175 SAML assertions) and SOAP message content.

176

- 177 Confirmation Method Identifier the value within the <saml:SubjectConfirmation>
- 178 element of a SAML subject statement that identifies the confirmation method to be
- 179 used with the statement.

180

- 181 Subject Confirmation the method used to establish the correspondence between
- the subject of SAML subject statements (in SAML assertions) and SOAP message
- content by verifying the confirmation evidence provided by an attesting entity.

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185 SAML Assertion Authority - An abstract system entity that issues assertions.

- 187 Subject A representation of the entity to which the claims in a SAML subject
- 188 statement apply.

3 Usage

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- 190 This section defines the specific mechanisms and procedures for using SAML
- 191 assertions as security tokens.

3.1 Processing Model

- 193 This specification extends the token-independent processing model defined by the
- 194 WSS: SOAP Message Security specification.
- 195 When a receiver processes a <wsse:Security> header containing or referencing
- 196 SAML assertions, it selects, based on its policy, the signatures and assertions that it
- 197 will process. It is assumed that a receiver's signature selection policy MAY rely on
- 198 semantic labeling of of <wsse:SecurityTokenReference</pre> elements occurring in the
- 199 <ds: KeyInfo> elements within the signatures. It is also assumed that the assertions
- selected for validation and processing will include those referenced from the
- 201 <ds:KeyInfo> and <ds:SignedInfo> elements of the selected signatures.
- As part of its validation and processing of the selected assertions, the receiver MUST
- 203 establish the relationship between the subject of each SAML subject statement (of
- the referenced SAML assertions) and the entity providing the evidence to satisfy the
- confirmation method defined for the statements (i.e. the attesting entity). Two
- methods for establishing this correspondence, holder-of-key and sender-vouches
- are described below. Systems implementing this specification MUST implement the
- 208 processing necessary to support both of these subject confirmation methods.

3.2 Attaching Security Tokens

SAML assertions are attached to SOAP messages using WSS: SOAP Message Security by placing assertion elements or references to assertions inside a <wsse:Security> header. The following example illustrates a SOAP message containing a SAML assertion in a <wsse:Security> header.

¹ The optional Usage attribute of the <wsse:SecurityTokenReference> element MAY be used to associate one of more semantic usage labels (as URIs) with a reference and thus use of a Security Token. Please refer to WSS: SOAP Message Security for the details of this attribute.

3.3 Identifying and Referencing Security Tokens

233 The WSS: SOAP Message Security specification defines the

<wsse:SecurityTokenReference> element for referencing security tokens. Three

forms of token references are defined by this element and the element schema

includes provision for defining additional reference forms should they be necessary.

237 The three forms of token references defined by the

<wsse:SecurityTokenReference> element are defined as follows:

• A key identifier reference – a generic element (i.e. <wsse:KeyIdentifier>) that conveys a security token identifier as an <wsse:EncodedString> and indicates in its attributes (as necessary) the key identifier type (i.e. the ValueType), the identifier encoding type (i.e. the EncodingType), and perhaps other parameters used to reference the security token.

When a key identifier is used to reference a SAML assertion, it MUST contain as its element value the corresponding SAML assertion identifier. The key identifier MUST also contain a ValueType attribute and the value of this attribute MUST be the wsse:KeyIdentifier/@ValueType from Table 2. The key identifier MUST NOT include an EncodingType² attribute and the element content of the key identifier MUST be encoded as xsi:string.

When a key identifier is used to reference a V1.1 SAML Assertion that is not contained in the same message as the key identifier, a <saml:AuthorityBinding> element MUST be contained in the <wsse:SecurityTokenReference> element containing the key identifier. The contents of the <saml:AuthorityBinding> element MUST contain values sufficient for the intended recipients of the <wsse:SecurityTokenReference> to acquire the identified assertion from the intended Authority. To this end, the value of the AuthorityKind attribute of the <saml:AuthorityBinding> element MUST be "samlp:AssertionIdReference". When a key Identifier is used to reference a V1.1 SAML Assertion contained in the same message as the key identifier, a <saml:AuthorityBinding> element MUST NOT be included in the <wsse:SecurityTokenReference> containing the key identifier.

² "The Errata for Web Services Security: SOAP Message Security Version 1.0" (at http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/wss) removed the default designation from the #Base64Binary value for the EncodingType attribute of the KeyIdentifier element. Therefore, omitting a value for EncodingType and requiring that Base64 encoding not be performed, as specified by this profile, is consistent with the errata.

- A Direct or URI reference a generic element (i.e. <wsse:Reference>) that
 identifies a security token by URI. If only a fragment identifier is specified, then
 the reference is to the security token within the document whose local identifier
 (e.g. <wsu:Id> attribute) matches the fragment identifier. Otherwise, the
 reference is to the (potentially external) security token identified by the URI.
- This profile does not describe the use of Direct or URI references to reference V1.1 SAML Assertions.
- An Embedded reference a reference that encapsulates a security token.
- When an Embedded reference is used to encapsulate a SAML assertion, the SAML assertion MUST be included as a contained element within a <wsse:Embedded>
 272 element within a <wsse:SecurityTokenReference>.
- 273 This specification describes how SAML assertions may be referenced in four contexts:
- A SAML assertion may be referenced directly from a <wsse:Security> header element. In this case, the assertion is being conveyed by reference in the message.
 - A SAML assertion may be referenced from a <ds:KeyInfo> element of a <ds:Signature> element in a <wsse:Security> header. In this case, the assertion contains a subject statement with a <saml:SubjectConfirmation> element that identifies the key used in the signature calculation.
- A SAML assertion reference may be referenced from a <ds:Reference> element
 within the <ds:SignedInfo> element of a <ds:Signature> element in a
 <wsse:Security> header. In this case, the doubly-referenced assertion is signed
 by the containing signature.
- - In each of these contexts, the referenced assertion may be:
- local in which case, it is included in the <wsse:Security> header containing the reference.
- remote in which case it is not included in the <wsse:Security> header containing the reference, but may occur in another part of the SOAP message or may be available at the location identified by the reference which may be an assertion authority.
- SAML key identifier references, with (in the case of remote references) a supporting <saml:AuthorityBinding> element are currently the best suited, of the
- 298 <wsse:SecurityTokenReference> forms, for expressing references to SAML
- assertions. A future version of [SAMLCore] is expected to facilitate remote references by Direct reference URI. The practice of referencing local SAML Assertions by Direct
- 301 system | SecurityTokenReference | reference | system | sy
- wsse: Security tokenkererence / reference is not included in this prome because
- doing so would require recognition of the <saml:AssertionID> attribute as an
- identifier which would impose token dependent processing on the interpretation of
- 304 local Direct references.

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Attribute	Value
wsse:KeyIdentifier/@ValueType	http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-saml-token-profile- 1.0#SAMLAssertionID

305 Table-2 ValueType Attribute Values

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3.3.1 SAML Assertion Referenced from Header or Element

All conformant implementations MUST be able to process SAML assertion references occurring in a <wsse:Security> header or in a header element other than a signature to acquire the corresponding assertion. A conformant implementation MUST be able to process any such reference independent of the confirmation method of the referenced assertion.

A SAML assertion may be referenced from a <wsse:Security> header or from an element (other than a signature) in the header. The following example demonstrates the use of a key identifier in a <wsse:Security> header to reference a local SAML assertion.

```
316
           <S12:Envelope>
317
             <S12:Header>
318
               <wsse:Security>
319
                 <saml:Assertion
320
                  AssertionID="_a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc"
321
                  IssueInstant="2003-04-17T00:46:02Z"
322
                   Issuer="www.opensaml.org"
323
324
                  MajorVersion="1"
                  MinorVersion="1"
325
326
                 </saml:Assertion>
327
                 <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:Id="STR1">
328
                   <wsse:KeyIdentifier wsu:Id="..."</pre>
329
                     ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-saml-
330
           token-profile-1.0#SAMLAssertionID">
331
                     a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc
332
                   </wsse:KeyIdentifier>
333
               </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
334
               </wsse:Security>
335
            </S12:Header>
336
             <S12:Body>
337
338
             </S12:Body>
339
           </S12:Envelope>
```

A SAML assertion that exists outside of a <wsse:Security> header may be referenced from the <wsse:Security> header element by including (in the <wsse:SecurityTokenReference>) a <saml:AuthorityBinding> element that defines the location, binding, and query that may be used to acquire the identified assertion at a SAML assertion authority or responder.

```
<wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:Id="STR1">
    <saml:AuthorityBinding>
    Binding="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:bindings:SOAP-binding"
    Location="http://www.opensaml.org/SAML-Authority"
    AuthorityKind= "samlp:AssertionIdReference"
```

```
350
             </saml:AuthorityBinding>
351
             <wsse:KeyIdentifier</pre>
352
               wsu:Id="..."
353
               ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-saml-token-
354
           profile-1.0#SAMLAssertionID">
355
               _a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc
356
             </wsse:KeyIdentifier>
357
           </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
```

3.3.2 SAML Assertion Referenced from KeyInfo

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All conformant implementations MUST be able to process SAML assertion references occurring in the <ds:KeyInfo> element of a <ds:Signature> element in a <wsse:Security> header as defined by the holder-of-key confirmation method.

The following example depicts the use of a key identifier to reference a local assertion from <ds:KeyInfo>.

The following example demonstrates the use of a <wsse:SecurityTokenReference> containing a key identifier and a <saml:AuthorityBinding> to communicate information (location, binding, and query) sufficient to acquire the identified assertion at an identified SAML assertion authority or responder.

```
377
           <ds:KeyInfo>
378
             <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:Id="STR1">
379
              <saml:AuthorityBinding>
380
             Binding="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:bindings:SOAP-binding"
381
                 Location="http://www.opensaml.org/SAML-Authority"
382
                 AuthorityKind= "samlp:AssertionIdReference"
383
              </saml:AuthorityBinding>
384
               <wsse:KeyIdentifier wsu:Id="..."</pre>
385
                ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-saml-token-
386
          profile-1.0#SAMLAssertionID">
387
          a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc
388
               </wsse:KeyIdentifier>
389
             </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
390
          </ds:KeyInfo>
```

<ds:KeyInfo> elements may also occur in <xenc:EncryptedData> and
<xenc:EncryptedKey> elements where they serve to identify the encryption key.
<ds:KeyInfo> elements may also occur in <saml:SubjectConfirmation> elements
where they identify a key that MUST be demonstrated to confirm the subject of the
corresponding subject statement(s). Conformant implementations of this profile are
not required to process SAML assertion references occurring within the

3.3.3 SAML Assertion Referenced from SignedInfo

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Independent of the confirmation method of the referenced assertion, all conformant implementations MUST be able to process SAML assertions referenced by

<wsse:SecurityTokenReference> from <ds:Reference> elements within the
<ds:SignedInfo> element of a <ds:Signature> element in a <wsse:Security> header. Embedded references may be digested directly, thus effectively digesting the encapsulated assertion. Other <wsse:SecurityTokenReference> forms must be dereferenced for the referenced assertion to be digested.

The following example demonstrates the use of the STR Dereference transform to dereference a reference to a SAML Assertion (i.e. Security Token) such that the digest operation is performed on the security token not its reference.

```
417
           <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:Id="STR1">
418
             <saml:AuthorityBinding>
419
            Binding="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:bindings:SOAP-binding"
420
              Location="http://www.opensaml.org/SAML-Authority"
421
              AuthorityKind= "samlp:AssertionIdReference"
422
             </saml:AuthorityBinding>
423
            <wsse:KeyIdentifier wsu:Id="..."</pre>
424
              ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-saml-token-
425
          profile-1.0#SAMLAssertionID">
426
              _a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc
427
             </wsse:KeyIdentifier>
428
           </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
429
430
          <ds:SignedInfo>
431
            <ds:CanonicalizationMethod
432
              Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"/>
433
             <ds:SignatureMethod
434
              Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rsa-sha1"/>
435
            <ds:Reference URI="#STR1">
436
              <Transforms>
437
                 <ds:Transform
438
                  Algorithm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-
439
          wss-soap-message-security-1.0#STR-Transform"/>
440
                  <wsse:TransformationParameters>
```

³ A SAML Assertion referenced from the <ds:KeyInfo> element within a <saml:SubjectConfirmation> element MUST contain one or more holder-of-key confirmed subject statements each of which identifies a key that MAY be used to confirm the subject and any other claims of the referencing statement.

```
441
                     <ds:CanonicalizationMethod
442
                      Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"/>
443
                  </wsse:TransformationParameters>
444
                </ds:Transform>
445
              </Transforms>
446
              <ds:DigestMethod
447
                Algorithm= "http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1"/>
448
              <ds:DigestValue>...</ds:DigestValue>
449
            </ds:Reference>
450
          </ds:SignedInfo>
```

Note that the URI appearing in the <ds:Reference> element identifies the <wsse:SecurityTokenReference> element by its wsu:Id value. Also note that the STR Dereference transform MUST contain (in <wsse:TransformationParameters>) a <ds:CanonicalizationMethod> that defines the algorithm to be used to serialize the input node set (of the referenced assertion).

3.3.4 SAML Assertion Referenced from Encrypted Data Reference

Such references are similar in format to the references that MAY appear in the <ds:Reference> element within <ds:SignedInfo>, except the STR Dereference transform does not apply. As shown in the following example, an encrypted <wsse:SecurityTokenReference> (which may contain an embedded assertion) is referenced from an <xenc:DataReference> by including the identifier of the <xenc:EncryptedData> element that contains the encrypted <wsse:SecurityTokenReference> in the <xenc:DataReference>.

```
472
          <xenc:EncryptedData Id="EncryptedSTR1">
473
           <ds:keyInfo>
474
475
           </ds:KeyInfo>
476
           <xenc:CipherData>
477
             <xenc:CipherValue>...
478
           </xenc:CipherData>
479
          /xenc:EncryptedData>
480
          <xenc:ReferenceList>
481
            <xenc:DataReference URI="#EncryptedSTR1"/>
482
          </xenc:ReferenceList>
```

3.4 Subject Confirmation of SAML Assertions

The SAML profile of WSS: SOAP Message Security requires that systems support the holder-of-key and sender-vouches methods of subject confirmation. It is strongly RECOMMENDED that an XML signature be used to establish the relationship between the message and the subject statements of the attached assertions. This is especially oasis-wss-saml-token-profile-1.0

RECOMMENDED whenever the SOAP message exchange is conducted over an unprotected transport.

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Any processor of SAML assertions MUST conform to the required validation and processing rules defined in the SAML specification [SAMLCore] including the validation of assertion signatures, and the processing of <saml:Condition> elements within Assertions.

The following table enumerates the mandatory subject confirmation methods and summarizes their associated processing models:

Mechanism	RECOMMENDED Processing Rules
<pre>urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:cm:holder- of-key</pre>	The attesting entity includes an XML Signature that can be verified with the key information in the <pre><saml:confimationmethod> of the subject statements of the SAML assertion referenced for keyInfo by the Signature.</saml:confimationmethod></pre>
<pre>urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:cm:sender- vouches</pre>	The attesting entity, (presumed to be) different from the subject, vouches for the verification of the subject. The receiver MUST have an existing trust relationship with the attesting entity. The attesting entity MUST protect the Assertion (containing the subject statements) in combination with the message content against modification by another party. See also section 4.

Note that the high level processing model described in the following sections does not differentiate between the attesting entity and the message sender as would be necessary to guard against replay attacks. The high-level processing model also does not take into account requirements for authentication of receiver by sender, or for message or assertion confidentiality. These concerns must be addressed by means other than those described in the high-level processing model (i.e. section 3.1).

3.4.1 Holder-of-key Subject Confirmation Method

The following sections describe the holder-of-key method of establishing the correspondence between a SOAP message and the subject of SAML assertions added to the SOAP message according to this specification.

3.4.1.1 Attesting Entity

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An attesting entity uses the holder-of-key confirmation method to demonstrate that it is authorized to act as the subject of the SAML subject statements containing the holder-of-key <saml:SubjectConfirmation> element. The subject statements that will be confirmed by the holder-of-key method MUST include the following <saml:SubjectConfirmation> element:

```
<saml:SubjectConfirmation>
513
            <saml:ConfirmationMethod>
514
              urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:cm:holder-of-key
            </saml:ConfirmationMethod>
            <ds:KeyInfo>...</ds:KeyInfo>
          </saml:SubjectConfirmation>
```

The <saml:SubjectConfirmation> element MUST include a <ds:KeyInfo> element that identifies the public or secret key⁴ to be used to confirm the identity of the subject.

To satisfy the associated confirmation method processing to be performed by the message receiver, the attesting entity MUST demonstrate knowledge of the confirmation key. The attesting entity MAY accomplish this by using the confirmation key to sign content within the message and by including the resulting

524 525 <ds:Signature> element in the <wsse:Security> header. <ds:Signature>

526 elements produced for this purpose MUST conform to the canonicalization and

527 token pre-pending rules defined in the WSS: SOAP Message Security specification.

528 SAML assertions that contain a holder-of-key <saml:SubjectConfirmation> element 529 SHOULD contain a <ds:Signature> element that protects the integrity of the

530 confirmation <ds:KeyInfo> established by the assertion authority.

531 The canonicalization method used to produce the <ds:Signature> elements used 532 to protect the integrity of SAML assertions MUST support the validation of these 533 <ds:Signature> elements in contexts (such as <wsse:Security> header elements)

534 other than those in which the signatures were calculated.

3.4.1.2 Receiver

Of the SAML assertions it selects for processing, a message receiver MUST NOT accept assertions containing a holder-of-key <saml:ConfirmationMethod>, unless the receiver has validated the integrity of the assertions and the attesting entity has demonstrated knowledge of the key identified by the <ds:keyInfo> element of the <saml:SubjectConfirmation> element.

⁴[SAMLCore] defines KeyInfo of SubjectConfirmation as containing a "cryptographic" key held by the subject". Demonstration of this key is sufficient to establish who is (or may act as the) subject. Moreover, since it cannot be proven that a confirmation key is known (or known only) by the subject whose identity it establishes, requiring that the key be held by the subject is an untestable requirement that adds nothing to the strength of the confirmation mechanism. The OASIS Security Services Technical Committee has resolved to remove the phrase "held by the subject" from the definition of KeyInfo of SubjectConfirmation.

- If the receiver determines that the attesting entity has demonstrated knowledge of a subject confirmation key, then the SAML assertions containing the confirmation key
- MAY be attributed to the attesting entity and any elements of the message whose
- integrity is protected by the subject confirmation key MAY be considered to have
- 545 been provided by the subject.

3.4.1.3 Example

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The following example illustrates the use of the holder-of-key subject confirmation method to establish the correspondence between the SOAP message and the subject of the SAML assertions in the <wsse:Security> header:

```
550
           <?xml:version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
551
           <S12:Envelope>
552
             xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
553
             xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
554
             <S12:Header>
555
556
               <wsse:Security>
557
                 <saml:Assertion</pre>
558
                  AssertionID="_a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc"
559
                  IssueInstant="2003-04-17T00:46:02Z"
560
                  Issuer="www.opensaml.org"
561
                  MajorVersion="1"
562
                  MinorVersion="1"
563
                  xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:assertion">
564
                   <saml:Conditions>
565
                    NotBefore="2002-06-19T16:53:33.173Z"
566
                     NotOnOrAfter="2002-06-19T17:08:33.173Z"/>
567
                   <saml:AttributeStatement>
568
                     <saml:Subject>
569
                       <saml:NameIdentifier</pre>
570
                         NameQualifier="www.example.com"
571
                         Format="...">
572
                         uid=joe, ou=people, ou=saml-demo, o=baltimore.com
573
                       </saml:NameIdentifier>
574
                       <saml:SubjectConfirmation>
575
                         <saml:ConfirmationMethod>
576
                           urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:cm:holder-of-key
577
                         </saml:ConfirmationMethod>
578
                         <ds:KeyInfo>
579
                           <ds:KeyValue>...</ds:KeyValue>
580
                         </ds:KeyInfo>
581
                       </saml:SubjectConfirmation>
582
                     </saml:Subject>
583
                     <saml:Attribute
584
                       AttributeName="MemberLevel"
585
                       AttributeNamespace="http://www.oasis.open.
586
                       org/Catalyst2002/attributes">
587
                       <saml:AttributeValue>gold</saml:AttributeValue>
588
                     </saml:Attribute>
589
                     <saml:Attribute</pre>
590
                       AttributeName="E-mail"
591
                       AttributeNamespace="http://www.oasis.open.
592
                         org/Catalyst2002/attributes">
593
                       <saml:AttributeValue>joe@yahoo.com</saml:AttributeValue>
594
                     </saml:Attribute>
595
                   </saml:AttributeStatement>
596
                   <ds:Signature>...</ds:Signature>
```

```
597
                 </saml:Assertion>
598
599
                 <ds:Signature>
600
                   <ds:SignedInfo>
601
                     <ds:CanonicalizationMethod
602
                       Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"/>
603
                     <ds:SignatureMethod
604
                       Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rsa-sha1"/>
605
                     <ds:Reference
606
                       URI="#MsqBody">
607
                       <ds:DigestMethod
608
                         Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1"/>
609
                       <ds:DigestValue>GyGsF0Pi4xPU...</ds:DigestValue>
610
                     </ds:Reference>
611
                   </ds:SignedInfo>
612
                   <ds:SignatureValue>HJJWbvqW9E84vJVQk...</ds:SignatureValue>
613
                   <ds:KeyInfo>
614
                     <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:Id="STR1">
615
                       <wsse:KeyIdentifier wsu:Id="..."</pre>
616
                         ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-saml-
617
           token-profile-1.0#SAMLAssertionID">
618
                         _a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc
619
                       </wsse:KeyIdentifier>
620
                     </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
621
                   </ds:KeyInfo>
622
                 </ds:Signature>
623
               </wsse:Security>
624
             </S12:Header>
625
626
             <S12:Body wsu:Id="MsgBody">
627
              <ReportRequest>
628
                 <TickerSymbol>SUNW</TickerSymbol>
629
               </ReportRequest>
630
             </S12:Body>
631
           </S12:Envelope>
```

3.4.2 Sender-vouches Subject Confirmation Method

The following sections describe the sender-vouches method of establishing the correspondence between a SOAP message and the SAML assertions added to the SOAP message according to the SAML profile of WSS: SOAP Message Security.

3.4.2.1 Attesting Entity

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An attesting entity uses the sender-vouches confirmation method to assert that it is acting on behalf of the subject of SAML subject statements containing a sender-vouches <saml:SubjectConfirmation> element. The subject statements that the attesting entity will confirm by the sender-vouches method MUST include the following <saml:SubjectConfirmation> element:

```
<saml:SubjectConfirmation>
643
644
645
645
646

<saml:ConfirmationMethod>
645
646

<saml:ConfirmationMethod>
646

<
```

To satisfy the associated confirmation method processing of the receiver, the attesting entity MUST protect the vouched for SOAP message content such that the

- receiver can determine when it has been altered by another party. The attesting
- entity MUST also cause the vouched for subject statements (as necessary) and their
- binding to the message contents to be protected such that unauthorized modification
- 652 can be detected. The attesting entity MAY satisfy these requirements by including in
- the corresponding <wsse:Security> header a <ds:Signature> element that it
- prepares by using its key to sign the relevant message content and assertions. As
- defined by the XML Signature specification, the attesting entity MAY identify its key
- by including a <ds:KeyInfo> element within the <ds:Signature> element.
- 657 A <ds:Signature> element produced for this purpose MUST conform to the
- 658 canonicalization and token prepending rules defined in the WSS: SOAP Message
- 659 Security specification.

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3.4.2.2 Receiver

- Of the SAML assertions it selects for processing, a message receiver MUST NOT
- accept assertions containing a sender-vouches <saml:ConfirmationMethod> unless
- the assertions and SOAP message content being vouched for are protected (as
- described above) by an attesting entity who is trusted by the receiver to act on
- behalf of the subject of the assertions.

3.4.2.3 Example

- The following example illustrates an attesting entity's use of the sender-vouches
- subject confirmation method with an associated <ds:Signature> element to
- establish its identity and to assert that it has sent the message body on behalf of the
- subject(s) of the assertion referenced by "STR1".
- The assertion referenced by "STR1" is not included in the message. "STR1" is
- 672 referenced by <ds:reference> from <ds:SignedInfo>. The ds:reference>
- 673 includes the STR-transform to cause the assertion, not the
- 674 <SecurityTokeReference> to be included in the digest calculation. "STR1" includes
- an <AuthorityBinding> element that utilizes the remote assertion referencing
- technique depicted in the example of section 3.3.3.
- The SAML assertion embedded in the header and referenced by "STR2" from <ds:KeyInfo> corresponds to the attesting entity. The private key corresponding to the public confirmation key occurring in the assertion is used to sign together the message body and assertion referenced by "STRI".

```
681
           <?xml:version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
682
           <S12:Envelope>
683
             xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
684
             xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
685
             <S12:Header>
686
               <wsse:Security>
687
688
                 <saml:Assertion</pre>
689
                  AssertionID="_a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc"
690
                  IssueInstant="2003-04-17T00:46:02Z"
691
                  Issuer="www.opensaml.org"
692
                  MajorVersion="1"
693
                  MinorVersion="1"
694
                  xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:assertion">
695
                  <saml:Conditions>
```

```
696
                     NotBefore="2002-06-19T16:53:33.173Z"
697
                     NotOnOrAfter="2002-06-19T17:08:33.173Z"/>
698
                    <saml:AttributeStatement>
699
                     <saml:Subject>
700
                       <saml:NameIdentifier</pre>
701
                         NameQualifier="www.example.com"
702
                         Format="...">
703
                         uid=proxy, ou=system, ou=saml-demo, o=baltimore.com
704
                       </saml:NameIdentifier>
705
                       <saml:SubjectConfirmation>
706
                         <saml:ConfirmationMethod>
707
                            urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:cm:holder-of-key
708
                          </saml:ConfirmationMethod>
709
                          <ds:KeyInfo>
710
                            <ds:KeyValue>...</ds:KeyValue>
711
                          </ds:KeyInfo>
712
                       </saml:SubjectConfirmation>
713
                     </saml:Subject>
714
                     <saml:Attribute</pre>
715
                        . . .
716
                     </saml:Attribute>
717
718
                   </saml:AttributeStatement>
719
                 </saml:Assertion>
720
721
                 <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:Id="STR1">
722
                   <saml:AuthorityBinding>
723
                     saml:Binding="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:bindings:SOAP-
724
           binding"
725
726
                     saml:Location="http://www.opensaml.org/SAML-Authority"
                     saml:AuthorityKind= "samlp:AssertionIdReference"
727
                    </saml:AuthorityBinding>
728
                    <wsse:KeyIdentifier wsu:Id="..."</pre>
729
                     ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-saml-
730
           token-profile-1.0#SAMLAssertionID">
731
                      _a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdbe
732
                    </wsse:KeyIdentifier>
733
                 </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
734
735
                 <ds:Signature>
736
                   <ds:SignedInfo>
737
                     <ds:CanonicalizationMethod
738
                       Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"/>
739
                     <ds:SignatureMethod
740
                       Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rsa-sha1"/>
741
                     <ds:Reference URI="#STR1">
742
                       <Transforms>
743
                          <ds:Transform
744
                            Algorithm="http://docs.oasis-
745
           open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-soap-message-security-1.0#STR-
746
           Transform"/>
747
                            <wsse:TransformationParameters>
748
                              <ds:CanonicalizationMethod
749
                                Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-
750
           c14n#"/>
751
                            </wsse:TransformationParameters>
                          </ds:Transform>
                       </Transforms>
                       <ds:DigestMethod
                          Algorithm= "http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1"/>
                       <ds:DigestValue>...</ds:DigestValue>
```

```
757
                     </ds:Reference>
758
                     <ds:Reference URI="#MsgBody">
759
                       <ds:DigestMethod
760
                         Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1"/>
761
                       <ds:DigestValue>...</ds:DigestValue>
762
                     </ds:Reference>
763
                   </ds:SignedInfo>
764
                   <ds:SignatureValue>HJJWbvqW9E84vJVQk...</ds:SignatureValue>
765
                   <ds:KeyInfo>
766
                     <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:Id="STR2">
767
                       <wsse:KeyIdentifier wsu:Id="..."</pre>
768
                         ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-saml-
769
           token-profile-1.0 #SAMLAssertion-1.1">
                         _a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc
770
771
                       </wsse:KeyIdentifier>
772
                     </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
773
                   </ds:KeyInfo>
774
                 </ds:Signature>
775
               </wsse:Security>
776
             </S12:Header>
777
778
            <S12:Body wsu:Id="MsqBody">
779
              <ReportRequest>
780
                 <TickerSymbol>SUNW</TickerSymbol>
781
               </ReportRequest>
782
             </S12:Body>
783
           </S12:Envelope>
```

3.5 Error Codes

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When a system that implements the SAML token profile of WSS: SOAP Message Security does not perform its normal processing because of an error detected during the processing of a security header, it MAY choose to report the cause of the error using the SOAP fault mechanism. The SAML token profile of WSS: SOAP Message Security does not require that SOAP faults be returned for such errors, and systems that choose to return faults SHOULD take care not to introduce any security vulnerabilities as a result of the information returned in error responses.

Systems that choose to return faults SHOULD respond with the error codes defined in the WSS: SOAP Message Security specification. The RECOMMENDED correspondence between the common assertion processing failures and the error codes defined in WSS: SOAP Message Security are defined in the following table:

Assertion Processing Error (faultString)	RECOMMENDED Error(Faultcode)
A referenced SAML assertion could not be retrieved.	wsse:SecurityTokenUnavailable
An assertion contains a <saml:condition> element that the receiver does not understand.</saml:condition>	wsse:UnsupportedSecurityToken
A signature within an assertion or referencing an assertion is invalid.	wsse:FailedCheck

The issuer of an assertion is not acceptable to the receiver.	wsse:InvalidSecurityToken	
The receiver does not understand the extension schema used in an assertion.	wsse:UnsupportedSecurityToken	

The preceding table defines fault strings and codes in a form suitable to be used with SOAP 1.1. The WSS: SOAP Message Security specification describes how to map SOAP 1.1 fault constructs to the SOAP 1.2 fault constructs.

4 Threat Model and Countermeasures 799 (Non-Normative) 800 801 This document defines the mechanisms and procedures for securely attaching SAML 802 assertions to SOAP messages. SOAP messages are used in multiple contexts, 803 specifically including cases where the message is transported without an active 804 session, the message is persisted, or the message is routed through a number of 805 intermediaries. Such a general context of use suggests that users of this profile must 806 be concerned with a variety of threats. 807 In general, the use of SAML assertions with WSS: SOAP Message Security introduces 808 no new threats beyond those identified for SAML or by the WSS: SOAP Message 809 Security specification. The following sections provide an overview of the 810 characteristics of the threat model, and the countermeasures that SHOULD be 811 adopted for each perceived threat. 4.1 Eavesdropping 812 813 Eavesdropping is a threat to the SAML token profile of WSS: SOAP Message Security 814 in the same manner as it is a threat to any network protocol. The routing of SOAP 815 messages through intermediaries increases the potential incidences of 816 eavesdropping. Additional opportunities for eavesdropping exist when SOAP 817 messages are persisted. 818 To provide maximum protection from eavesdropping, assertions, assertion 819 references, and sensitive message content SHOULD be encrypted such that only the 820 intended audiences can view their content. This approach removes threats of 821 eavesdropping in transit, but MAY not remove risks associated with storage or poor 822 handling by the receiver. 823 Transport-layer security MAY be used to protect the message and contained SAML 824 assertions and/or references from eavesdropping while in transport, but message 825 content MUST be encrypted above the transport if it is to be protected from 826 eavesdropping by intermediaries. 4.2 Replay 827 828 Reliance on authority protected (e.g. signed) assertions with a holder-of-key subject 829 confirmation mechanism precludes all but a holder of the key from binding the 830 assertions to a SOAP message. Although this mechanism effectively restricts data 831 origin to a holder of the confirmation key, it does not, by itself, provide the means to 832 detect the capture and resubmission of the message by other parties.

Assertions that contain a sender-vouches confirmation mechanism introduce another

dimension to replay vulnerability if the assertions impose no restriction on the

entities that may use or reuse the assertions.

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836 Replay attacks can be detected by receivers if message senders include additional 837 message identifying information (e.g. timestamps, nonces, and or recipient 838 identifiers) within origin protected message content and receivers check this 839 information against previously received values. 4.3 Message Insertion 840 841 The SAML token profile of WSS: SOAP Message Security is not vulnerable to 842 message insertion attacks. 4.4 Message Deletion 843 844 The SAML token profile of WSS: SOAP Message Security is not vulnerable to 845 message deletion attacks. 4.5 Message Modification 846 847 Messages constructed according to this specification are protected from message 848 modification if receivers can detect unauthorized modification of relevant message 849 content. Therefore, it is strongly RECOMMENDED that all relevant and immutable 850 message content be signed by an attesting entity. Receivers SHOULD only consider 851 the correspondence between the subject of the SAML assertions and the SOAP 852 message content to have been established for those portions of the message that are 853 protected by the attesting entity against modification by another entity. 854 To ensure that message receivers can have confidence that received assertions have 855 not been forged or altered since their issuance, SAML assertions appearing in or 856 referenced from <wsse:Security> header elements MUST be protected against 857 unauthorized modification (e.g. signed) by their issuing authority or the attesting entity (as the case warrants). It is strongly RECOMMENDED that an attesting entity 858 859 sign any <saml: Assertion> elements that it is attesting for and that are not signed 860 by their issuing authority. 861 Transport-layer security MAY be used to protect the message and contained SAML 862 assertions and/or assertion references from modification while in transport, but 863 signatures are required to extend such protection through intermediaries. 4.6 Man-in-the-Middle 864 865 Assertions with a holder-of-key subject confirmation method are not vulnerable to a 866 MITM attack. Assertions with a sender-vouches subject confirmation method are

vulnerable to MITM attacks to the degree that the receiver does not have a trusted

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binding of key to the attesting entity's identity.

5 References 869 870 [GLOSSARY] Informational RFC 2828, "Internet Security Glossary," May 871 2000. 872 [KEYWORDS] S. Bradner, "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels," RFC 2119, Harvard University, March 1997 873 874 [SAMLBind] Oasis Committee Specification 01, E. Maler, P.Mishra, and R. 875 Philpott (Editors), Bindings and Profiles for the OASIS Security 876 Assertion Markup Language (SAML) V1.1, September 2003. 877 [SAMLCore] Oasis Committee Specification 01, E. Maler, P.Mishra, and R. Philpott (Editors), Assertions and Protocol for the OASIS 878 879 Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) V1.1, September 880 2003. 881 [SOAP] W3C Note, "SOAP: Simple Object Access Protocol 1.1," 08 May 882 2000. 883 W3C Working Draft, Nilo Mitra (Editor), SOAP Version 1.2 Part 884 0: Primer, June 2002. 885 W3C Working Draft, Martin Gudgin, Marc Hadley, Noah 886 Mendelsohn, Jean-Jacques Moreau, Henrik Frystyk Nielsen 887 (Editors), SOAP Version 1.2 Part 1: Messaging Framework, June 888 2002. 889 W3C Working Draft, Martin Gudgin, Marc Hadley, Noah 890 Mendelsohn, Jean-Jacques Moreau, Henrik Frystyk Nielsen 891 (Editors), SOAP Version 1.2 Part 2: Adjuncts, June 2002. 892 [URI] T. Berners-Lee, R. Fielding, L. Masinter, "Uniform Resource 893 Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax," RFC 2396, MIT/LCS, U.C. Irvine, Xerox Corporation, August 1998. 894 895 [WS-SAML] Contribution to the WSS TC, P. Mishra (Editor), WS-Security 896 Profile of the Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) 897 Working Draft 04, Sept 2002. 898 [WSS: SOAP Message Security] Oasis Standard, A. Nadalin, C.Kaler, P. 899 Hallem-Baker, R. Monzillo (Editors), Web Services Security: 900 SOAP Message Security 1.0 (WS-Security 2004), August 2003. 901 [XML-ns] W3C Recommendation, "Namespaces in XML," 14 January 902 1999. 903 [XML Signature] W3C Recommendation, "XML Signature Syntax and 904 Processing," 12 February 2002. Contribution to the WSS TC, Chris Kaler (Editor), 905 [XML Token] 906 WS-Security Profile for XML-based Tokens, August 2002.

Appendix A: Revision History

		_
Rev	Date	What
01	19-Sep-02	Initial draft produced by extracting SAML related content from [XML token]
02	23-Sep-02	Merged in content from SS TC submission
03	18-Nov-02	Resolved issues raised by TC
04	09-Dec-02	Refined confirmation mechanisms, and added signing example
05	15-Dec-02	Results of Baltimore F2F
06	21-Feb-03	Changed name to profile
07	05-May-03	Acknowledged contributors
07	05-May-03	Throughout document, Refined terminology to distinguish attesting entity from subject and sender, and to distinguish assertions from statements within assertions. Also modified sender-vouches to support traced vouching (by allowing for the use of a confirmation key)
08	09-Jun-03	Indicated reliance on conventions of core in "Notational Conventions"
08	09-Jun-03	In "Terminology", added definitions of new terms (attesting entity and confirmation method identifier), edited definition of Subject Confirmation, and replaced definition of sender with subject.
08	09-Jun-03	In "Subject Confirmation of SAML Assertions", added requirement that an attesting entity must protect unsigned sender-vouches confirmed assertions.
08	25-Nov-03	Added SAM v1.1 version distinction to "Abstract"
08	25-Nov-03	Editorial changes to "Introduction"
08	25-Nov-03	Reorganized non-normative text of requirements and goals sections
08	25-Nov-03	Removed Identification, Contact Information, Description, and Updates from "Usage".
08	25-Nov-03	Updated schema URIs and corrected namespace prefixes in "Namespaces"
08	25-Nov-03	Updated SAML document references in "References" to point to v1.1. specs.

Rev	Date	What
08	25-Nov-03	In Error codes, changed error processing such that it is optional and consistent with the recommendations in core.
08	25-Nov-03	Qualified "Threat Model and Counter-measures" as non-normative.
08	30-Nov-03	In "Identifying and Referencing Security Tokens", removed keyname references and added embedded references. Also removed editorial comment regarding using artifacts to reference assertions.
08	30-Nov-03	Made editorial changes to "Processing Model", including clarification (by footnote) of "semantic labeling"
08	30-Nov-03	Removed "Acknowledgments" as it duplicated preceding sections of the document
08	12-15-03	Added high level goals and non-goals
08	12-15-03	Added support for the use of (fragment) URI references to section 3.3
08	12-15-03	Specified default encoding type for SAML and fragment UR references to be xsi:string
08	12-15-03	Added two more contexts in which SAML assertions may be referenced; from within SubjectConfirmation elements and as encrypted data.
08	12-15-03	Made it a requirement of conformant implementations that they support the various methods of referencing SAML assertions
08	12-15-03	Added new sections to describe SAML assertion referenced from SubjectConfirmation and SAML assertion referenced from Encrypted Data reference.
09	01-27-04	Changed document identifier and location
09	01-27-04	Modified namespace table of section 2.2 to differentiate SOAP 1.1 and SOAP 1.2
10	02-05-04	Changed all instances of wsu:id to wsu:Id
10	02-05-04	In section 3.4.2.1 beginning around line 705, removed the distinction of the "typical case where the assertion authority has NOT securely bound a key" because we no longer expect sender-vouches to use a confirmation key.
10	3-29-04	Corrected STR transform URL to match change

Rev	Date	What
		in core.
10	3-29-04	Removed from section 3.3.2 mention of use of KeyInfo with sender-vouches confirmation method.
10	3-29-04	Modified footnote in section 3.2 regarding usage attribute to reflect change from QNAMES to URIs.
10	3-29-04	Corrected signature algorithm in examples.
10	3-29-04	Corrected transforms syntax of example in section 3.3.3.
10	3-29-04	In section 3.3.3 recommended that STR dereference transform not be applied to embedded token references.
10	3-29-04	Removed requirement (from section 4.5 of Security Considerations) that assertion references be protected from unauthorized modification.
10	4-02-04	Removed namespace qualification from ValueType, URI, EncodingType, and Usage Attributes (mostly in examples). Also removed angle brackets.
10	4-05-04	Reworded initial paragraph of section 2.2 Namespaces such that it is not normative, and affords more flexibility in the form of the examples.
10	4-05-04	Removed namespace declarations from examples.
10	4-05-04	Corrected misspelling of "Authorty" in examples.
10	4-05-04	Modified processing rule for sender-vouches in Table of section 3.4 (to allow sender to vouch for itself).
10	4-05-04	Editing changes to the error codes section. In particular, replaced the word "generated" with "returned", and rewrote the description of the mapping to 1.2 constructs.
10	4-05-04	Removed unused SAMLreqs and SAMLSecure from the references section.
10	4-06-04	Added footnote to explain optional support for SAML V1.0 assertions.
10	4-06-04	Removed section 3.3.4 "SAML Assertion referenced from SubjectConfirmation", as

Rev	Date	What
		SAML is evolving in a manner that will make it unlikely that authorities will need to produce such assertions. Moved the description of SAML Assertions references occurring within KeyInfo of SubjectConfirmation to section 3.3.2 "SAML assertion referenced from KeyInfo"
10	4-06-04	From Section 3.3 "Identifying and referencing Security Tokens", removed referencing a SAML assertion from KeyInfo of SubjectConfirmation from the five contexts in which SAML assertions may be referenced.
10	4-06-04	Moved description of SAML Assertion references occurring within KeyInfo of SubjectConfirmation to section 3.3.2.
10	4-06-04	Added footnote to description of holder-of-key semantics in section 3.4.1.1 to describe interpretation of "held by the subject" phrase appearing in definition in [SAMLCore].
10	4-06-04	Updated contributors list
11	5-21-04	Moved "http://documents.php" URL from "Location" to "Document Repository (temporary):" which will be removed when document is available from "Location".
11	5-21-04	In section "1.1.1 Non-Goals", added new bullet to indicate that describing support for V1.0 assertions is outside the scope of the profile.
11	5-21-04	Changed SAMLAssertion-1.0 wsse:Reference/@ValueType to SAMLAssertion-1.1 in examples (lines 366, 611, and 752)
11	5-21-04	Updated document, specification, and schema URL's to accommodate change to OASIS document URLs (i.e. www.docs.oasis-open.org changed to docs.oasis-open.org)
11	5-21-04	Removed SAMLAssertion-1.0 wsse:Reference/@ValueType from "Table-2 ValueType Attribute Values." Also removed footnote on table title.
11	5-21-04	Editorial correction made to the attributes of the NameIdentifier element in the examples (see lines 564 and 684).
11	5-21-04	In section 3.4, "Subject Confirmation of SAML Assertions" (line 485), changed the reference to be to [SAMLCore] for the definition of the validation and processing rules that apply to

Rev	Date	What
		SAML assertions. Also (as the resolution to issue 275), extended the stated reliance (on [SAMLCore]) with "including the validation of assertion signatures, and the processing of <saml:condition> elements within Assertions"</saml:condition>
12	6-25-04	In section 3.4.2.3, clarified the description of the sender-vouches example.
13	6-30-04	Modified section 3.3 to describe the use of KeyIdentifiers as apposed to Direct references to reference SAML assertions.
13	6-30-04	In section 3.3 and 3.3.4 clarified the use of STRs from <xenc:datareference></xenc:datareference>
13	6-304	Removed wsse:Reference/@ValueType from Table 2 of section 3.3, as the change to KeyIdentifiers rendered the ValueType unnecessary.
13	6-30-04	Changed the examples in sections 3.3.1, 3.3.2, 3.3.4, 3.4.1.3, and 3.4.2.3 to reflect the change from Direct references to KeyIdentifiers.
14	7-12-04	Corrected KeyIdentifier syntax of examples at lines 338, 376, 627, and 780.
15	7-19-04	Added clarification to sections 3.3.1, 3.3.2, and 3.3.4 to address issue 295b; that the profile include provision for the use of "Bearer" confirmed assertions.
CD 02	9-08-04	Renamed as committee draft, added reference to errata, updated contributor lists, modified status to CD, and added footnote to description of KeyIdentifier to direct reader to clarification in errata.
CD 03	9-21-04	Removed version qualification (i.e. "Version 2 of ") from the reference to the Errata occurring in the footnote (of section 3.3).
CD 04	10-21-04	Updated OASIS logo (bitmap). Changed Appendix B Copyright to 2004.
OASIS Standard	12-01-04	Updated document title, identifier, location, and status to reflect new status.

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