



# Transport Protocol Bindings for OASIS Energy Interoperation 1.0 Version 1.0

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- *OASIS ebXML Messaging Services Version 3.0: Part 1, Core Features*. Latest version.  
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- *AS4 Profile of ebMS 3.0 Version 1.0*. Latest version.  
<http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/profiles/AS4-profile/v1.0/AS4-profile-v1.0.html>

#### Abstract:

The OASIS Energy Interoperation (EI) Version 1.0 technical specification defines EI services and operations, XML, service and operation payloads and service operation interaction patterns. EI payloads can be exchanged using WSDL-based SOAP messages or using other transport protocols. For interoperability, any use of other networking technologies should be profiled and standardized. This version of this specification specifies standardized exchange of EI messages using the AS4 profile of the OASIS ebMS 3.0 OASIS Standard.

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# 1 Introduction

The OASIS Energy Interoperation (EI) Version 1.0 technical specification [EnergyInterop] defines EI Services and Operations, XML, Service and Operation payloads and Service operation interaction patterns. Energy Interoperation payloads can be exchanged using WSDL-based SOAP messages. For interoperability, any use of networking technologies should be profiled and standardized. This specification specifies and intends to increase interoperability of non-WSDL transport bindings for EI.

This version of this specification contains transport protocol bindings for Energy Interoperation messages based on the AS4 profile [AS4-Profile] of the ebMS 3.0 OASIS Standard [ebMS3CORE], defined in chapter 2 of this document. Future versions of this specification MAY define Energy Interoperation profiles for message transport protocols other than ebMS as separate chapters and related conformance clauses.

## 1.1 Terminology

The key words “MUST”, “MUST NOT”, “REQUIRED”, “SHALL”, “SHALL NOT”, “SHOULD”, “SHOULD NOT”, “RECOMMENDED”, “MAY”, and “OPTIONAL” in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

## 1.2 Normative References

- [AS4-Profile]** *AS4 Profile of ebMS 3.0 Version 1.0*. <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/profiles/AS4-profile/v1.0/AS4-profile-v1.0.odt>
- [ebMS3CORE]** *OASIS ebXML Messaging Services Version 3.0: Part 1, Core Features*, 1 October 2007, OASIS Standard. [http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/core/ebms\\_core-3.0-spec.pdf](http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/core/ebms_core-3.0-spec.pdf)
- [EnergyInterop]** *Energy Interoperation Version 1.0*. Latest version. <http://docs.oasis-open.org/energyinterop/ei/v1.0/energyinterop-v1.0.html>
- [RFC2119]** S. Bradner, *Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels*, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>, IETF RFC 2119, March 1997.
- [SOAP12]** *SOAP Version 1.2 Part 1: Messaging Framework*. W3C Recommendation. 27 April 2007. <http://www.w3.org/TR/soap12-part1/>
- [SOAPATTACH]** *SOAP Messages with Attachments*, W3C Note. 11 December 2000. <http://www.w3.org/TR/SOAP-attachments>
- [WSS11]** *Web Services Security: SOAP Message Security 1.1*. OASIS Standard incorporating Approved Errata. 1 November 2006, <http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/v1.1/wss-v1.1-spec-errata-os-SOAPMessageSecurity.pdf>

## 1.3 Non-Normative References

- [ebBP]** ebXML Business Process Specification Schema Technical Specification v2.0.4. OASIS Standard, December 2006. <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-bp/2.0.4/OS/spec/ebxmlbp-v2.0.4-Spec-os-en.pdf>
- [ebCorePartyId]** *OASIS ebCore Party Id Type Technical Specification Version 1.0*. OASIS Committee Specification, 28 September 2010. <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebcore/PartyIdType/v1.0/PartyIdType-1.0.odt>
- [GLN]** GS1 Global Location Number (GLN). <http://www.gs1.org/barcodes/technical/idkeys/gln>
- [GS1-AS4]** *AS4: Web Services for B2B*. GS1 eTG White Paper. Issue 1, Approved, July 2011. [http://www.gs1.org/docs/ecom/AS4\\_-\\_A\\_new\\_tools\\_for\\_the\\_B2B\\_toolbox.pdf](http://www.gs1.org/docs/ecom/AS4_-_A_new_tools_for_the_B2B_toolbox.pdf)

**[RFC4130]**

*MIME-Based Secure Peer-to-Peer Business Data Interchange Using HTTP, Applicability Statement 2 (AS2)*. IETF RFC, July 2005.  
<http://tools.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4130.txt>

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## 18 2 ebMS 3.0 Transport Protocol Bindings

### 19 2.1 Introduction

20 The OASIS Energy Interoperation (EI) Version 1.0 technical specification [EnergyInterop] defines EI  
21 services and operations, XML, service and operation payloads and service operation interaction patterns.  
22 EI payloads can be exchanged using WSDL-based SOAP messages, but can be exchanged using other  
23 message transport protocols. This chapter defines transport protocol bindings for ebXML Messaging  
24 Version 3.0, a Web Services standard for B2B [ebMS3CORE].

#### 25 2.1.1 ebMS 3.0 and AS4

26 Web Services technology is horizontal technology and is intended to support a broad range of  
27 applications. The OASIS ebXML Messaging Services Version 3.0: Part 1, Core Specification OASIS  
28 Standard [ebMS3CORE] is a more specialized protocol that uses Web Services for B2B document  
29 exchange. It composes many Web Services standards into a single comprehensive specification for the  
30 secure and reliable exchange of documents using Web Services. It also defines additional features not  
31 present in Web Services standards that are relevant for B2B exchanges.

32 The AS4 profile [AS4-Profile] was designed to be a light-weight profile of ebMS 3.0 that simplifies and  
33 increases interoperability of ebMS 3.0 by reducing the numerous options and comprehensive alternatives  
34 offered in the ebMS 3.0 Core Specification. It is not just a conformance profile for ebMS 3.0 but defines  
35 additional features not present in ebMS 3.0 or other Web Services standards to address EDIINT  
36 requirements. These requirements are addressed in message transport protocols such as AS2  
37 [RFC4130], which are widely used in the energy industry. AS4 is discussed in the context of EDIINT and  
38 compared to AS2 in [GS1-AS4].

#### 39 2.1.2 Rationale of EI Transport Bindings for ebMS 3.0

40 For Energy Interoperation, transport bindings to ebMS 3.0 and AS4 have the following benefits:

- 41 ● Energy Interoperation is about B2B data exchange. The ebMS 3.0 OASIS Standard and AS4 pro-  
42 file standardize B2B data exchange for Web Services, leveraging Web Services standards like  
43 SOAP 1.2 [SOAP12], SOAP with attachments [SOAPATTACH] and Web Services Security 1.1  
44 [WSS11] to support B2B exchange.
- 45 ● Message headers are declared out of scope for EI ([EnergyInterop], section 6.5) but are useful to  
46 support operational exchange of EI payloads. Standardized support for message header ele-  
47 ments is provided by ebMS 3.0 for common headers that provide identification of message  
48 sender and recipient parties, expressing party roles in the exchange, express the purpose of the  
49 message (as an action invoked on a service), identify the message and related messages, ex-  
50 press the applicable business agreement, any message properties and associate message pay-  
51 loads. The ebMS 3.0 `eb3:Messaging` SOAP header extension is an evolution of a similar struc-  
52 ture in the ebMS 2.0 standard, which has been used for B2B data exchange in various sectors,  
53 including energy trade.
- 54 ● Support is provided for EDIINT requirements (as supported in AS2, [RFC4130]) including func-  
55 tionality not commonly supported in Web Services such as Non-Repudiation of Receipt (NRR).
- 56 ● Support is provided for functionality not available in either Web Services or AS2, in particular  
57 “client only” endpoints that only need occasional network connectivity.
- 58 ● Support for “light-weight” reliable messaging.
- 59 ● Payload compression allows EI ebMS 3.0 messages to be small in size and therefore is more  
60 suited to low-bandwidth networks.

## 61 **2.2 EI Transport Bindings for ebXML Messaging 3.0**

62 The specification of the EI Transport Bindings for ebXML Messaging 3.0 covers the following aspects:

- 63 ● A mapping of the EI Service Model to ebMS 3.0 processing modes. These processing modes  
64 constrain the content of the `eb3:Messaging/eb3:UserMessage` structure in EI ebMS 3.0  
65 SOAP message headers.
- 66 ● A specification of this binding as a variant of the AS4 profile [AS4-Profile].
- 67 ● Definition of two conformance profiles, representative for two anticipated application scenarios.

### 68 **2.2.1 Relation of EI Transport to the AS4 Profile**

69 This transport binding is aligned as closely as possible to the AS4 profile [AS4-Profile], as this profile  
70 defines a subset that implementations of ebMS 3.0 are most likely to implement. This allows this EI  
71 transport binding to be defined succinctly as a reference to AS4 and a listing of extensions and  
72 restrictions to AS4.

#### 73 **2.2.1.1 EI Extensions to AS4 Profile**

74 The AS4 profile is a profile for EDI document exchange. AS4 requires support for the One Way Message  
75 Exchange Pattern (MEP), in both push and pull MEP bindings. It allows implementation to also support  
76 Two Way message exchanges.

77 Energy Operation is based on service-orientation concepts and includes request/response interactions.  
78 The ebMS 3.0 Two Way MEP is well suited to service-oriented exchanges. Support for the Two Way MEP  
79 is REQUIRED in this EI ebMS 3.0 transport binding, using the following MEP Bindings:

- 80 ● Push-and-Push.
- 81 ● Push-and-Pull.
- 82 ● Pull-and-Push.
- 83 ● Push-and-Pull.

84 Support for Two Way MEPs implies that response messages based on these EI Transport Bindings  
85 include the `eb3:RefToMessageId` element, the value of which identifies the preceding message to  
86 which the message is a response.

87 Note that all four MEP Bindings are asynchronous bindings: the business request and response  
88 messages are exchanged using separate HTTP connections.

#### 89 **2.2.1.2 EI Restrictions on AS4 Profile**

90 The AS4 profile allows arbitrary values for many SOAP header extension elements. This profile limits the  
91 values of several of these elements as specified in section 2.2.2 .

## 92 **2.2.2 Mapping of EI Service Model**

93 The Energy Interoperation specification [EnergyInterop] defines a number of energy interoperation  
94 services and associated payload schemes. To exchange messages containing payloads conforming to  
95 these payload schemes, this specification constrains aspects of the processing modes.

### 96 **2.2.2.1 Exchange Patterns**

97 Both EI and ebMS 3.0 have a concept of message exchange patterns and distinguish between message  
98 that are logically exchanged as message pairs or as individual messages. The following table maps EI  
99 patterns to ebMS 3.0 MEPs.



<b>EbMS 3.0 MEP</b>	<b>EI Patterns</b>
One Way Message Exchange Pattern	Distribute
Two Way Message Exchange Pattern	Create – Created Cancel – Canceled Request – Reply

### 100 2.2.2.2 Push and Pull

101 Both EI and ebMS 3.0 distinguish between “push” and “pull”. However, whereas the EI concept is a  
102 business level concept, the ebMS 3.0 concept of pulling is at the message level and provides a binding to  
103 a message exchange pattern. Subject to processing mode configuration, pull mode allows a message to  
104 be sent, not by initiating an HTTP connection to the receiver MSH, but using the HTTP back-channel of a  
105 connection initiated in response to a secure `eb3:PullRequest` signal message. The ebMS 3.0  
106 distinction of push and pull MEP bindings is orthogonal to the EI concept of push and pull exchanges.

### 107 2.2.2.3 UserMessage Header

108 The ebMS 3.0 `eb3:Messaging` SOAP header extension contains metadata that allows an MSH to route  
109 ebMS 3.0 messages using only information contained in the SOAP header. This EI transport binding  
110 defines the following REQUIRED mapping of the model of EI service metadata defined in chapter 6 of  
111 [EnergyInterop] to the values of some of these headers.

<b>EI</b>	<b>EbMS 3.0</b>
Service	<code>/eb3:Messaging/eb3:UserMessage/eb3:CollaborationInfo/eb3:Service</code>
Operation	<code>/eb3:Messaging/eb3:UserMessage/eb3:CollaborationInfo/eb3:Action</code>
Response	<code>/eb3:Messaging/eb3:UserMessage/eb3:CollaborationInfo/eb3:Action</code>
Service Consumer Role (Request Message)	<code>/eb3:Messaging/eb3:UserMessage/eb3:PartyInfo/eb3:From/eb3:Role</code>
Service Consumer Role (Response Message)	<code>/eb3:Messaging/eb3:UserMessage/eb3:PartyInfo/eb3:To/eb3:Role</code>
Service Provider Role (Request Message)	<code>/eb3:Messaging/eb3:UserMessage/eb3:PartyInfo/eb3:To/eb3:Role</code>
Service Provider Role (Response Message)	<code>/eb3:Messaging/eb3:UserMessage/eb3:PartyInfo/eb3:From/eb3:Role</code>

112 The `eb3:Messaging` structure is present in both initiating and responding messages. In the initiating  
113 message, the `eb3:Action` MUST be the value of the EI Operation in the initiating message and in the  
114 responding message it MUST be set to the value of the EI Response.

115 For the value of Service Consumer Role and Service Provider roles, the values defined in [EnergyInterop]  
116 MUST be used.

- 117 ● If the qualified roles defined in the service interaction diagrams are more specific than the values  
118 in the service definition tables, the more specific values from the diagrams MUST be used. All  
119 values MUST be normalized to UpperCamelCase. For example, the value to use for the Service  
120 Provider Role in the `EiRegisterParty` service is `RegistrarParty`.
- 121 ● In the `EiDelivery` service, the Service Provider Role MUST be identified as `CounterParty`.  
122 This ensures roles are party roles are distinct in any exchange.

123

124 Note that the mapping of the values of Service Consumer Role and Service Provider Role to the  
125 `eb3:From` and `eb3:To` message header elements is reversed for the response leg of a Two Way mes-  
126 sage exchange.

127 In ebMS 3.0 these extension header element values are configured by message processing modes,  
128 which provide configuration information to the MSH. This transport binding therefore also constrains the  
129 allowed values of processing mode parameters.  
130

---

## 131 **3 Conformance**

132 This version of this specification provides conformance profiles for the EI ebMS 3.0 transport binding  
133 defined in chapter 2 .

### 134 **3.1 EI Conformance Profiles for ebMS 3 Transport Protocol Binding**

135 An implementation is not conformant with the EI ebMS 3.0 Transport Protocol Binding if it fails to satisfy  
136 one or more of the MUST or REQUIRED level requirements defined in chapter 2 .

137 An implementation of the EI ebMS 3.0 Transport Protocol Binding MUST conform to “General  
138 Conformance Requirements” (section 15.1.1 in [EnergyInterop]) and to one of the following:

- 139 ● Full Conformance with Alternate Interoperation to Energy Interoperation (15.1.4).
- 140 ● Conformance with Alternate Interoperation to Energy Interoperation (15.1.5).
- 141 ● Full Conformance or Conformance with Alternate Interoperation to a Named Profile (15.1.6.3).

142 In addition to this, it MUST conform to either

- 143 ● EI ebMS 3.0 ebHandler Conformance (defined in section 3.1.1 below)
- 144 ● EI ebMS 3.0 Light Client Conformance (defined in section 3.1.2 below)
- 145 ● EI ebMS 3.0 Minimal Client Conformance (defined in section 3.1.3 below).

#### 146 **3.1.1 EI ebMS 3.0 ebHandler Conformance**

147 An implementation conforms with the EI ebMS 3.0 Transport Protocol Binding ebHandler Conformance  
148 Clause if it conforms to the AS4 ebHandler Conformance Clause defined in section 6.1 of [AS4-Profile],  
149 extended as per 2.2.1.1 and restricted as per 2.2.1.2 .

#### 150 **3.1.2 EI ebMS 3.0 Light Client Conformance**

151 An implementation conforms with the EI ebMS 3.0 Transport Protocol Binding Light Client Conformance  
152 Clause if it conforms to the AS4 Light Client Conformance Clause defined in section 6.2 of [AS4-Profile],  
153 extended as per 2.2.1.1 and restricted as per 2.2.1.2 .

#### 154 **3.1.3 EI ebMS 3.0 Minimal Client Conformance**

155 An implementation conforms with the EI ebMS 3.0 Transport Protocol Binding Minimal Client  
156 Conformance Clause if it conforms to the AS4 Minimal Client Conformance Clause defined in section 6.3  
157 of [AS4-Profile], extended as per 2.2.1.1 and restricted as per 2.2.1.2 .

---

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- 168 • Cox, William, Individual
- 169 • Davis, Mr. Phil, Schneider Electric Industries SAS
- 170 • Dinges, Ms. Sharon, Trane
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## 202 Appendix B Sample EI ebMS 3.0 Message

### 203 Appendix B.1 EI Message with Uncompressed Payload

204 The following non-normative example contains a simplified example of the SOAP 1.2 envelope of an  
205 ebMS 3.0 message that conforms to the EI ebMS 3.0 transport protocol binding.

206 This example identifies Sender and Receiver using GS1 Global Location Numbers [GLN] encoded using  
207 the OASIS ebCore Party Id Type [ebCorePartyId] notation.

```
208
209 <S12:Envelope xmlns:S12="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
210   xmlns:wss="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-
211   1.0.xsd"
212   xmlns:eb3="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/"
213   xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-
214   1.0.xsd" >
215   <S12:Header>
216     <wss:Security S12:mustUnderstand="true">
217       <!-- content of the WS-Security header omitted -->
218     </wss:Security>
219     <eb3:Messaging S12:mustUnderstand="true"
220       id=" _5cb44655-5720-4cf4-a772-19cd480b0ad4" >
221       <eb3:UserMessage >
222         <eb3:MessageInfo>
223           <eb3:Timestamp>2011-11-12T10:49:28.886Z</eb3:Timestamp>
224           <eb3:MessageId>872129933@gln123456789.example.com</eb3:MessageId>
225         </eb3:MessageInfo>
226         <eb3:PartyInfo>
227           <eb3:From>
228             <eb3:PartyId type="urn:oasis:names:tc:ebcore:partyid-type:iso6523:0088"
229               >123456789</eb3:PartyId>
230             <eb3:Role>Party</eb3:Role>
231           </eb3:From>
232           <eb3:To>
233             <eb3:PartyId type="urn:oasis:names:tc:ebcore:partyid-type:iso6523:0088"
234               >192837465</eb3:PartyId>
235             <eb3:Role>CounterParty</eb3:Role>
236           </eb3:To>
237         </eb3:PartyInfo>
238         <eb3:CollaborationInfo>
239           <eb3:Service>EiQuote</eb3:Service>
240           <eb3:Action>EiCreateQuote</eb3:Action>
241           <eb3:ConversationId>ecae53d4-7473-45a6-ad70-61970dd7c4b0</eb3:ConversationId>
242         </eb3:CollaborationInfo>
243         <eb3:PayloadInfo>
244           <eb3:PartInfo href="#_f8aa8b55-b31c-4364-94d0-3615ca65aa40" />
245         </eb3:PayloadInfo>
246       </eb3:UserMessage>
247     </eb3:Messaging>
248   </S12:Header>
249   <S12:Body wsu:Id=" _f8aa8b55-b31c-4364-94d0-3615ca65aa40">
250     <ei:pyld:eiCreateQuote
251       xmlns:ei:pyld="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/energyinterop/201110/payloads"
252       xmlns:ei="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/energyinterop/201110"
253       xmlns:emix="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/emix/2011/06"
254       xmlns:ical="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:icalendar-2.0"
255       >
256       <requestID>8b0c951e-fca5-41dc-97f2-83a4767895a1</requestID>
257       <ei:publisherPartyID>...</ei:publisherPartyID>
258       <ei:subscriberPartyID></ei:subscriberPartyID>
259       <ei:eiQuote>
260         <ei:quoteID></ei:quoteID>
261       <!-- additional content omitted -->
262     </ei:eiQuote>
263   </ei:pyld:eiCreateQuote>
264 </S12:Body>
265 </S12:Envelope>
```

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266 **Appendix C Revision History**

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<b>Revision</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Editor</b>	<b>Changes Made</b>
WD 01	11/07/11	Pim van der Eijk	First draft for discussion
WD 02	04/02/12	Pim van der Eijk	Minor updates for newer versions of energy interop specification and of AS4 profile
WD 03	04/11/12	Pim van der Eijk	Removed placeholder appendix A Fixed a few typos
WD 04	04/27/12	Pim van der Eijk	Now using AS2 instead of the underlying IETF EDIINT requirements document. Added an Acknowledgments section. Changed AS4 reference to the (authoritative) ODT format.

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