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CellDesigner Extension Tag Specification Document

Fourth Edition

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<code>ListOfBindingRegionsType</code> and <code>bindingRegionType</code> were added as <code>BindingRegions</code> of proteins.	8.8.1.1, 8.8.1.2
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A spelling error in the phrase <code>listOfBindingRegions</code> was corrected.	8.8.1
The attributes of <code>listOfBindingRegionsType/bindingRegion</code> were rewritten.	8.8.1.2
<code>Celldesigner:proteinType/listOfStructuralStates</code> was deleted.	
The diagram of <code>celldesigner:speciesIdentityType/state</code> was revised. <code>ListOfStructuralStates</code> was added to child elements.	10.3.6.
Element <code>celldesigner: structuralState</code> was added.	10.3.6.3.1.
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ComplexType <code>celldesigner:lineType2</code> was added.	11.1.4
Two types, TRANSCRIPTION and TRANSLATION were added to <code>celldesigner:reactionType</code> .	11.2
Examples were revised.	11.5.1. Element <code>celldesigner:listOfReactantLinksType/reactantLink</code> 11.6.1. Element <code>celldesigner:listOfProductLinksType/productLink</code>
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BOOLEAN_LOGIC_GATE_NOT and TRIGGER were added to the type of <code>celldesigner:listOfModificationType/modification</code> .	11.10.1

Fourth Edition

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Extension was added to the parent elements.	8. Model annotation, 9. Compartment annotation, 10. Species annotation, 11. reaction annotation
InfoType was added.	7.2.12 ComplexType celldesigner:infoType
Info was added to the child elements of compartmentAlias.	8.4.1. Element celldesigner:listOfCompartmentAliasesType/compartmentAlias
Info was added to the child elements of complexSpeciesAlias.	8.5.1. Element celldesigner:listOfComplexSpeciesAliasesType/complexSpeciesAlias
Info was added to the child elements of speciesAlias.	8.6.1. Element celldesigner:listOfSpeciesAliasesType/speciesAlias

Contents

CellDesigner Extension Tag Specification Document	1
1. Introduction	1
2. Graphical Model.....	2
2.1. Alias.....	2
2.2. Complex	3
2.3. Biomolecule.....	4
2.4. Reaction	5
2.5. Block Diagram.....	7
3. Namespace and Schema	8
4. Description Rules	9
5. Notational System	10
5.1. Notational Format.....	10
5.2. Structural Display Diagram.....	10
5.2.1. Element Declaration	10
5.2.2. Complex Type Definition.....	10
5.2.3. Compositor	10
5.2.3.1. Sequence.....	10
5.2.3.2. Choice.....	10
5.2.4. Elements Including Characters.....	10
5.2.5. Optional Element.....	11
5.2.6. Reference.....	11
5.2.7. Multiple Elements	11
5.2.8. Existence of Lower Structure	11
5.2.9. Display of Attributes	11
6. General Composition.....	12
7. Common Elements	14
7.1. Simple Type Definition	14
7.1.1. SimpleType celldesigner:Sid.....	14
7.1.2. SimpleType celldesigner:SidSet.....	15
7.1.3. SimpleType celldesigner:point2D	15
7.1.4. SimpleType celldesigner:point2Dlist	15
7.2. Complex Type Definition.....	15
7.2.1. ComplexType celldesigner:boundsType	15
7.2.2. ComplexType celldesigner:pointType	16
7.2.3. ComplexType celldesigner:innerPositionType	16
7.2.4. ComplexType celldesigner:boxSizeType.....	17
7.2.5. ComplexType celldesigner:singleLineType.....	17
7.2.6. ComplexType celldesigner:doubleLineType.....	17
7.2.7. ComplexType celldesigner:paintType.....	18
7.2.8. ComplexType celldesigner:viewType.....	18
7.2.9. ComplexType celldesigner:usualViewType.....	19
7.2.10. ComplexType celldesigner:briefViewType.....	19
7.2.11. ComplexType celldesigner:notesType	20
7.2.12. ComplexType celldesigner:infoType	20

7.3. Element Declaration	21
7.3.1. Element celldesigner:class.....	21
7.3.2. Element celldesigner:name.....	21
7.3.3. Element celldesigner:activity	22
8. Extension of Model.Annotation	23
8.1. Element modelVersion	23
8.2. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/modelDisplay	24
8.3. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfIncludedSpecies	24
8.3.1. Element celldesigner:listOfIncludedSpeciesType/species	25
8.3.1.1. Element celldesigner:speciesType/annotation.....	26
8.4. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfCompartmentAliases	27
8.4.1. Element celldesigner:listOfCompartmentAliasesType/compartmentAlias	27
8.4.2. Element compartmentAliasType/namePoint	28
8.5. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfComplexSpeciesAliases.....	28
8.5.1. Element celldesigner:listOfComplexSpeciesAliasesType/complexSpeciesAlias	28
8.5.1.1. Element celldesigner: structuralStateAngle.....	33
8.5.1.2. Element celldesigner: listOfSpeciesTag	33
8.5.1.2.1. Element celldesigner: SpeciesTag	34
8.5.1.2.2. Element celldesigner: KeyInfo	34
8.5.1.2.3. Element celldesigner: TagBounds	34
8.5.1.2.4. Element celldesigner: TagEdgeLine.....	35
8.5.1.2.5. Element celldesigner: TagFramePaint	35
8.6. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfSpeciesAliases	35
8.6.1. Element celldesigner:listOfSpeciesAliasesType/speciesAlias	35
8.7. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfGroups	37
8.7.1. Element celldesigner:listOfGroupsType/group	37
8.8. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfProteins	38
8.8.1. Element celldesigner:listOfProteinsType/protein.....	38
8.8.1.1. Element celldesigner:proteinType/listOfBindingRegions	39
8.8.1.2. Element celldesigner:listOfBindingRegionsType/bindingRegion	39
8.8.1.3. Element celldesigner:proteinType/listOfModificationResidues.....	39
8.8.1.3.1. Element celldesigner:listOfModificationResiduesType/modificationResidue.....	40
8.9. Common Elements for Genes, RNAs, and Antisense RNAs	40
8.9.1. ComplexType celldesigner:listOfRegionsType.....	40
8.9.1.1. Element celldesigner:listOfRegionsType/region.....	41
8.10. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfGenes	42
8.10.1. Element celldesigner:listOfGenesType/gene.....	42
8.11. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfRNAs	43
8.11.1. Element celldesigner:listOfRNAsType/RNA.....	43
8.12. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfAntisenseRNAs	44
8.12.1. Element celldesigner:listOfAntisenseRNAsType/AntisenseRNA	44
8.13. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfLayers.....	46
8.13.1. Element listOfLayersType/layer.....	46
8.13.2. Element layerType/listOfTexts.....	46
8.13.3. Element listOfTextsType/layerSpeciesAlias	47
8.13.4. Element layerType/listOfSquares.....	47
8.13.5. Element listOfSquaresType/layerCompartmentAlias	48
8.13.6. Element layerType/listOfFreeLines	48

8.13.7. Element listOfFreeLinesType/layerFreeLine	48
8.14. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfBlockDiagrams	49
8.14.1. Element celldesigner:listOfBlockDiagramsType/blockDiagram	49
8.14.1.1. Element celldesigner:blockDiagramType/canvas.....	50
8.14.1.2. Element celldesigner:blockDiagramType/block	51
8.14.1.3. Element celldesigner:blockDiagramType/halo	52
8.14.1.4. Element celldesigner:blockDiagramType/listOfResiduesInBlockDiagram	52
8.14.1.4.1. Element celldesigner:listOfResiduesInBlockDiagramType/residueInBlockDiagram...	53
8.14.1.5. Element celldesigner:blockDiagramType/listOfExternalNamesForResidue	54
8.14.1.5.1. Element celldesigner:listOfExternalNamesForResidueType/externalNameForResidue	54
8.14.1.5.1.1. Element celldesigner:externalNameForResidueType/listOfExternalConnectionsInBlockDiagram	55
8.14.1.6. Element celldesigner:blockDiagramType/listOfBindingSitesInBlockDiagram	56
8.14.1.6.1. Element celldesigner:listOfBindingSitesInBlockDiagramType/bindingSiteInBlockDiagram.....	57
8.14.1.7. Element celldesigner:blockDiagramType/listOfEffectSitesInBlockDiagram	58
8.14.1.7.1. Element celldesigner:listOfEffectSitesInBlockDiagramType/effectSiteInBlockDiagram	58
8.14.1.7.1.1. Element celldesigner:effectSiteInBlockDiagramType/effectInBlockDiagram	60
8.14.1.8. Element celldesigner:blockDiagramType/degradedInBlockDiagram	61
8.14.1.8.1. Element celldesigner:degradedInBlockDiagramType/degradedShapeInBlockDiagram	62
8.14.1.9. Element celldesigner:blockDiagramType/listOfInternalOperatorsInBlockDiagram	63
8.14.1.9.1. Element celldesigner:listOfInternalOperatorsInBlockDiagramType/internalOperatorInBlockDiagram	63
8.14.1.9.1.1. Element celldesigner:internalOperatorInBlockDiagramType/internalOperatorValueInBlockDiagram.....	64
8.14.1.10. Element celldesigner:blockDiagramType/listOfInternalLinksInBlockDiagram	65
8.14.1.10.1. Element celldesigner:listOfInternalLinksInBlockDiagramType/internalLinkInBlockDiagram.....	65
8.14.1.10.1.1. Element celldesigner:internalLinkInBlockDiagramType/startingPointInBlockDiagram.....	66
8.14.1.10.1.2. Element celldesigner:internalLinkInBlockDiagramType/endpointInBlockDiagram	66
9. Extension of Compartment.Annotation	68
9.1. Element name	68
10. Extension of Species.Annotation.....	68
10.1. Element celldesigner:positionToCompartment	69
10.2. Element celldesigner:complexSpecies	69
10.3. Element celldesigner:speciesAnnotationType/speciesIdentity	69
10.3.1. Element celldesigner:hypothetical.....	70
10.3.2. Element celldesigner:proteinReference	70
10.3.3. Element celldesigner:geneReference.....	71
10.3.4. Element celldesigner:rnaReference	71
10.3.5. Element celldesigner:antisensernaReference.....	71
10.3.6. Element celldesigner:speciesIdentityType/state	72
10.3.6.1. Element homodimer	72
10.3.6.2. Element celldesigner:stateType/listOfModifications	72
10.3.6.2.1. Element celldesigner:listOfModificationsType/modification	73
10.3.6.3. Element celldesigner:proteinType/listOfStructuralStates.....	73

10.3.6.3.1. Element celldesigner: StructuralStatesType.....	74
10.4. Element celldesigner:speciesAnnotationType/listOfCatalyzedReactions.....	74
10.4.1. Element celldesigner:listOfCatalyzedReactionsType/catalyzed.....	74
11. Extension of Reaction.Annotation.....	75
11.1. Common Elements in Reaction.Annotation.....	75
11.1.1. ComplexType celldesigner:linkAnchorType.....	75
11.1.2. ComplexType celldesigner:lineType.....	76
11.1.3. ComplexType celldesigner:connectSchemeType.....	76
11.1.3.1. Element celldesigner:connectSchemeType/listOfLineDirection.....	77
11.1.3.2. Element celldesigner:listOfLineDirectionType/lineDirection.....	77
11.1.4. ComplexType celldesigner:lineType2.....	78
11.2. Element celldesigner:reactionType.....	79
11.3. Element celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType/baseReactants.....	79
11.3.1. Element celldesigner:baseReactantsType/baseReactant.....	79
11.4. Element celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType/baseProducts.....	80
11.4.1. Element celldesigner:baseProductsType/baseProduct.....	80
11.5. Element celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType/listOfReactantLinks.....	81
11.5.1. Element celldesigner:listOfReactantLinksType/reactantLink.....	81
11.6. Element celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType/listOfProductLinks.....	82
11.6.1. Element celldesigner:listOfProductLinksType/productLink.....	83
11.7. Element celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType/connectScheme.....	84
11.8. Element celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType/offset.....	84
11.9. Element celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType/editPoints.....	84
11.10. Element celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType/listOfModification.....	86
11.10.1. Element celldesigner:listOfModificationType/modification.....	86
11.10.1.1. Element celldesigner:modificationType/linkTarget.....	88
12. Extension of SpeciesReference.Annotation, and ModifierSpeciesReference.Annotation.....	89
12.1. Element celldesigner:alias.....	89
13. Reference.....	90

1. Introduction

CellDesigner[1] is a software that allows a graphical description of networks consisting of information related to components such as biomolecules and metabolites that are frequently used in the field of molecular biology, particularly systems biology research. Typical examples of target networks are gene regulatory networks that describe transcription and regulatory relationships among genes; metabolic networks (metabolic pathways) that describe the relationships of the substrates, products and enzymes of metabolic reactions; and signal transduction networks that describe intercellular signal transduction derived from activation or inactivation of molecules, changes in post-translational modification, and complex association/dissociation.

There are considerable numbers of commercial and non-commercial software programs that describe such networks, and they employ many different notational systems. CellDesigner uses the notational system developed by Kitano[2]. The main features are its high descriptive ability of biological processes, and that as much as possible, it eliminates the ambiguity so often found in many conventional systems of notation. Of particular note is the possibility to describe in detail modification states and changes in the activities of biomolecules such as proteins and nucleic acids. CellDesigner's graphical user interface allows the description of a biological process by combining such graphical notations, and enables the creation of biological process models.

CellDesigner saves created models in the SBML (Systems Biology Markup Language) format[3]. The SBML format is a standard description language for systems biology models. Systems biology is a field of study that attempts to understand target biological units as a system; the components of such biological units, e.g. cells, cell colonies, tissues, individuals, populations and their environments, are listed, and simulation is carried out for the increase/decrease of volume and quantity of such components. SBML is designed to retain minimal common information when a variety of simulations are carried out in research. SBML's descriptive core is the data needed to simulate processes, e.g. components, mathematical relationships between volume and quantity, units of volume, and parameters. CellDesigner has additional functions to edit such data; it facilitates the creation of simulation models used in the field of systems biology, and by outputting in SBML, models can be directly run or conveniently given to other researchers.

CellDesigner is an excellent tool for the efficient creation and verification of SBML models. However, the description space of a graphical model described by CellDesigner extends beyond the scope of the description space of an SBML simulation model; therefore, to enable the saving of models, any data unique to CellDesigner needs to be kept to hand. Such data is classified as: **the molecular biological meaning of components** that represent a model (e.g. molecular species, modification state, reaction type); **data to distinguish elements** when representing a model, although they do not have molecular biological meaning (e.g. type and shape of a compartment); **graphical data for elements** (e.g. color, line width, space between lines); **layout data** (e.g. display position, size); and **meta data** for a model (e.g. size and version of a model). CellDesigner is compliant with the SBML format and uses these pieces of data by appropriately embedding them as extension tags in the SBML structure.

This document explains the extension tag specifications of CellDesigner in relation to SBML. The specifications cover CellDesigner Version 4.0 (released on July 15, 2007) and SBML Level 2 Version 1[4] for the SBML file format. To use this document, basic knowledge of the SBML format is required. If necessary, refer to the specification document of the SBML format[4]. For graphical models represented by CellDesigner, refer to Reference[2] and for block diagrams of proteins particularly, refer to Reference section[5].

2. Graphical Model

This chapter explains the key features of models described by CellDesigner.

2.1. Alias

This section gives a summary of `CompartmentAlias` and `SpeciesAlias` described by CellDesigner.

Firstly, related SBML elements are explained. For example, the following components are set as XML elements in SBML: a `Compartment` that represents a bounded space -- a biological unit -- such as nuclei, endoplasmic reticula or cells; and a `Species` that represents the molecular biological components of a `Compartment` such as proteins, metabolites or nucleic acids. Moreover, relations between `Species` are associated with `Reactions`. The user decides what kind of item is to be actually associated with `Compartment`, `Species`, or `Reaction`. In fact, in many cases the three-dimensional structure of organisms are not taken into account, and simulation is conducted after creating a model based on an abstract bounded space with biological meaning and the volume of its components. Therefore, `Species` are usually distinguished according to the differences of chemical species and the bounded space to which they belong, and then individual `Species` are set. Among these elements `Reactions` that represent biochemical processes, such as changes and transfers due to reactions, are set to create a graph structure.

Next, we examine how to describe such a structure on a plane as a graphical network. In an organism various kinds of elements exist and when the biochemical processes are described in detail, the following problems may occur.

1. Hub elements: An element that takes part in numerous processes can be called a hub; many elements fulfill this role. This feature can be called scale-free, and reflects the fact that any combination of elements that triggers a process is not just selected at random. When a graphical model is edited, flexibility in the edit operation (change or delete) is lost for those elements that bind very closely with other elements.
2. Combining models: To combine two graphs, e.g. two logical abstract models, is a simple operation. However, when graphical data is added to these graphs, the combination of displayed items needs to be considered.

To deal with these problems CellDesigner avoids the direct display of graph structures and incorporates `CompartmentAlias` and `SpeciesAlias` into the structure (Fig. 1). In this case an SBML model corresponds to a logical abstract model with a graph-like structure. For an element that is considered to be identical to a `Compartment` or `Species` in an SBML model, multiple `CompartmentAliases` or `SpeciesAliases` can be created in a graphical model of CellDesigner (the correspondence of each `Compartment` and `Species` is indicated by pink and blue lines in Fig. 1). This enables any elements that frequently appear in a model to be arranged in separate locations, and avoids such problems as the obstruction of edit operations, or links set between elements (represented by `Reactions`) converging into a hub and becoming unreadable. In addition, when graphical models are combined, the drawn item of one model is just simply pasted to the drawn item of the other model. At this time, SBML models -- abstract models -- also need to be combined.

As mentioned above, `CompartmentAlias` and `SpeciesAlias` play a key role in the representation of a graphical model (Sections 8.4, 8.4.2, 8.6). `Compartments` and `Species` that appear to be created by CellDesigner are actually all `CompartmentAlias` and `SpeciesAlias`. By creating and editing `CompartmentAlias` and `SpeciesAlias` in a graphical model, `Compartments` and `Species` in an SBML model are created and updated in the background. To decide whether to add generated `CompartmentAlias` and `SpeciesAlias` to an SBML model, it is necessary to verify their identity. The identity of a `Compartment` is

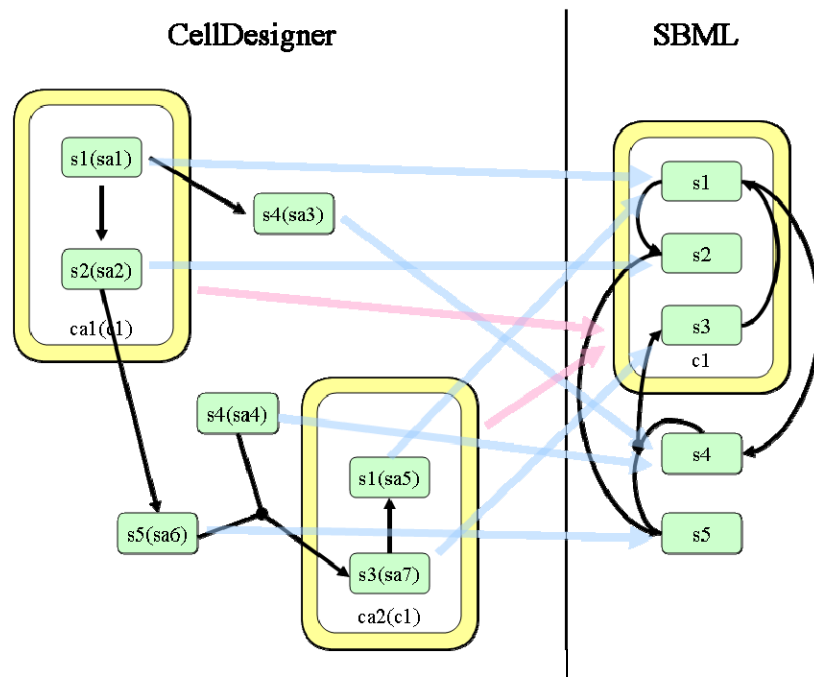


Fig. 1 Correspondence of CompartmentAlias - Compartment and SpeciesAlias - Species, and Reactions

2.2. Complex

This section describes a complex view and an object structure representing a complex.

Protein in an organism makes up many different complexes by binding with other proteins; for example, dimerization of EGF receptors during ligand binding (small scale); preinitiation complex (medium scale); and very large complex such as proteasome. As a method to conveniently create a variety of complexes in a graphical model, CellDesigner is equipped with ComplexSpeciesAlias that is a virtual container of complexes, and adopts a method to keep adding SpeciesAlias that are complex elements.

A complex created in this manner represents its elements in detail in the model; however, on the other hand, the complex will occupy a larger area in the model, and if more detailed models are created, it may be difficult to understand the overall picture of relationships among elements. In order to solve the inefficient use of display space and facilitate intuitive understanding of the overall picture, it is possible to display a generated complex in a compact way (Fig. 2). In Fig. 2, s3(sa3) and s3(sa6) are individual ComplexSpeciesAliases that refer to the same SpeciesAlias, and the figure gives a view just after the display is changed. A ComplexSpeciesAlias represents a complex, and in usual view, SpeciesAliases representing complex elements are shown inside, whereas in a compact or brief display the ComplexSpeciesAlias becomes a small bounding box (standard size) and does not display the elements inside. When the display is changed, view data before the change is retained inside the complex (ComplexSpeciesAlias) and complex elements (SpeciesAliases), in readiness for when the original view is changed again. Therefore, these elements need to retain data for the usual and brief views, and the present state (Sections 7.2.8, 7.2.9, 7.2.10).

SBML itself does not have a structure representing complexes; the graphical model shown on the left in Fig. 2 for example, corresponds to the SBML model with three Species and one Reaction shown at the upper right. To represent such a structure, CellDesigner internally retains Species corresponding to complex elements shown at the lower right in Fig. 2 (Section 8.3).

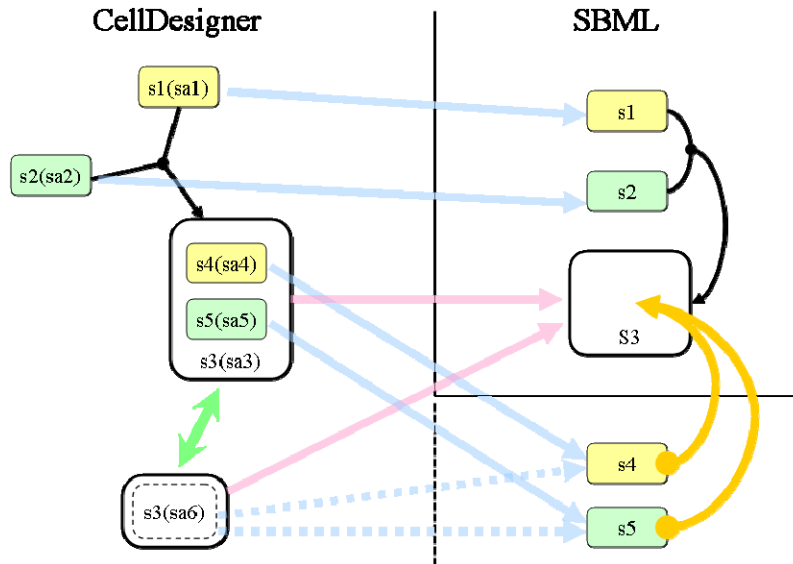


Fig. 2 Complex

2.3. Biomolecule

In vivo molecules such as proteins and nucleic acids are subject to modification, e.g. phosphorylation of amino-acid residues and methylation of bases, and thus change their activities in many ways resulting in their involvement in diverse biochemical processes. For partial nucleic acid sequences such as genes and RNAs, annotation relating to the gene expression process is given.

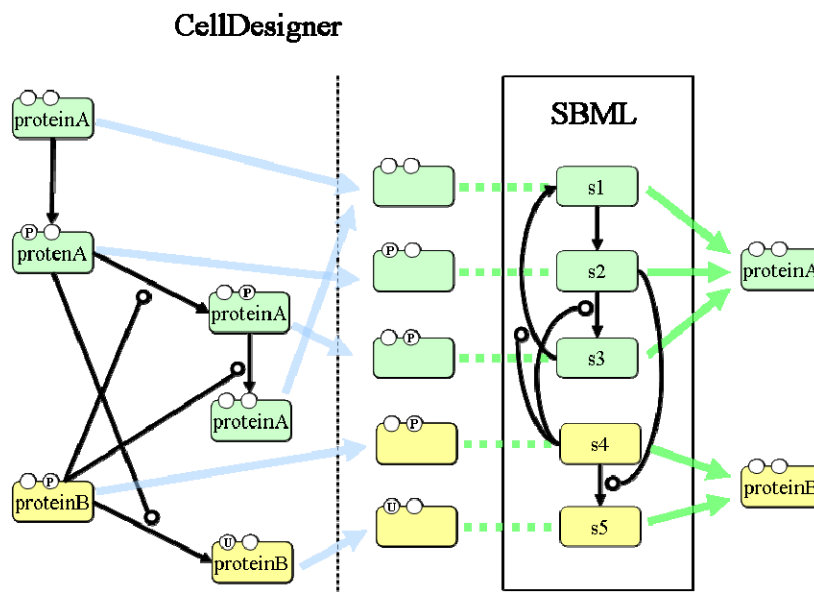


Fig. 3 Biomolecule (Protein)

In order to enable these kinds of description, CellDesigner provides data structures for proteins, genes, RNAs, and antisense RNAs (Sections 8.8, 8.10, 8.11, 8.12). For proteins and genes, "slots" can be physically provided for modification of amino-acid residues and bases. Depending on how a "slot" is modified, chemical species are distinguished and used in the identity verification of a Species (Fig. 3, Section 10.3.6).

2.4. Reaction

In the graphical model created by CellDesigner, biochemical processes and regulatory relationships among molecular biological elements are represented as links between (Complex)SpeciesAliases. In an SBML model this link corresponds to the Reaction between Species equivalent to (Complex)SpeciesAliases (Fig. 1). Moreover, when such regulation as enzymic activity or inhibition of biochemical processes and regulatory relationships are described in a graphical model, the regulation is represented by another link that connects a (Complex)SpeciesAlias (modifier) with the Reaction link (regulation target) (green link in Fig. 4). The next section describes the notational structure of these links in the graphical model.

Links in the graphical model are divided broadly into two categories: a link that is called the Base Reaction and can be directly set between (Complex)SpeciesAliases (black link in Fig. 4); and a link that connects a (Complex)SpeciesAlias with the Base Reaction. The latter is further divided into two categories: a Modification Link that represents regulation applied to the Base Reaction (green link in Fig. 4); and a link to describe additional reactants and products (light blue link in Fig. 4).

Reactants and products of the Base Reaction are called BaseReactant and BaseProduct (Sections 11.3, 11.4). The links to describe additional reactants/products are called ReactantLink/ProductLink (Sections 11.5, 11.6). In an SBML model there is no distinction made between the reactants/products derived from the Base Reaction and any additional reactants/products, and the relevant Species are listed as Reactant/Product. In addition, a Species corresponding to a (Complex)SpeciesAlias that is connected to a Modification Link (Modification, Section 11.10) is listed as a Modifier.

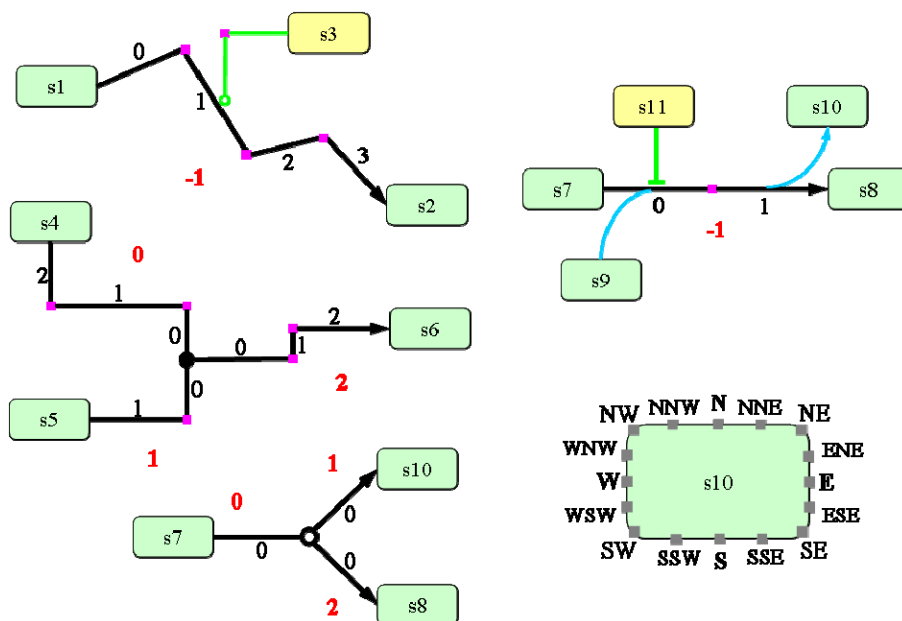


Fig. 4 Information associated with Reactions

An arbitrary number of edit points can be set for the Base Reactions and Modification Links, and links can be bent using these edit points. The base links are classified into non-branch type and branch type, and to identify them a “branch index” (-1 for a non-branch type, and 0, 1, 2 for a branch type) is set (red numerals in Fig. 4). To distinguish individual line segments from a set of line segments that form each branch, a "line segment index" (0, 1, 2...) is set from the starting point side for the non-branch type, and from the branch point side for the branch type.

On a Base Reaction link line, a process box that represents the type of reaction is displayed. On the process box perimeter point indexes (2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7) to add Modification Links are set (Fig. 4.2). Modification Links can only be connected with these index points. A ReactantLink can only be connected with Index 0 and a ProductLink only with Index 1 (specifications available from Ver.4.0).

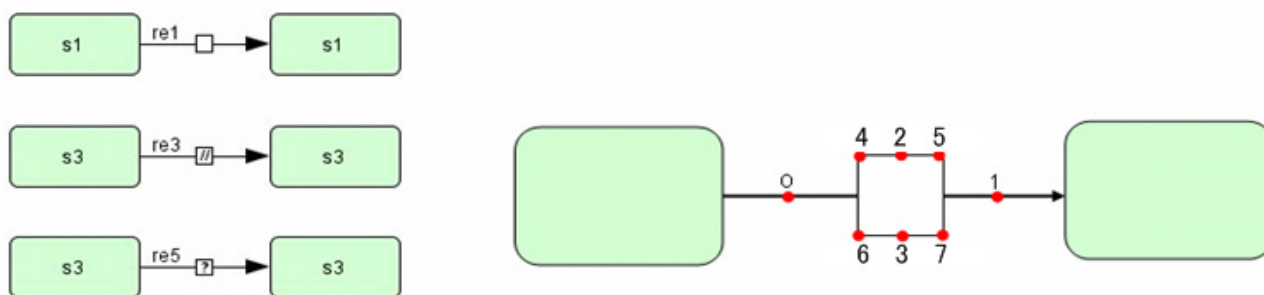


Fig. 4.2

When a Base Reaction, Modification Link or ReactantLink/ProductLink is connected on the (Complex)SpeciesAlias side, they are connected to any of the 16 points on the perimeter. A connection point is specified using abbreviations representing the 16 directions (lower right in Fig. 4).

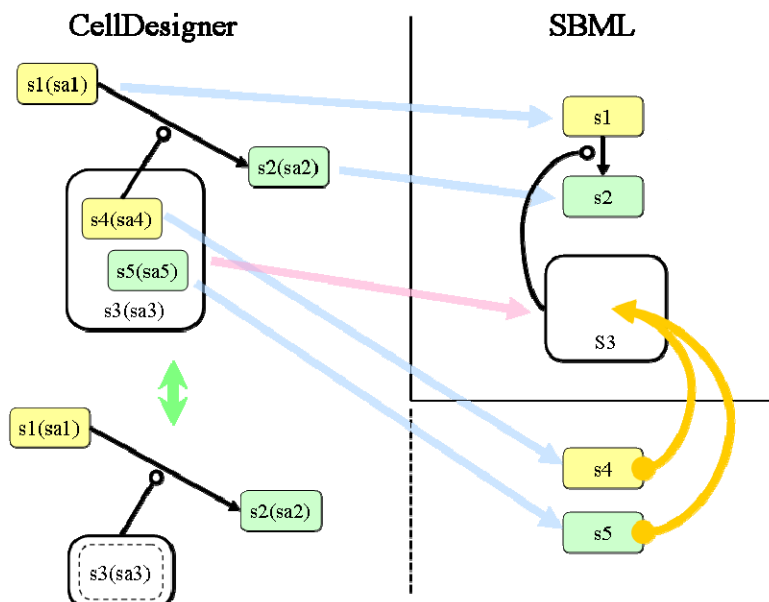


Fig. 5 Reaction and complex

When a link is set for a complex, the link can be drawn from either ComplexSpeciesAlias (a virtual container of complexes) or SpeciesAlias (a complex element) (Fig. 5 shows an example of links drawn from complex elements). In the corresponding SBML model, both cases are interpreted as a link from a complex Species.

2.5. Block Diagram

This section describes a block diagram associated with protein.

A block diagram is a diagram that focuses on a specific protein and represents an overall picture of the biochemical processes associated with the protein, including other enzymes that affect the modification of residues, partner molecules forming a complex, activities that change according to states and the effect on targets, or self-degradation (e.g. [5], Figure 1 (b)). It is also possible to provide internal logic to represent the different kinds of relationships between each process.

From a graphical model of a biochemical process, CellDesigner extracts the relationships with other biomolecules such as protein (e.g. influence on modification state of residues, complex formation, enzymic activity in the reaction with other molecules) and automatically creates a block diagram (red-circled sections in Fig. 6). The mutual relationships between these elements can be created and edited as internal logic. The created block diagram is also saved in an SBML file for each target protein (Section 8.13).

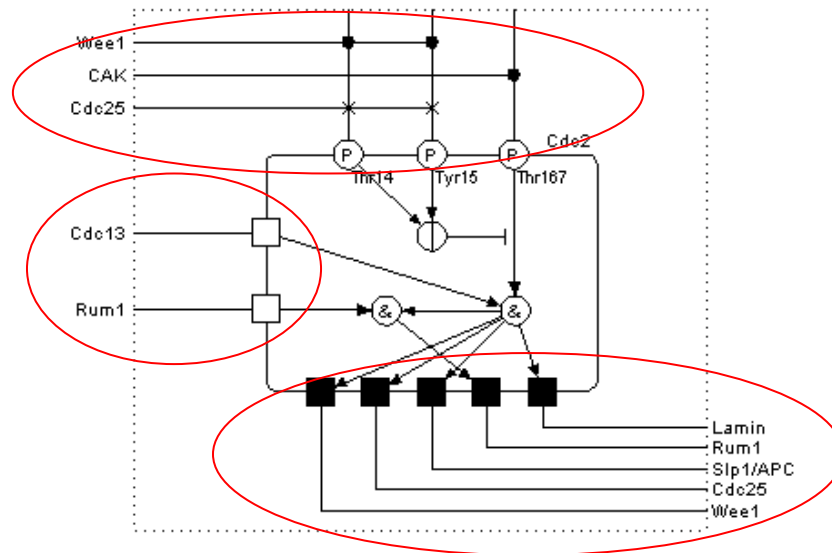


Fig. 6 Block diagram (the red-circled sections indicate relationships with other biomolecules)

3. Namespace and Schema

In relation to SBML, CellDesigner extension tags are defined as XML elements that belong to namespace, <http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner> and in an XML schema file,

sbmlCellDesignerExtension_v2_5.xsd.

schema file:	sbmlCellDesignerExtension_v2_5.xsd
attribute form default:	unqualified
element form default:	qualified
targetNamespace:	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner

In the input/output SBML files of the actual CellDesigner application, CellDesigner extension tags are embedded under the annotation elements of SBase derived classes defined in SBML -- Model, Compartment, Species, Reaction, SpeciesReference, and ModifierSpeciesReference. To restrict the structure under annotation, each SBase derived class is redefined in a schema file,

CellDesigner.xsd.

schema file:	CellDesigner.xsd
attribute form default:	unqualified
element form default:	qualified
targetNamespace:	http://www.sbml.org/sbml/level2

4. Description Rules

This document aims to define extension tags for those tags defined in SBML; therefore, the same names or similar names can be found in their definitions. To distinguish them, for XML elements defined in SBML, `SBML` is used in an abstract data model, and a prefix `sbml:` is used for actual description in an XML file. For XML elements defined in CellDesigner extension, `CellDesigner` is used for an abstract data model, and a prefix `celldesigner:` is used for actual description in an XML file.

Namespace that represents XML schema is

<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema>.

For XML elements to describe XML schema, a prefix `xs:` is used.

The description format in this document conforms to the description format of XML schema, and the description within CellDesigner extension tag schema and SBML redefinition schema. Definitions of complex data type (`complexType`) are used as elements in the definitions of schema or others. The name of this complex data type is given as an option; however, “`someElementNameType`” is given to an element name “`someElementName`”. Therefore, when a complex data type is used as an XML element, the tag name is created by removing “`Type`” from the end of the name. However, for a complex type to redefine an annotation tag in SBML, to avoid name collision, the annotation of `Model`, for example, is named “`modelAnnotationType`”.

5. Notational System

5.1. Notational Format

Chapter 7 and the following chapters describe CellDesigner extension tag specifications in accordance with the definitions of the CellDesigner extension tags in XML schema. These specifications describe the built-in data types of XML schema, user definition of data types, and derivations. A summary and structure of XML schema, and specifications of the data types are given in Bibliography [6], [7], and [8].

Moreover, these specifications use diagrams to represent structural definitions of tags represented by XML schema. The next section explains the notational system of diagrams.

5.2. Structural Display Diagram

5.2.1. Element Declaration

element

Declares a tag in XML representation.

5.2.2. Complex Type Definition

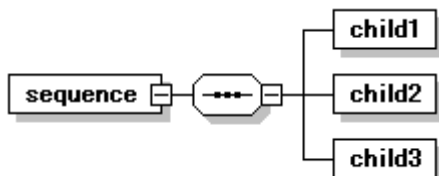
complexType

Defines a complex type that has child elements or attributes.

5.2.3. Compositor

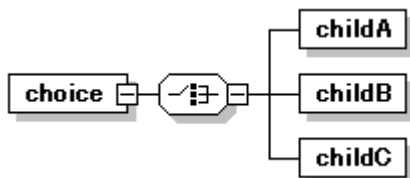
Stipulates behavior of element occurrence in the complex type definition. The following two are used.

5.2.3.1. Sequence



Represents that child elements occur (in the order of definition).

5.2.3.2. Choice



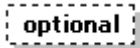
Represents that any one of the defined children occurs.

5.2.4. Elements Including Characters

hasCharacters

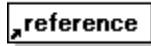
Represents that an element including characters exists between a start tag and end tag.

5.2.5. Optional Element



Represents an element used as an option.

5.2.6. Reference



Represents that an element defined globally (i.e. at the top level in schema) is referred to.

5.2.7. Multiple Elements



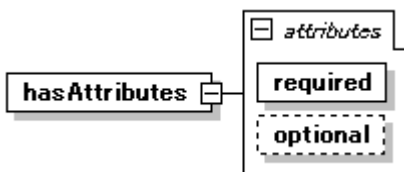
Represents inclusion of multiple elements. The numerals at the lower part represent a restriction in the number of element occurrences.

5.2.8. Existence of Lower Structure



Represents that attributes or child elements are defined (omitted in notation).

5.2.9. Display of Attributes



Represents that attributes are defined. A solid line box represents an essential attribute, and a dotted line box represents an optional attribute.

6. General Composition

Fig. 1 shows the whole structure of SBML and extension points of CellDesigner extension tags in relation to the SBML structure. CellDesigner stores extension tags as child elements of `Sbase.annotation`s that are created in order to store data unique to applications under SBML specifications. More specifically, extension is applied to the following:

- `Model.annotation`
- `Compartment.annotation`
- `Species.annotation`
- `Reaction.annotation`
- `SpeciesReference.annotation`
- `ModifierSpeciesReference.annotation`

Most of the extension tags in CellDesigner exist under `Model.annotation`.

Chapter 7 describes XML elements that are widely used in the extension tag specifications.

Chapter 8 and the following chapters describe the specifications of extension tags at each extension point mentioned above in accordance with the SBML structure.

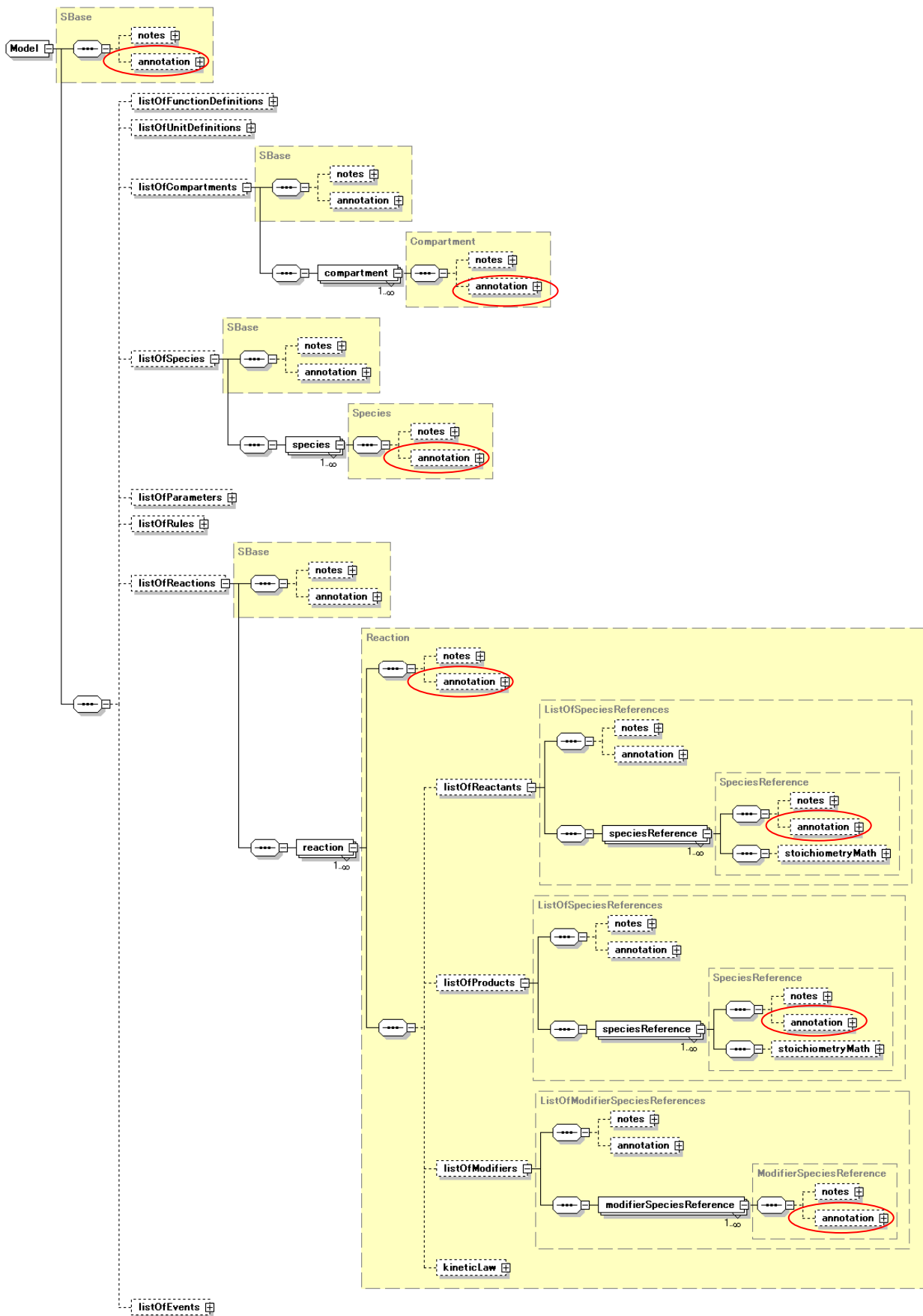


Fig. 7 SBML structure (Model and under) and CellDesigner extension points (circled in red)

7. Common Elements

7.1. Simple Type Definition

7.1.1. SimpleType celldesigner:SID

This is a data type to be used when identification is needed in a substantial data structure of CellDesigner extension tags. Restriction of the pattern is subject to specifications of CellDesigner application; however there is still a need to refer to SID in SBML definitions and therefore, equal definitions are provided.

namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of xs:string
used by	<p>elements celldesigner:alias celldesigner:antisensernaReference celldesigner:complexSpecies celldesigner:geneReference celldesigner:proteinReference celldesigner:rnaReference</p> <p>complexTypes celldesigner:AntisenseRNAType celldesigner:baseProductType celldesigner:baseReactantType celldesigner:bindingSiteInBlockDiagramType celldesigner:blockDiagramType celldesigner:compartmentAliasType celldesigner:compartmentAliasType celldesigner:complexSpeciesAliasType celldesigner:complexSpeciesAliasType celldesigner:effectTargetInBlockDiagramType celldesigner:geneType celldesigner:groupType celldesigner:linkTargetType celldesigner:modificationResidueType celldesigner:productLinkType celldesigner:proteinType celldesigner:reactantLinkType celldesigner:regionType celldesigner:residueInBlockDiagramType celldesigner:RNAType celldesigner:speciesAliasType celldesigner:speciesAliasType celldesigner:speciesAliasType</p> <p>attributes celldesigner:speciesType/@compartment celldesigner:speciesType/@id celldesigner:productLinkType/@product celldesigner:reactantLinkType/@reactant celldesigner:catalyzedType/@reaction celldesigner:effectSiteInBlockDiagramType/@reaction celldesigner:listOfModificationsType/modification/@residue celldesigner:speciesType/@spatialSizeUnits celldesigner:complexSpeciesAliasType/@species celldesigner:speciesAliasType/@species celldesigner:effectSiteInBlockDiagramType/@species celldesigner:baseReactantType/@species celldesigner:baseProductType/@species celldesigner:linkTargetType/@species celldesigner:speciesType/@substanceUnits</p>
facets	pattern <code>(_ [a-z] [A-Z])(_ [a-z] [A-Z] [0-9])*</code>

7.1.2. SimpleType celldesigner:SIDSet

This is a data type introduced for convenience to restrict a character pattern. This is a string in which SIDs are connected with a comma ",".

namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of xs:string
used by	complexType celldesigner:modificationType celldesigner:modificationType
facets	pattern <code>(_[a-z] [A-Z])(_[a-z] [A-Z] [0-9])*(.(_[a-z] [A-Z])(_[a-z] [A-Z] [0-9])*)*</code>

7.1.3. SimpleType celldesigner:point2D

This is a data type; two strings that represent numerical values corresponding to two-dimensional coordinates are connected with a comma ",". This is introduced to restrict data content.

namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of xs:string
used by	simpleType celldesigner:point2DList
facets	pattern <code>(\+ -)?[0-9]+(\.[0-9]*)?((e E)(\+ -)?[0-9]+)?,(\+ -)?[0-9]+(\.[0-9]*)?((e E)(\+ -)?[0-9]+)?</code>

7.1.4. SimpleType celldesigner:point2Dlist

This is a data type and simple type point2Ds are connected with a comma ",". This is introduced to restrict data content.

namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	list of celldesigner:point2D
properties	final list
used by	complexType celldesigner:editPointsType celldesigner:modificationType

7.2. Complex Type Definition

7.2.1. ComplexType celldesigner:boundsType

This is an XML element that represents a bounding box for an element represented by a box in a graphical model.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
used by	elements celldesigner:compartmentAliasType/bounds celldesigner:complexSpeciesAliasType/bounds celldesigner:speciesAliasType/bounds

attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	h	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	w	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	x	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	y	derived by: xs:decimal	required		

Example

```
<celldesigner:bounds h="240.0" w="720.0" x="140.0" y="80.0" />
```

7.2.2. ComplexType celldesigner:pointType

This is an XML element that represents the position of an element represented by a point in a graphical model.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
used by	element celldesigner:compartmentAliasType/point				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	x	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	y	derived by: xs:decimal	required		

Example

```
<celldesigner:point x="160.0" y="500.0" />
```

7.2.3. ComplexType celldesigner:innerPositionType

When a displayed item is located inside another element, this XML element specifies the relative position to the upper element.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
used by	elements celldesigner:usualViewType/innerPosition celldesigner:briefViewType/innerPosition				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	x	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	y	derived by: xs:decimal	required		

Example

```
<celldesigner:innerPosition x="-159.75" y="970.28125" />
```

7.2.4. ComplexType `celldesigner:boxSizeType`

When a displayed item is represented by a box, this XML element specifies the width and height of the box.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
used by	elements	celldesigner:usualViewType/boxSize celldesigner:briefViewType/boxSize			
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	height	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	width	derived by: xs:decimal	required		

Example

```
<celldesigner:boxSize height="89.0" width="163.0" />
```

7.2.5. ComplexType `celldesigner:singleLineType`

This is an XML element that indicates a displayed item as a single line, and the line width is specified by the attribute value.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
used by	elements	celldesigner:usualViewType/singleLine celldesigner:briefViewType/singleLine			
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	width	derived by: xs:decimal	required		

Example

```
<celldesigner:singleLine width="2.0" />
```

7.2.6. ComplexType `celldesigner:doubleLineType`

This is an XML element that indicates an item is displayed as two lines, and the width of the inside and outside line is specified by `innerWidth` and `outerWidth`, and the distance between the two lines is specified by the `thickness` value.

Tomoko Tanabe

diagram					
---------	--	--	--	--	--

namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
used by	element celldesigner:compartmentAliasType/doubleLine				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	innerWidth	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	outerWidth	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	thickness	derived by: xs:decimal	required		

Example

```
<celldesigner:doubleLine innerWidth="1.0" outerWidth="2.0" thickness="12.0" />
```

7.2.7. ComplexType celldesigner:paintType

This is an XML element to paint a displayed item and specify its color. The attribute for color is an 8-digit hexadecimal number that specifies α RGB, and for scheme is either “Color” (painted with a specified color) or “Gradation” (gradation with a specified color and white).

diagram	<pre> classDiagram class celldesigner_paintType { color scheme } </pre>				
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
used by	elements celldesigner:usualViewType/paint celldesigner:briefViewType/paint celldesigner:compartmentAliasType/paint				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	color	derived by: xs:string	required		
	scheme	derived by: xs:string	optional		

Example

```
<celldesigner:paint color="ff7f0000" scheme="Color" />
```

7.2.8. ComplexType celldesigner:viewType

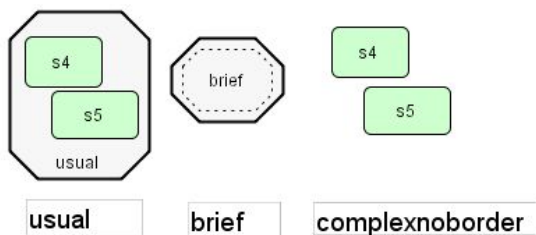
This is an XML element to specify the viewing state: usual or brief. The attribute state is any string of “usual”, “brief”, “complexnoborder”, “complexparentbrief”, or “none”. For the display of each state in celldesigner, refer to Fig. 7.2.8. Complexnoborder is used only for the viewType of complexSpeciesAlias. From Ver. 4.0, a complex can include other complexes; when the state of a parent complex (a complex includes complexes inside) is “brief”, the state of a child (an included complex) is “complexparentbrief”.

diagram	<pre> classDiagram class celldesigner_viewType { state } </pre>				
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
used by	elements celldesigner:complexSpeciesAliasType/view celldesigner:speciesAliasType/view				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	state	derived by: xs:string	required		

Example

```
<cellDesigner:view state="usual" />
```

Fig. 7.2.8 Display of usual, brief, and complexnoborder



7.2.9. ComplexType cellDesigner:usualViewType

This is an XML element that retains the usual view data of a displayed item.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/cellDesigner
children	cellDesigner:innerPosition cellDesigner:boxSize cellDesigner:singleLine cellDesigner:paint
used by	elements cellDesigner:complexSpeciesAliasType/usualView cellDesigner:speciesAliasType/usualView

Example

```
<cellDesigner:usualView>
  <cellDesigner:innerPosition x="-135.0" y="-1.0" />
  <cellDesigner:boxSize height="88.0" width="110.0" />
  <cellDesigner:singleLine width="2.0" />
  <cellDesigner:paint color="ffffff" scheme="Color" />
</cellDesigner:usualView>
```

7.2.10. ComplexType cellDesigner:briefViewType

This is an XML element that retains brief view data of a displayed item.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/cellDesigner
children	cellDesigner:innerPosition cellDesigner:boxSize cellDesigner:singleLine cellDesigner:paint

used by	elements	celldesigner:complexSpeciesAliasType/briefView celldesigner:speciesAliasType/briefView
---------	----------	---

Example

```
<celldesigner:briefView>
  <celldesigner:innerPosition x="0.0" y="0.0" />
  <celldesigner:boxSize height="60.0" width="80.0" />
  <celldesigner:singleLine width="2.0" />
  <celldesigner:paint color="ffffff" scheme="Color" />
</celldesigner:briefView>
```

7.2.11. ComplexType celldesigner:notesType

This is an XML element that represents CellDesigner.Notes equivalent to SBML.Notes. This element is redefined because SBML.Notes cannot be reused.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
used by	elements celldesigner:speciesType/notes celldesigner:proteinType/notes celldesigner:geneType/notes celldesigner:RNAType/notes celldesigner:AntisenseRNAType/notes

Example

```
<celldesigner:notes>
  <html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
    <!-- Notes by CellDesigner -->
    <body>This is protein notes.</body>
  </html>
</celldesigner:notes>
```

7.2.12. ComplexType celldesigner:infoType


This is an element to store data for unit of information. For state, “open” or “close” is set. The value of prefix or label is a value defined by “unit of information” in SBGN (for details, refer to the SBGN specification document).

diagram																															
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner																														
used by	elements compartmentAliasType/info complexSpeciesAliasType/info speciesAliasType/info																														
attributes	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Use</th> <th>Default</th> <th>Fixed</th> <th>annotation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>state</td> <td>xs:string</td> <td>optional</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>prefix</td> <td>xs:string</td> <td>optional</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>label</td> <td>xs:string</td> <td>optional</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>angle</td> <td>xs:decimal</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation	state	xs:string	optional				prefix	xs:string	optional				label	xs:string	optional				angle	xs:decimal	required			
Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation																										
state	xs:string	optional																													
prefix	xs:string	optional																													
label	xs:string	optional																													
angle	xs:decimal	required																													
source	<pre><xs:complexType name="infoType"> <xs:attribute name="state" type="xs:string" use="optional"/> <xs:attribute name="prefix" type="xs:string" use="optional"/> <xs:attribute name="label" type="xs:string" use="optional"/> <xs:attribute name="angle" type="xs:decimal" use="required"/> </xs:complexType></pre>																														

7.3. Element Declaration

7.3.1. Element `celldesigner:class`

This is an XML element to identify a class of a Species or Compartment as an element of a graphical model.


diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of xs:string
properties	content simple
used by	complexTypees celldesigner:compartmentAliasType celldesigner:speciesIdentityType
facets	enumeration PROTEIN enumeration GENE enumeration RNA enumeration ANTISENSE_RNA enumeration PHENOTYPE enumeration ION enumeration SIMPLE_MOLECULE Enumeration DRUG enumeration UNKNOWN enumeration COMPLEX enumeration SQUARE enumeration OVAL enumeration SQUARE_CLOSEUP_NORTHWEST enumeration SQUARE_CLOSEUP_NORTHEAST enumeration SQUARE_CLOSEUP_SOUTHWEST enumeration SQUARE_CLOSEUP_SOUTHEAST enumeration SQUARE_CLOSEUP_NORTH enumeration SQUARE_CLOSEUP_EAST enumeration SQUARE_CLOSEUP_WEST enumeration SQUARE_CLOSEUP_SOUTH enumeration DEGRADED

Example

```
<celldesigner:class>SIMPLE_MOLECULE</celldesigner:class>
```

7.3.2. Element `celldesigner:name`

This is an XML element to represent the name of an element in a graphic model.


diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of xs:string
properties	content simple
used by	complexTypees celldesigner:compartmentAnnotationType celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType celldesigner:speciesIdentityType

Example

```
<celldesigner:name>MAPK</celldesigner:name>
```

7.3.3. Element `celldesigner:activity`

This is an XML element that indicates the activity state of a biomolecule: active or inactive.

diagram	
namespace	<code>http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner</code>
type	restriction of <code>xs:string</code>
properties	content simple
used by	complexType <code>celldesigner:complexSpeciesAliasType</code> <code>celldesigner:speciesAliasType</code>
facets	enumeration active enumeration inactive

Example

```
<celldesigner:activity>inactive</celldesigner:activity>
```

8. Extension of Model.Annotation

Most of the graphical model data is stored under Model.Annotation.

Element Model/annotation

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
children	celldesigner:modelVersion celldesigner:modelDisplay celldesigner:listOfIncludedSpecies celldesigner:listOfCompartmentAliases celldesigner:listOfComplexSpeciesAliases celldesigner:listOfSpeciesAliases celldesigner:listOfGroups celldesigner:listOfProteins celldesigner:listOfGenes celldesigner:listOfRNAs celldesigner:listOfAntisenseRNAs celldesigner:listOfLayers celldesigner:listOfBlockDiagrams
annotation	documentation Annotation for model.

8.1. Element modelVersion

This is an XML element to describe the internal identification number of a graphical model represented by CellDesigner. For CellDesigner3.0, 2.5 is set for the fixed value.

diagram	celldesigner:modelVersion
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of xs:decimal
properties	content simple fixed 2.5
used by	complexType celldesigner:modelAnnotationType
facets	minInclusive 0.0

Example

```
<cellDesigner:modelVersion>2.5</cellDesigner:modelVersion>
```

8.2. Element cellDesigner:modelAnnotationType/modelDisplay

This is an XML element to describe the canvas size for the display of graphical objects in CellDesigner.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	cellDesigner:modelDisplayType				
properties	isRef	0	content	complex	
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	sizeX	derived by: xs:short	required		
	sizeY	derived by: xs:short	required		

Example

```
<cellDesigner:modelDisplay sizeX="2400" sizeY="2400" />
```

8.3. Element cellDesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfIncludedSpecies

This is an XML element to store a list of complex internal elements (CellDesigner.Species) described in CellDesigner.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	cellDesigner:listOfIncludedSpeciesType				
properties	isRef	0	minOcc	0	maxOcc
				1	
	content	complex			
children	cellDesigner:species				

8.3.1. Element `celldesigner:listOfIncludedSpeciesType/species`

This is an XML element to represent a complex internal element described in CellDesigner. The definition is equal to `SBML.Species`; `SBML.Species` cannot be carried over because of the schema structure. `CellDesigner.notes` and `CellDesigner.annotation` were newly defined and created because `SBML.notes` and `SBML.annotation` are closed specifications.

<p>diagram</p>					
<p>namespace</p>	<p><code>http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner</code></p>				
<p>type</p>	<p><code>celldesigner:speciesType</code></p>				
<p>properties</p>	<p>isRef 0 minOcc 1 maxOcc unbounded content complex</p>				
<p>children</p>	<p><code>celldesigner:notes</code> <code>celldesigner:annotation</code></p>				
<p>attributes</p>	<p>Name</p> <p>id</p> <p>name</p> <p>compartment</p> <p>initialAmount</p> <p>initialConcentration</p> <p>substanceUnits</p> <p>spatialSizeUnits</p> <p>hasOnlySubstanceUnits</p> <p>boundaryCondition</p> <p>charge</p> <p>constant</p>	<p>Type</p> <p><code>celldesigner:SIId</code></p> <p><code>xs:string</code></p> <p><code>celldesigner:SIId</code></p> <p><code>xs:double</code></p> <p><code>xs:double</code></p> <p><code>celldesigner:SIId</code></p> <p><code>celldesigner:SIId</code></p> <p><code>xs:boolean</code></p> <p><code>xs:boolean</code></p> <p><code>xs:integer</code></p> <p><code>xs:boolean</code></p>	<p>Use</p> <p>required</p> <p>optional</p> <p>optional</p> <p>optional</p> <p>optional</p> <p>optional</p> <p>optional</p> <p>optional</p> <p>optional</p> <p>optional</p>	<p>Default</p> <p></p> <p></p> <p></p> <p></p> <p>false</p> <p>false</p> <p></p> <p></p> <p>false</p>	<p>Fixed</p> <p></p> <p></p> <p></p> <p></p> <p></p> <p></p> <p></p> <p></p> <p></p>

8.3.1.1. Element `celldesigner:speciesType/annotation`

This is an XML element to describe annotation for a `CellDesigner.Species` that represents a complex internal element. The element stores data needed to distinguish a `CellDesigner.Species` (a complex internal element in this case) in the CellDesigner application (details are described in Chapter 10).

diagram	
namespace	<code>http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner</code>
type	<code>celldesigner:speciesAnnotationType</code>
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	<code>celldesigner:positionToCompartment</code> <code>celldesigner:complexSpecies</code> <code>celldesigner:speciesIdentity</code> <code>celldesigner:listOfCatalyzedReactions</code>

Example

```

<celldesigner: listOfIncludedSpecies >
  <celldesigner: species id="s111" initialAmount="0.0" name="Cdc2">
    <celldesigner: annotation >
      <celldesigner: complexSpecies> s109 </celldesigner: complexSpecies >
      <celldesigner: speciesIdentity >
        <celldesigner: class> PROTEIN </celldesigner: class >
        <celldesigner: proteinReference> pr32 </celldesigner: proteinReference >
        <celldesigner: state >
          <celldesigner: listOfModifications >
            <celldesigner: modification residue="rs1" state="phosphorylated" />
            <celldesigner: modification residue="rs2" state="phosphorylated" />
          </celldesigner: listOfModifications >
        </celldesigner: state >
      </celldesigner: speciesIdentity >
    </celldesigner: annotation >
  </celldesigner: species >
  .
  .
  .
</celldesigner: listOfIncludedSpecies >

```

8.4. Element `celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfCompartmentAliases`

This is an XML element to store a list of `CellDesigner.CompartmentAliases`.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfCompartmentAliasesType
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	celldesigner:compartmentAlias

8.4.1. Element `celldesigner:listOfCompartmentAliasesType/compartmentAlias`

This is an XML element to represent a `CompartmentAlias` (refer to 2. Graphical Model). For the attribute `compartment`, the id of the referred `SBML.Compartment` is described. The attribute `id` is a string to identify a `CompartmentAlias` (`ca123` is a standard type). A child element “`namePoint`” is an element to describe coordinates data of the compartment name. Other elements are described in 7. Common Elements.

diagram																			
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner																		
type	celldesigner:compartmentAliasType																		
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc unbounded content complex																		
children	celldesigner:class celldesigner:bounds celldesigner:point celldesigner:namePoint celldesigner:doubleLine celldesigner:paint																		
attributes	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Use</th> <th>Default</th> <th>Fixed</th> <th>annotation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>celldesigner:compartment</td> <td>derived by: celldesigner:SId</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>celldesigner:id</td> <td>derived by: celldesigner:SId</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation	celldesigner:compartment	derived by: celldesigner:SId	required				celldesigner:id	derived by: celldesigner:SId	required			
Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation														
celldesigner:compartment	derived by: celldesigner:SId	required																	
celldesigner:id	derived by: celldesigner:SId	required																	

8.4.2. Element compartmentAliasType/namePoint

This is an element to describe position data of a compartment name. The attributes “x” and “y” retain x-coordinate and y-coordinate.

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
type	cellDesigner:pointType					
properties	isRef 0 content complex					
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation
	cellDesigner:x	derived by: xs:decimal	required			
	cellDesigner:y	derived by: xs:decimal	required			

8.5. Element cellDesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfComplexSpeciesAliases

This is an XML element that stores a list of CellDesigner.ComplexSpeciesAliases, each of which corresponds to a complex Species.

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
type	cellDesigner:listOfComplexSpeciesAliasesType					
properties	isRef 0 content complex					
children	cellDesigner:complexSpeciesAlias					

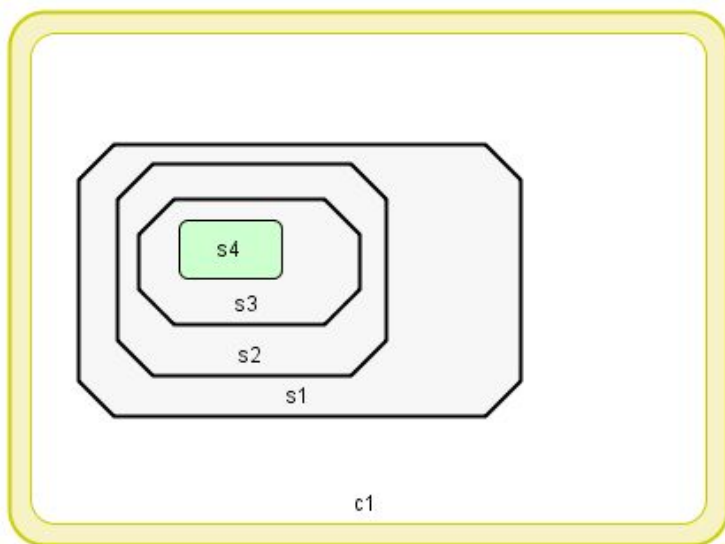
8.5.1. Element cellDesigner:listOfComplexSpeciesAliasesType/complexSpeciesAlias

This is an XML element representing a CellDesigner.ComplexSpeciesAlias that corresponds to a complex Species. For the attribute “compartmentAlias”, the id of a CellDesigner.CompartmentAlias in which this complexSpeciesAlias is located is described. The attribute “id” is an identification string to distinguish a complexSpeciesAlias (csa123 is a standard type). For the attribute “species” the id of an SBML.Species that is the source of this complexSpeciesAlias is described. “complexSpeciesAlias” is an attribute that is used when a complex includes other complexes, and the id of the parent complex (a complex that includes the relevant complex inside) is described.

The lower elements apart from “backupSize” and “backupView” are described in 7. Common Elements.

diagram																															
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner																														
type	extension of celldesigner:complexSpeciesAliasType																														
children	celldesigner:activity bounds view backupSize backupView usualView briefView celldesigner:structuralState celldesigner:listOfSpeciesTag																														
attributes	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Use</th> <th>Default</th> <th>Fixed</th> <th>annotation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>compartmentAlias</td> <td>celldesigner:SIId</td> <td>optional</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>id</td> <td>celldesigner:SIId</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>species</td> <td>celldesigner:SIId</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>complexSpeciesAlias</td> <td>celldesigner:SIId</td> <td>optional</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation	compartmentAlias	celldesigner:SIId	optional				id	celldesigner:SIId	required				species	celldesigner:SIId	required				complexSpeciesAlias	celldesigner:SIId	optional			
Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation																										
compartmentAlias	celldesigner:SIId	optional																													
id	celldesigner:SIId	required																													
species	celldesigner:SIId	required																													
complexSpeciesAlias	celldesigner:SIId	optional																													
source	<pre><xs:element name="complexSpeciesAlias" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"> <xs:complexType> <xs:complexContent> <xs:extension base="celldesigner:complexSpeciesAliasType"> <xs:attribute name="complexSpeciesAlias" type="celldesigner:SIId" use="optional"/> </xs:extension> </xs:complexContent> </xs:complexType> </xs:element></pre>																														

Example 1. Notation of a complex with multiple complexes inside.



```

<cellDesigner: listOfComplexSpeciesAliases>
  <cellDesigner: complexSpeciesAlias id="csa1" species="s1" compartmentAlias="ca1">
    <cellDesigner: activity>inactive</cellDesigner: activity>
    <cellDesigner: bounds x="83.0" y="106.0" w="250.0" h="154.0"/>
    <cellDesigner: view state="usual"/>
    <cellDesigner: backupSize w="0.0" h="0.0"/>
    <cellDesigner: backupView state="none"/>
    <cellDesigner: usualView>
      <cellDesigner: innerPosition x="39.0" y="75.0"/>
      <cellDesigner: boxSize width="250.0" height="154.0"/>
      <cellDesigner: singleLine width="2.0"/>
      <cellDesigner: paint color="fff7f7f7" scheme="Color"/>
    </cellDesigner: usualView>
    <cellDesigner: briefView>
      <cellDesigner: innerPosition x="0.0" y="0.0"/>
      <cellDesigner: boxSize width="80.0" height="60.0"/>
      <cellDesigner: singleLine width="2.0"/>
      <cellDesigner: paint color="fff7f7f7" scheme="Color"/>
    </cellDesigner: briefView>
    <cellDesigner: info state="empty" angle="-1.5707963267948966"/>
  </cellDesigner: complexSpeciesAlias>
  <cellDesigner: complexSpeciesAlias id="csa2" species="s2" complexSpeciesAlias="csa1">
    <cellDesigner: activity>inactive</cellDesigner: activity>
    <cellDesigner: bounds x="105.0" y="117.0" w="152.0" h="120.0"/>
    <cellDesigner: view state="usual"/>
    <cellDesigner: backupSize w="0.0" h="0.0"/>
    <cellDesigner: backupView state="none"/>
    <cellDesigner: usualView>
      <cellDesigner: innerPosition x="22.0" y="11.0"/>
      <cellDesigner: boxSize width="152.0" height="120.0"/>
      <cellDesigner: singleLine width="2.0"/>
      <cellDesigner: paint color="fff7f7f7" scheme="Color"/>
    </cellDesigner: usualView>
    <cellDesigner: briefView>
      <cellDesigner: innerPosition x="0.0" y="0.0"/>
      <cellDesigner: boxSize width="80.0" height="60.0"/>
      <cellDesigner: singleLine width="2.0"/>
      <cellDesigner: paint color="fff7f7f7" scheme="Color"/>
    </cellDesigner: briefView>
    <cellDesigner: info state="empty" angle="-1.5707963267948966"/>
  </cellDesigner: complexSpeciesAlias>
  <cellDesigner: complexSpeciesAlias id="csa3" species="s3" complexSpeciesAlias="csa2">
    <cellDesigner: activity>inactive</cellDesigner: activity>
    <cellDesigner: bounds x="117.0" y="137.0" w="125.0" h="71.0"/>

```

```

<cellDesigner:view state="usual"/>
<cellDesigner:backupSize w="0.0" h="0.0"/>
<cellDesigner:backupView state="none"/>
<cellDesigner:usualView>
  <cellDesigner:innerPosition x="12.0" y="20.0"/>
  <cellDesigner:boxSize width="125.0" height="71.0"/>
  <cellDesigner:singleLine width="2.0"/>
  <cellDesigner:paint color="fff7f7f7" scheme="Color"/>
</cellDesigner:usualView>
<cellDesigner:briefView>
  <cellDesigner:innerPosition x="0.0" y="0.0"/>
  <cellDesigner:boxSize width="80.0" height="60.0"/>
  <cellDesigner:singleLine width="2.0"/>
  <cellDesigner:paint color="fff7f7f7" scheme="Color"/>
</cellDesigner:briefView>
<cellDesigner:info state="empty" angle="-1.5707963267948966"/>
</cellDesigner:complexSpeciesAlias>
</cellDesigner:listOfComplexSpeciesAliases>

```

ComplexSpeciesAliases “csa3” and “csa2” have “csa2” and “csa1” respectively, each of which is the ID of the parent complex (a complex that includes the relevant complex), for the attribute “complexSpeciesAlias”. In addition, complexSpeciesAlias has ca1 that is the ID of the compartment (speciesID=c1) for the attribute compartmentAlias.

BackupSize and backupView

From ver. 4.0, a complex can have other complexes inside. Along with this specification, brief was changed as follows:

Before the change

State of a complex: brief

After the change

When there is no complex with the relevant complex inside: the state of the relevant complex is brief.

When there is a complex with the relevant complex inside (parent complex): the state of the parent complex is brief.

For example, as shown in Fig. 8.5.1.2, when complexes s2 and s1 are both brief, the size described in the briefView of s2 is the same size as s1; therefore, when s1 is brief, the state and size of s2 must be retained (Note). To retain the values, from ver.4.0, backupView and backupSize are available. The complexSpeciesAlias of s2 in the state on the right side in Fig. 8.5.1.2 is as follows:

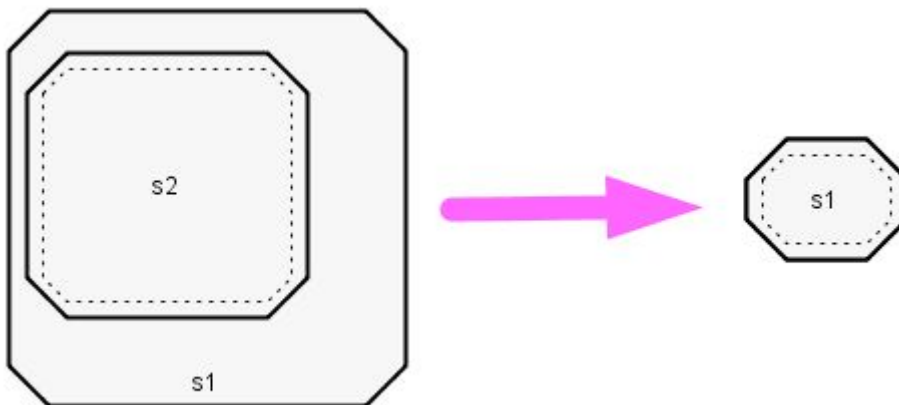


Fig. 8.5.1.2

```

<cellDesigner:complexSpeciesAlias id="csa2" species="s2" complexSpeciesAlias="csa1">
  <cellDesigner:activity>inactive</cellDesigner:activity>
  <cellDesigner:bounds x="93.0" y="163.0" w="80.0" h="60.0"/>
  ① <cellDesigner:view state="complexparentbrief"/>
  <cellDesigner:backupSize w="140.0" h="132.0"/>
  <cellDesigner:backupView state="brief"/>
  <cellDesigner:usualView>
    <cellDesigner:innerPosition x="0.0" y="0.0"/>
    <cellDesigner:boxSize width="72.0" height="65.0"/>
    <cellDesigner:singleLine width="2.0"/>
    <cellDesigner:paint color="fff7f7f7" scheme="Color"/>
  </cellDesigner:usualView>
  ② <cellDesigner:briefView>
    <cellDesigner:innerPosition x="9.0" y="21.5"/>
    <cellDesigner:boxSize width="140.0" height="132.0"/>
    <cellDesigner:singleLine width="2.0"/>
    <cellDesigner:paint color="fff7f7f7" scheme="Color"/>
  </cellDesigner:briefView>
  <cellDesigner:info state="empty" angle="-1.5707963267948966"/>
</cellDesigner:complexSpeciesAlias>

```

- ① In backupView and backupSize, the brief state and the size of s2 are both retained.
- ② In “briefView”, the brief state of the parent complex is retained. However, in the element “innerPostion” the relative coordinates of s2 in relation to s1 are retained.

(Note) As in the past, it is better that the “briefView” of a complex retains the size in its brief state. However, in implementation up to ver.3.5.x the following specifications were applied: when the state of a complex is changed to brief, the size of species (e.g. protein, gene, or RNA) inside the complex is also changed to the same size of the complex and drawn, and each “briefView” retains the size of the complex. Therefore, these specifications are applied to the complexes inside a complex so as to minimize the number of sections to be changed.

8.5.1.1. Element `celldesigner: structuralStateAngle`

This is an XML element that represents the angle of the State of a Complex.

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
type	celldesigner: structuralStateAngle					
properties	minOcc	0	maxOcc	1	content	simple
children						
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation
	angle	xs:double	required			

8.5.1.2. Element `celldesigner: listOfSpeciesTag`

This is an XML element that represents a list of Tag data given to a Species.

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
type	celldesigner: listOfSpeciesTagType					
properties	minOcc	0	maxOcc	unbounded	content	complex
children	SpeciesTag					

Example

```

<celldesigner: listOfSpeciesTag>
  <celldesigner: SpeciesTag>
    <celldesigner: KeyInfo name="s2_tag" direct="LEFT"/>
    <celldesigner: TagBounds x="520.0" y="197.5" w="50.0" h="25.0"/>
    <celldesigner: TagEdgeLine width="1.0"/>
    <celldesigner: TagFramePaint color="ff00ff96" scheme="Color"/>
  </celldesigner: SpeciesTag>
  <celldesigner: SpeciesTag>
    <celldesigner: KeyInfo name="s2_tag" direct="DOWN"/>
    <celldesigner: TagBounds x="407.5" y="50.0" w="25.0" h="50.0"/>
    <celldesigner: TagEdgeLine width="1.0"/>
    <celldesigner: TagFramePaint color="ff00ff96" scheme="Color"/>
  </celldesigner: SpeciesTag>
  <celldesigner: SpeciesTag>
    <celldesigner: KeyInfo name="s2_tag" direct="RIGHT"/>
    <celldesigner: TagBounds x="270.0" y="197.5" w="50.0" h="25.0"/>
    <celldesigner: TagEdgeLine width="1.0"/>
    <celldesigner: TagFramePaint color="ff00ff96" scheme="Color"/>
  </celldesigner: SpeciesTag>
  <celldesigner: SpeciesTag>
    <celldesigner: KeyInfo name="s2_tag" direct="UP"/>
    <celldesigner: TagBounds x="407.5" y="320.0" w="25.0" h="50.0"/>
    <celldesigner: TagEdgeLine width="1.0"/>
    <celldesigner: TagFramePaint color="ff00ff96" scheme="Color"/>
  </celldesigner: SpeciesTag>
</celldesigner: listOfSpeciesTag>

```


8.5.1.2.1. Element celldesigner: SpeciesTag

This is an XML element that represents Tag data given to a Species.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner: SpeciesTag
properties	complex
children	celldesigner: KeyInfo celldesigner: TagBounds celldesigner: TagEdgeLine celldesigner: TagFramePaint

8.5.1.2.2. Element celldesigner: KeyInfo

The name of a Tag and the direction of an arrow are described.

diagram																			
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner																		
type	celldesigner: KeyInfo																		
properties	complex																		
children																			
attributes	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Use</th> <th>Default</th> <th>Fixed</th> <th>annotation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Name</td> <td>xs:string</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>direct</td> <td>xs:string</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation	Name	xs:string	required				direct	xs:string	required			
Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation														
Name	xs:string	required																	
direct	xs:string	required																	

8.5.1.2.3. Element celldesigner: TagBounds

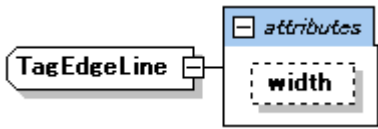
Frame data of a Tag is described.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner

type	celldesigner: TagBounds					
properties	complex					
children						
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation
	x	xs:double	required			
	y	xs:double	required			
	w	xs:double	required			
	h	xs:double	required			

8.5.1.2.4. Element **celldesigner: TagEdgeLine**

Frame width data of a Tag is described.

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
type	celldesigner: TagEdgeLine					
properties	complex					
children						
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation
	width	xs:double	required			

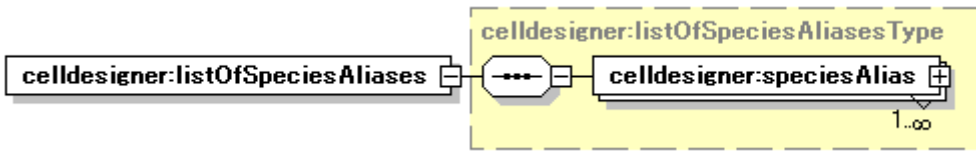
8.5.1.2.5. Element **celldesigner: TagFramePaint**

Data for painting and the color of a displayed item is described.

namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
type	celldesigner: paintType					
properties	complex					

8.6. Element **celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/ListOfSpeciesAliases**

This is an XML element that stores a list of CellDesigner.SpeciesAliases, each of which corresponds to a Species that is not a complex.

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
type	celldesigner:ListOfSpeciesAliasesType					
properties	isRef	0				
	content	complex				
children	celldesigner:speciesAlias					

8.6.1. Element **celldesigner:ListOfSpeciesAliasesType/speciesAlias**

This is an XML element representing a CellDesigner.SpeciesAlias that corresponds to a Species that is not a complex. When this Species is not a complex element, for the attribute “compartmentAlias” the id of the CellDesigner.CompartmentAlias in which this speciesAlias is located is described. When this Species is a

complex element, for the attribute “complexSpeciesAlias” the id of the CellDesigner.ComplexSpeciesAlias in which this speciesAlias is located is described. Only one of “compartmentAlias” or “complexSpeciesAlias” is used. If there is no description for both attributes, this means this speciesAlias belongs to a “default” compartment (canvas for editing).

The attribute “id” is an identification string to distinguish a speciesAlias (sa123 is a standard type). For the attribute “species”, if the Species is not a complex element, the id of the SBML.Species that is the source of this speciesAlias is described; if the Species is a complex element, the id of the CellDesigner.Species is described. Other lower elements are described in 7. Common Elements.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	cellDesigner:speciesAliasType				
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 1 maxOcc unbounded content complex				
children	cellDesigner:activity cellDesigner:bounds cellDesigner:view cellDesigner:usualView cellDesigner:briefView cellDesigner:structuralState cellDesigner:listOfSpeciesTag				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	id	derived by: cellDesigner:SId	required		
	species	derived by: cellDesigner:SId	required		
	compartmentAlias	derived by: cellDesigner:SId	optional		
	complexSpeciesAlias	derived by: cellDesigner:SId	optional		

Example

```

<cellDesigner:listOfSpeciesAliases>
  <cellDesigner:speciesAlias id="a1" species="s1">
    <cellDesigner:activity>inactive</cellDesigner:activity>
    <cellDesigner:bounds h="30.0" w="80.0" x="40.0" y="25.0" />
    <cellDesigner:view state="usual" />
    <cellDesigner:usualView>
      <cellDesigner:innerPosition x="0.0" y="0.0" />
      <cellDesigner:boxSize height="30.0" width="80.0" />
      <cellDesigner:singleLine width="1.0" />
    </cellDesigner:usualView>
  </cellDesigner:speciesAlias>
</cellDesigner:listOfSpeciesAliases>

```

```

    <celldesigner:paint color="ff7f0000" scheme="Gradation" />
  </celldesigner:usualView>
  <celldesigner:briefView>
    <celldesigner:innerPosition x="0.0" y="0.0" />
    <celldesigner:boxSize height="60.0" width="80.0" />
    <celldesigner:singleLine width="1.0" />
    <celldesigner:paint color="3fff0000" scheme="Color" />
  </celldesigner:briefView>
  <celldesigner:info state="empty" angle="-1.5707963267948966"/>
</celldesigner:speciesAlias>
.
.
.
<celldesigner:listOfSpeciesAliases>

```

8.7. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfGroups

This is an XML element that stores a list of (Complex)SpeciesAliases groups created in a graphic model; a group is regarded as a unit for editing.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfGroupsType
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	celldesigner:group

8.7.1. Element celldesigner:listOfGroupsType/group

This is an XML element that represents a group of (Complex)SpeciesAliases created in a graphic model; a group is regarded as a unit for editing.

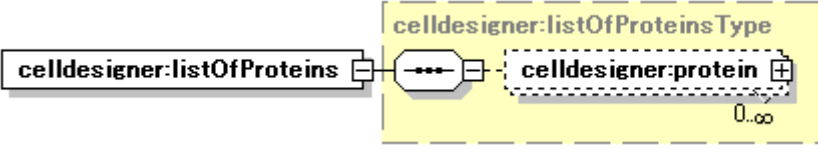
diagram								
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner							
type	celldesigner:groupType							
properties	isRef	0	minOcc	0	maxOcc	unbounded	content	complex
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed			
	id	derived by: celldesigner:SID	required					
	members	derived by: xs:string	required					

Example

```
<celldesigner:listOfGroups>
  <celldesigner:group id="g1" members="sa536,sa533,sa534,sa537,sa535,sa198" />
  <celldesigner:group id="g2" members="a70,a62,a71,a57,a56,a63,a51,a50" />
</celldesigner:listOfGroups>
```

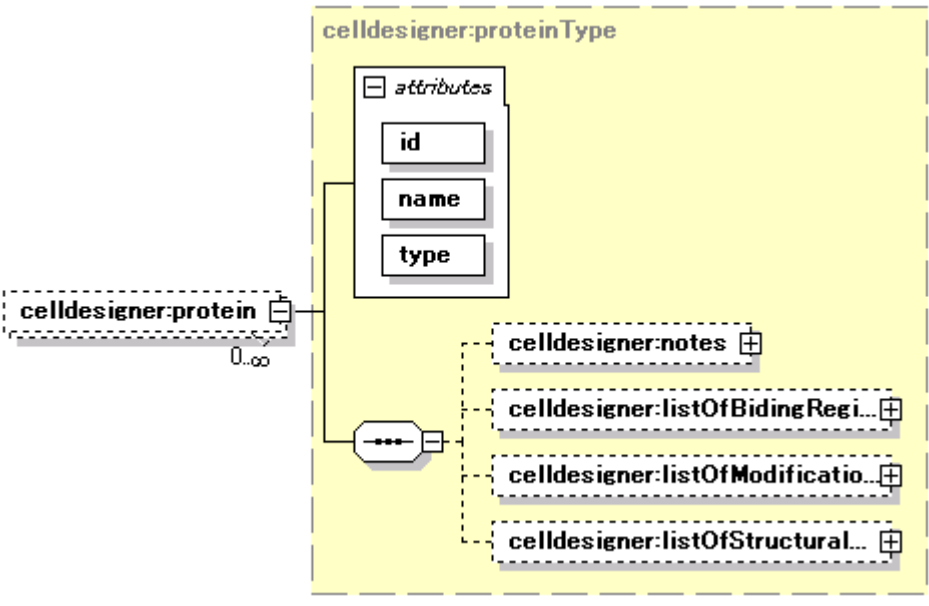
8.8. Element `celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfProteins`

This is an XML element that stores a list of CellDesigner.Proteins.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfProteinsType
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	celldesigner:protein

8.8.1. Element `celldesigner:listOfProteinsType/protein`

This is an XML element representing a CellDesigner.Protein that means a protein. The attribute `id` is a string to uniquely identify a Protein (pr123 is a standard type). The attribute `name` is the name of the Protein and used for identifying the uniqueness of the Protein. The attribute `type` is any string of “GENERIC”, “ION_CHANNEL”, “RECEPTOR”, or “TRUNCATED”. The lower element CellDesigner.Notes is described in 7.2.11, and other lower elements are described in the following sections.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:proteinType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc unbounded content complex
children	celldesigner:notes celldesigner:listOfBindingRegions celldesigner:listOfModificationResidues celldesigner:listOfStructuralStates

attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation
	id	derived by: celldesigner:SId	required			
	name	derived by: xs:string	required			
	type	derived by: xs:string	required			

8.8.1.1. Element **celldesigner:proteinType/listOfBindingRegions**

This is an XML element that stores a list of **celldesigner:bindingRegions**, each of which binds to other proteins, GENEs, or RNAs on the Protein.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfBindingRegionsType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex
children	celldesigner:bindingRegion

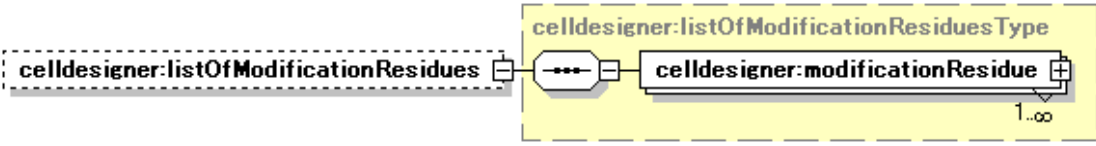
8.8.1.2. Element **celldesigner:listOfBindingRegionsType/bindingRegion**

This is an XML element that stores data of a region that binds to other proteins, GENEs, or RNAs on the protein. The attribute name stores the string of a label attached to the region. The attribute angle is a numerical value $[0, 2\pi]$ that specifies the display position of the binding region in the displayed protein.

diagram																															
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner																														
type	celldesigner:bindingRegionType																														
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 1 maxOcc unbounded content complex																														
attributes	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Use</th> <th>Default</th> <th>Fixed</th> <th>annotation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>angle</td> <td>xs: decimal</td> <td>optional</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Id</td> <td>xs:string</td> <td>optional</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Name</td> <td>xs: string</td> <td>optional</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>size</td> <td>xs:decimal</td> <td>optional</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation	angle	xs: decimal	optional				Id	xs:string	optional				Name	xs: string	optional				size	xs:decimal	optional			
Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation																										
angle	xs: decimal	optional																													
Id	xs:string	optional																													
Name	xs: string	optional																													
size	xs:decimal	optional																													

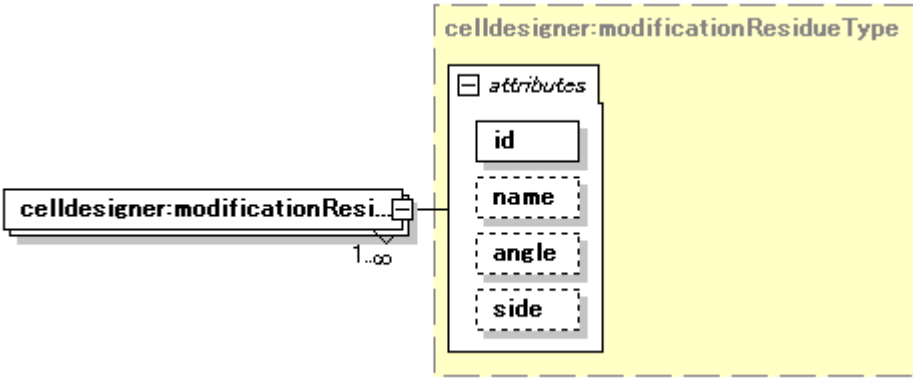
8.8.1.3. Element **celldesigner:proteinType/listOfModificationResidues**

This is an XML element that stores a list of **CellDesigner.ModificationResidues**, each of which is a residue subject to protein modification.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	cellDesigner:listOfModificationResiduesType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex
children	cellDesigner:modificationResidue

8.8.1.3.1. Element cellDesigner:listOfModificationResiduesType/modificationResidue

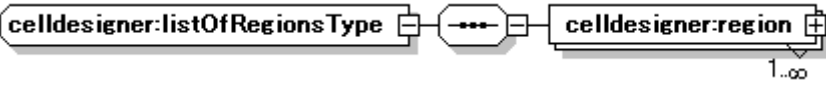
This is an XML element representing a CellDesigner.ModificationResidue that is a residue subject to protein modification. The attribute id is an identification string uniquely determined within one protein (rs12 is a standard type). The attribute name stores a label attached to the residue (e.g. a string “Ser178”). The attribute angle is a numerical value $[0, 2\pi]$ that specifies the display position of the residue in the displayed protein.

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
type	cellDesigner:modificationResidueType					
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 1 maxOcc unbounded content complex					
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation
	id	derived by: cellDesigner:SId	required			
	name	derived by: xs:string	optional			
	angle	derived by: xs:decimal	optional			
	side					

8.9. Common Elements for Genes, RNAs, and Antisense RNAs

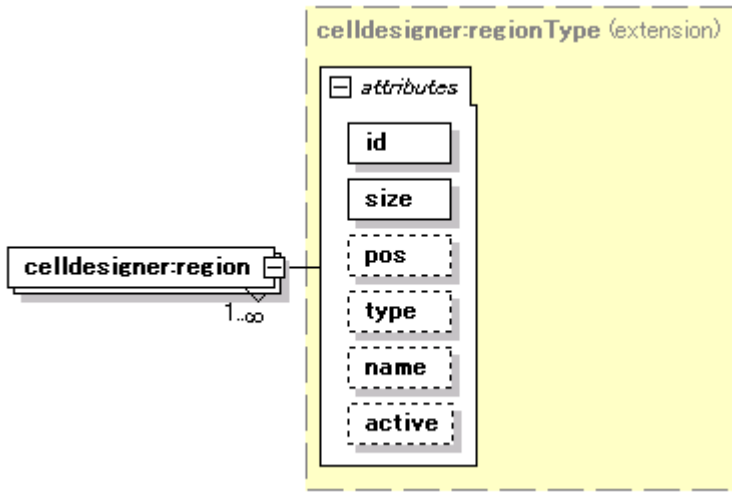
8.9.1. ComplexType cellDesigner:listOfRegionsType

This is an XML element that stores a list of CellDesigner.Regions, each of which represents a specific region in a nucleotide sequence.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
children	celldesigner:region
used by	elements celldesigner:geneType/listOfRegions celldesigner:RNAType/listOfRegions celldesigner:AntisenseRNAType/listOfRegions

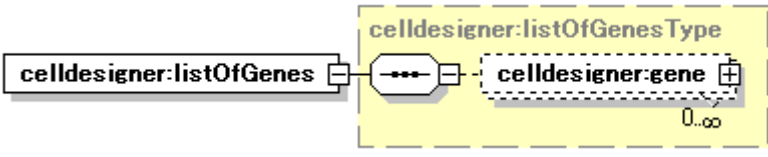
8.9.1.1. Element celldesigner:listOfRegionsType/region

This is an XML element representing a CellDesigner.Region that represents a specific region in a nucleotide sequence. The attribute id is an identification string uniquely determined within one nucleic acid (tr12 is a standard type). The attribute size is the relative size [0,1] of a box representing the region in relation to the displayed nucleic acid, and in the same manner, the attribute pos is a relative position [0,1]. For the attribute type any of the following is set: “proteinBindingDomain”, “Modification Site”, “transcriptionStartingSiteL”, “transcriptionStartingSiteR”, “CodingRegion”, “RegulatoryRegion”, or “empty”. If no type is set, the region is regarded as a modification site. The attribute name stores a label attached to the region (e.g. a string “TATA box”). The attribute “active” represents the state of “transcriptionStartingSiteL” and “transcriptionStartingSiteR”, and for other types, “false” is set.

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
type	extension of celldesigner:regionType					
properties	isRef	0	minOcc	1	maxOcc	unbounded
	content	complex				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation
	id	derived by: celldesigner:SId	required			
	size	derived by: xs:decimal	required			
	pos	derived by: xs:decimal	optional			
	type	derived by: xs:string				
	name	derived by: xs:string				
	active	xs:boolean	optional			

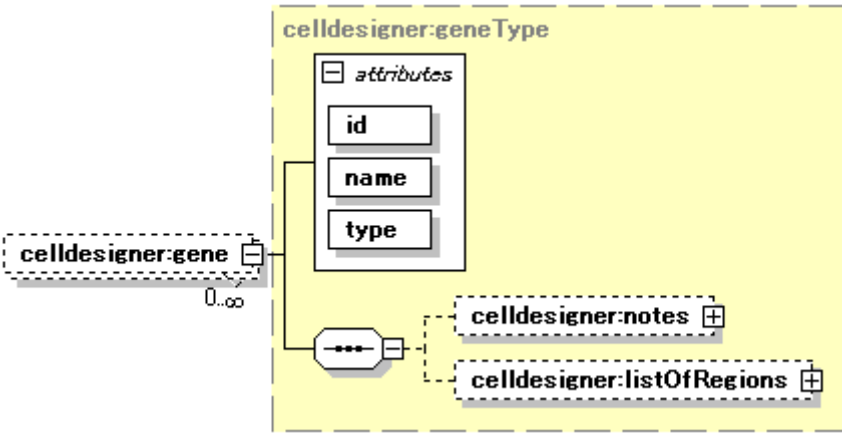
8.10. Element `celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfGenes`

This is an XML element that stores a list of `CellDesigner.Genes`.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfGenesType
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	celldesigner:gene

8.10.1. Element `celldesigner:listOfGenesType/gene`

This is an XML element representing a `CellDesigner.Gene` that means a gene. The attribute `id` is a string to uniquely identify a Gene (`gn123` is a standard type). The attribute `name` is the name of the Gene and used for identifying the uniqueness of the Gene. For the attribute type only “GENE” can be set. The lower element `CellDesigner.Notes` are described in 7.2.11, and `CellDesigner.ListOfRegions` are described in 8.9.1.

diagram																					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner																				
type	celldesigner:geneType																				
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc unbounded content complex																				
children	celldesigner:notes celldesigner:listOfRegions																				
attributes	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Use</th> <th>Default</th> <th>Fixed</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>id</td> <td>derived by: celldesigner:SID</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>name</td> <td>derived by: xs:string</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>type</td> <td>derived by: xs:string</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	id	derived by: celldesigner:SID	required			name	derived by: xs:string	required			type	derived by: xs:string	required		
Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed																	
id	derived by: celldesigner:SID	required																			
name	derived by: xs:string	required																			
type	derived by: xs:string	required																			

Example

```
<celldesigner:listOfGenes>
  <celldesigner:gene id="gn1" name="s5" type="GENE" />
  <celldesigner:gene id="gn2" name="histon1" type="GENE">
    <celldesigner:listOfRegions>
```

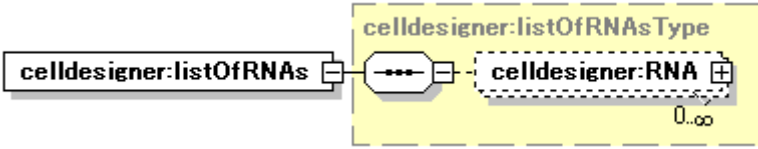
```

    <cellDesigner:region id="tr1" size="0.0" />
  </cellDesigner:listOfRegions>
</cellDesigner:gene>
<cellDesigner:gene id="gn4" name="Cre1" type="GENE">
  <cellDesigner:listOfRegions>
    <cellDesigner:region id="tr1" pos="0.12" size="0.36" type="codingRegion" />
  </cellDesigner:listOfRegions>
</cellDesigner:gene>
.
.
.
</cellDesigner:listOfGenes>

```

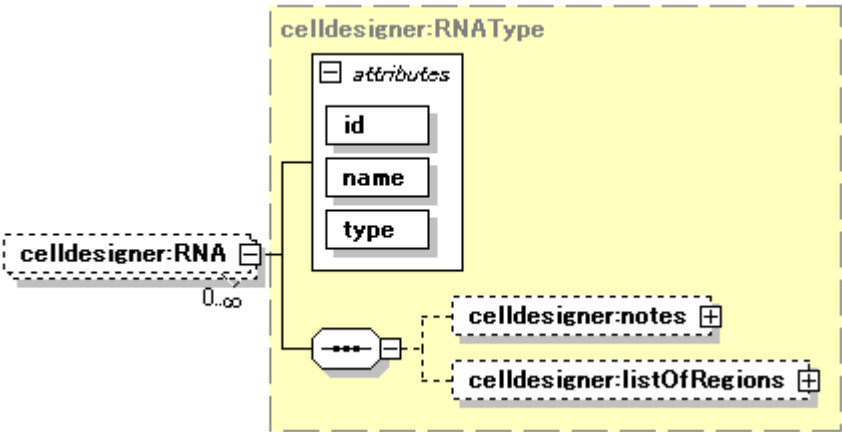
8.11. Element cellDesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfRNAs

This is an XML element that stores a list of CellDesigner.RNAs.

diagram	 <p>The diagram shows a box labeled 'cellDesigner:listOfRNAsType' containing a box labeled 'cellDesigner:listOfRNAs' which is connected to a box labeled 'cellDesigner:RNA'. The 'cellDesigner:RNA' box has a dashed border and a '0..∞' multiplicity indicator.</p>
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/cellDesigner
type	cellDesigner:listOfRNAsType
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	cellDesigner:RNA

8.11.1. Element cellDesigner:listOfRNAsType/RNA

This is an XML element representing a CellDesigner.RNA that means an RNA. The attribute id is a string to uniquely identify an RNA (rn123 is a standard type). The attribute name is the name of an RNA and used for identifying the uniqueness of a Gene. For the attribute “type”, only “RNA” can be set. The lower element CellDesigner.Notes are described in 7.2.11, and CellDesigner.ListOfRegions are described in 8.9.1.

diagram	 <p>The diagram shows a box labeled 'cellDesigner:RNAType' containing an 'attributes' box with 'id', 'name', and 'type' attributes. It also contains a box labeled 'cellDesigner:notes' and a box labeled 'cellDesigner:listOfRegions'. A dashed box labeled 'cellDesigner:RNA' with a '0..∞' multiplicity indicator is connected to the 'cellDesigner:RNAType' box.</p>
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/cellDesigner
type	cellDesigner:RNAType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc unbounded content complex

children	celldesigner:notes celldesigner:listOfRegions				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	id	derived by: celldesigner:SID	required		
	name	derived by: xs:string	required		
	type	derived by: xs:string	required		

Example

```

<celldesigner:listOfRNAs>
  <celldesigner:RNA id="rn1" name="s6" type="RNA" />
  <celldesigner:RNA id="rn2" name="RNA" type="RNA" />
  <celldesigner:RNA id="rn3" name="exon" type="RNA" />
  <celldesigner:notes>
    <html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
      <!-- Notes by CellDesigner -->
      <body>This is RNA notes.</body>
    </html>
  </celldesigner:notes>
  <celldesigner:listOfRegions>
    <celldesigner:region id="tr1" size="0.3" type="exon" />
  </celldesigner:listOfRegions>
</celldesigner:RNA>
<celldesigner:RNA id="rn4" name="proteinBindingDomain" type="RNA">
  <celldesigner:listOfRegions>
    <celldesigner:region id="tr1" pos="0.20999999999999996" size="0.48"
      type="proteinBindingDomain" />
  </celldesigner:listOfRegions>
</celldesigner:RNA>
.
.
.
</celldesigner:listOfRNAs>

```

8.12. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfAntisenseRNAs

This is an XML element that stores a list of CellDesigner.AntisenseRNAs.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfAntisenseRNAsType
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	celldesigner:AntisenseRNA

8.12.1. Element celldesigner:listOfAntisenseRNAsType/AntisenseRNA

This is an XML element representing a CellDesigner.AntisenseRNA that means an antisenseRNA. The attribute id is a string to uniquely identify an AntisenseRNA (arn123 is a standard type). The attribute name is the name of the AntisenseRNA and used for identifying the uniqueness of the AntisenseRNA. For the

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:AntisenseRNAType				
properties	isRef	0			
	minOcc	0			
	maxOcc	unbounded			
	content	complex			
children	celldesigner:notes celldesigner:listOfRegions				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	id	derived by: celldesigner:Sid	required		
	name	derived by: xs:string	required		
	type	derived by: xs:string	required		

Example

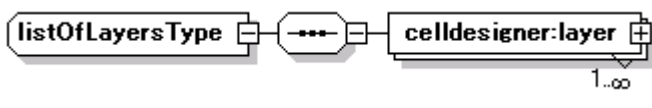
```

<celldesigner: listOfAntisenseRNAs>
  <celldesigner: AntisenseRNA id="arn2" name="asRNA" type="ANTISENSE_RNA" />
  <celldesigner: AntisenseRNA id="arn3" name="s451" type="ANTISENSE_RNA" />
  <celldesigner: AntisenseRNA id="arn4" name="s452" type="ANTISENSE_RNA">
    <celldesigner: listOfRegions>
      <celldesigner: region id="tr1" name="sta" pos="0.29999999999999993"
        size="0.3" type="exon" />
    </celldesigner: listOfRegions>
  </celldesigner: AntisenseRNA>
  <celldesigner: AntisenseRNA id="arn1" name="s7" type="ANTISENSE_RNA">
    <celldesigner: listOfRegions>
      <celldesigner: region id="tr1" name="CreBinding" pos="0.32999999999999996"
        size="0.52" type="proteinBindingDomain" />
    </celldesigner: listOfRegions>
  </celldesigner: AntisenseRNA>
</celldesigner: listOfAntisenseRNAs>

```

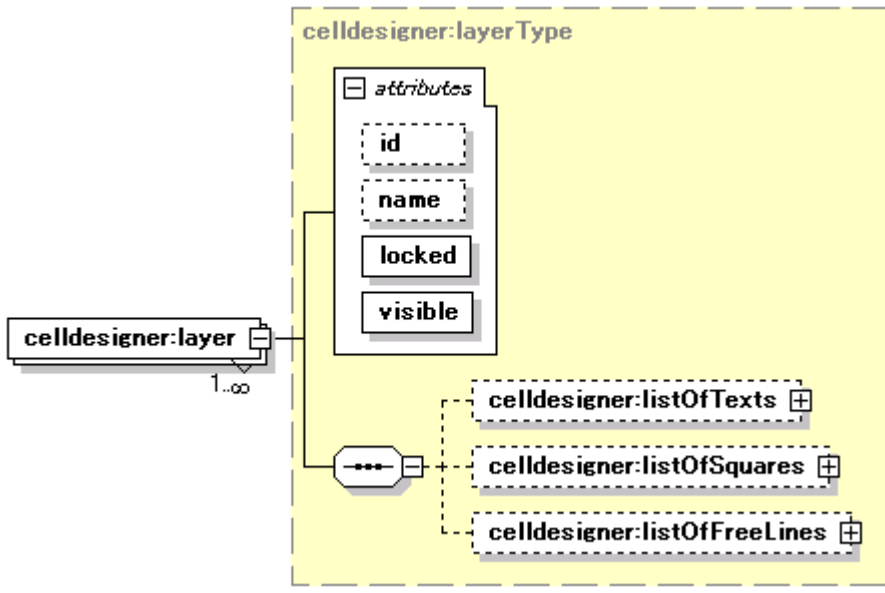
8.13. Element `celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfLayers`

This is a complex type that manages a list of `celldesigner:layers`.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
children	celldesigner:layer
used by	element modelAnnotationType/listOfLayers

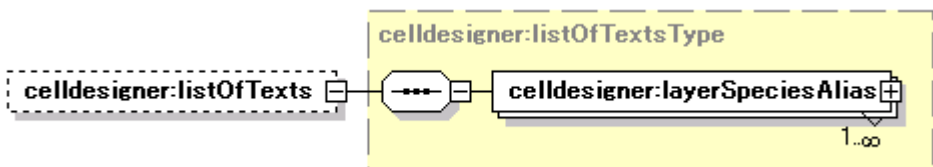
8.13.1. Element `listOfLayersType/layer`

This is an XML element that represents a layer. The attributes “id” and “name” retains the ID and name; the attribute “locked” indicates the layer cannot be edited; and the attribute “visible” retains the visible/invisible state of components in the layer.

diagram																															
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner																														
type	celldesigner:layerType																														
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 1 maxOcc unbounded content complex																														
children	celldesigner:listOfTexts celldesigner:listOfSquares celldesigner:listOfFreeLines																														
attributes	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Use</th> <th>Default</th> <th>Fixed</th> <th>annotation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>id</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>name</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>locked</td> <td>xs:boolean</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>visible</td> <td>xs:boolean</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation	id						name						locked	xs:boolean	required				visible	xs:boolean	required			
Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation																										
id																															
name																															
locked	xs:boolean	required																													
visible	xs:boolean	required																													

8.13.2. Element `layerType/listOfTexts`

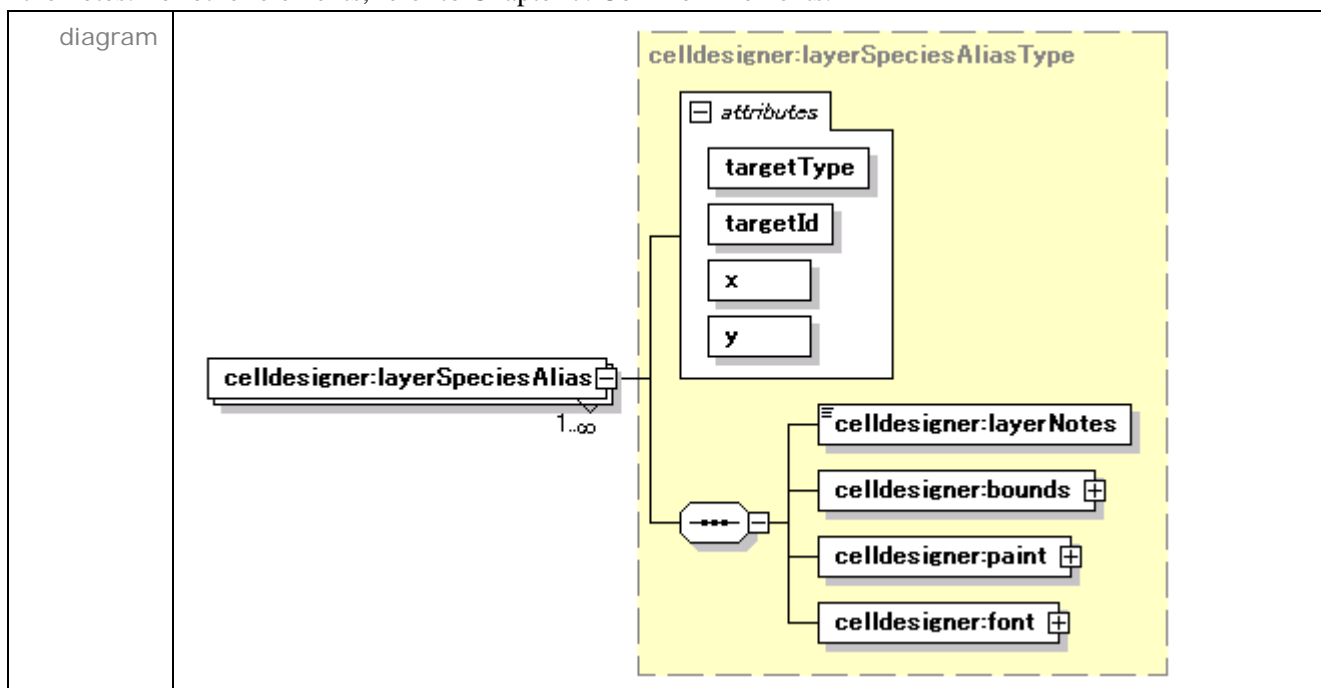
This is an element that represents a list of `celldesigner:layerSpeciesAliases`.

diagram	
---------	--

namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfTextsType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex
children	celldesigner:layerSpeciesAlias

8.13.3. Element listOfTextsType/layerSpeciesAlias

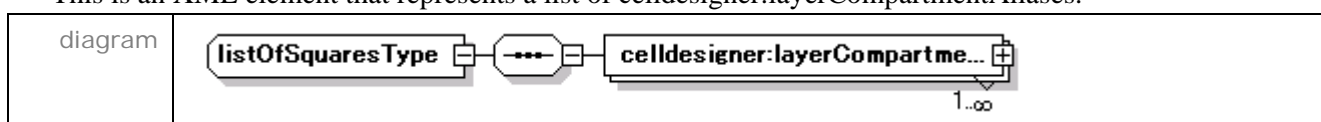
This is an element that represents text notes added to a layer. The attribute “targetType” retains the type of a component to which notes are added, and “targetID” retains the ID of the component. If there is no component as directed by the notes, null is set for both targetType and targetID. “x” and “y” represent the coordinates of the arrow tip as directed by the notes. The child element “layerNotes” represents a string for the notes. For other elements, refer to Chapter 7. Common Elements.



namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner							
type	celldesigner:layerSpeciesAliasType							
properties	isRef	0	minOcc	1	maxOcc	unbounded	content	complex
children	celldesigner:layerNotes celldesigner:bounds celldesigner:paint celldesigner:font							
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation		
	targetType	xs:string	required					
	targetId	xs:string	required					
	x	xs:decimal	required					
	y	xs:decimal	required					

8.13.4. Element layerType/listOfSquares

This is an XML element that represents a list of celldesigner:layerCompartmentAliases.



namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
children	celldesigner:layerCompartmentAlias

8.13.5. Element listOfSquaresType/layerCompartmentAlias

This is an element that represents a shape (square or oval) drawn in a layer. The attribute “type” represents the type of the shape, and “Oval” or “Square” is set. For the child elements “bound” and “paint”, refer to Chapter 7. Common Elements.

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
type	celldesigner:layerCompartmentAliasType					
properties	isRef	0	minOcc	1	maxOcc	unbounded
	content	complex				
children	celldesigner:bounds celldesigner:paint					
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation
	type	derived by: xs:string	required			

8.13.6. Element layerType/listOfFreeLines

This is an XML element that represents a list of celldesigner:layerFreeLines.

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
children	celldesigner:layerFreeLine					

8.13.7. Element listOfFreeLinesType/layerFreeLine

This is an element that represents lines and arrows drawn in a layer. When the attribute “isArrow” is true, this refers to an arrow, and when “isDotted” is true, this refers to a dotted line. For the child elements “bounds” and “line”, refer to Chapter 7. Common Elements.

diagram								
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner							
type	celldesigner:layerFreeLineType							
properties	isRef	0	minOcc	1	maxOcc	unbounded	content	complex
children	celldesigner:bounds celldesigner:line							
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation		
	isArrow	xs:boolean						
	isDotted	xs:boolean						

8.14. Element celldesigner:modelAnnotationType/listOfBlockDiagrams

This is an XML element to store a list of CellDesigner.BlockDiagrams.

diagram								
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner							
type	celldesigner:listOfBlockDiagramsType							
properties	isRef	0	minOcc	0	maxOcc	1	content	complex
children	celldesigner:blockDiagram							

8.14.1. Element celldesigner:listOfBlockDiagramsType/blockDiagram

This is an XML element representing a CellDesigner.BlockDiagram that retains data concerning a block diagram with a focus on a specific protein (refer to Section 2.5). For the attribute protein the id of the target Protein is set. The lower XML elements are explained in the next sections.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	cellDesigner:blockDiagramType				
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc unbounded content complex				
children	cellDesigner:canvas cellDesigner:block cellDesigner:halo cellDesigner:listOfResiduesInBlockDiagram cellDesigner:listOfExternalNamesForResidue cellDesigner:listOfBindingSitesInBlockDiagram cellDesigner:listOfEffectSitesInBlockDiagram cellDesigner:degradedInBlockDiagram cellDesigner:listOfInternalOperatorsInBlockDiagram cellDesigner:listOfInternalLinksInBlockDiagram				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	protein	derived by: cellDesigner:SID	required		

8.14.1.1. Element cellDesigner:blockDiagramType/canvas

This is an XML element to specify the size of a window canvas for the display of the block diagram. For the attributes width and height, the width and height of the canvas are set.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	cellDesigner:canvasType				

properties	isRef 0 content complex				
attributes	Name height width	Type derived by: xs:short derived by: xs:short	Use required required	Default	Fixed

Example

```
<celldesigner:canvas height="308" width="474" />
```

8.14.1.2. Element celldesigner:blockDiagramType/block

This is an XML element to describe a block in the block diagram, i.e. display area data of the target Protein. In an actual diagram, the area is displayed as a rounded box with a solid line. The attributes width and height give the width and height of the box; x and y describe the position within the window canvas; and nameOffsetX and nameOffsetY describe the offset values between the center of the protein name label and the upper right of the block.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:blockType				
properties	isRef 0 content complex				
attributes	Name width height x y nameOffsetX nameOffsetY	Type derived by: xs:short derived by: xs:short derived by: xs:short derived by: xs:short derived by: xs:decimal derived by: xs:decimal	Use required required required required required required	Default	Fixed

Example

```
<celldesigner:block height="90" nameOffsetX="-8.0" nameOffsetY="-8.0" width="210" x="100" y="50" />
```

8.14.1.3. Element `celldesigner:blockDiagramType/halo`

This is an XML element that retains data for the block diagram extension or halo to describe other proteins, etc., which are associated with the target Protein. The attributes `width` and `height` give the width and height of the halo, and `x` and `y` describe the position within the canvas.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:haloType				
properties	isRef 0 content complex				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	width	derived by: xs:short	required		
	height	derived by: xs:short	required		
	x	derived by: xs:short	required		
	y	derived by: xs:short	required		

Example

```
<celldesigner:halo height="150" width="270" x="70" y="20" />
```

8.14.1.4. Element `celldesigner:blockDiagramType/listOfResiduesInBlockDiagram`

This is an XML element to store a list of `ResiduesInBlockDiagram`, each of which describes a residue arranged at the top side of the block diagram.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:listOfResiduesInBlockDiagramType				
properties	isRef 0 content complex				
children	celldesigner:residueInBlockDiagram				

8.14.1.4.1. Element `celldesigner:listOfResiduesInBlockDiagramType/residueInBlockDiagram`

This is an XML element representing a `ResidueInBlockDiagram` that describes a residue arranged at the top side of the block diagram. The meaning of each attribute is as follows:

Attribute name	Content
<code>residue</code>	The SId of a corresponding residue in a process diagram.
<code>type</code>	Type of residue.
<code>id</code>	A unique identifier in the list. An integer of 0 or more is used.
<code>offsetX</code>	The offset position is determined by assuming the center of the top side of the block is 0.
<code>name</code>	Residue name. This is omitted if a residue name is not displayed in the block diagram.
<code>nameOffsetX</code> <code>nameOffsetY</code>	When a residue name is displayed, the offsets are located between the center of the name and the center of the residue.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:residueInBlockDiagramType				
properties	isRef	0			
	minOcc	0			
	maxOcc	unbounded			
	content	complex			
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	residue	derived by: celldesigner:SId	optional		
	type	derived by: xs:string	required		
	id	derived by: xs:short	required		
	offsetX	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	name	derived by: xs:string			
	nameOffsetX	derived by: xs:decimal			
	nameOffsetY	derived by: xs:decimal			

Example

```
<celldesigner:listOfResiduesInBlockDiagram>
  <celldesigner:residueInBlockDiagram id="0" name="Ser225" nameOffsetX="17.0"
    nameOffsetY="12.0" offsetX="-75.0" residue="rs1" type="acetylated" />
  <celldesigner:residueInBlockDiagram id="1" name="Ser225" nameOffsetX="17.0"
```

```

nameOffsetY="12.0" offsetX="-45.0" residue="rs1" type="dontcare" />
<celldesigner:residueInBlockDiagram id="2" name="Ser225" nameOffsetX="17.0"
nameOffsetY="12.0" offsetX="-15.0" residue="rs1" type="methylated" />
<celldesigner:residueInBlockDiagram id="3" name="Ser225" nameOffsetX="17.0"
nameOffsetY="12.0" offsetX="15.0" residue="rs1" type="phosphorylated" />
<celldesigner:residueInBlockDiagram id="4" name="Ser225" nameOffsetX="17.0"
nameOffsetY="12.0" offsetX="45.0" residue="rs1" type="ubiquitinated" />
<celldesigner:residueInBlockDiagram id="5" name="Ser225" nameOffsetX="17.0"
nameOffsetY="12.0" offsetX="75.0" residue="rs1" type="unknown" />
</celldesigner:listOfResiduesInBlockDiagram>

```

8.14.1.5. Element celldesigner:blockDiagramType/listOfExternalNamesForResidue

This is an XML element that stores a list of ExternalNamesResidue to describe modifiers that affect modification states of protein residues.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfExternalNamesForResidueType
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	celldesigner:externalNameForResidue

8.14.1.5.1. Element celldesigner:listOfExternalNamesForResidueType/externalNameForResidue

This is an XML element that represents an ExternalNameResidue to describe a modifier that affects the modification states of protein residues. The meaning of each attribute is as follows:

Attribute name	Content
id	A unique identifier in the list. An integer of 0 or more is used.
offsetY	The offset position is determined by assuming the central point between the block halo left side and the block left side is 0.
name	Name.
nameOffsetX	When a name is displayed, the offsets are located between the center of the name and the link line left end.
nameOffsetY	
protein	Optional. When automatically generated from a process diagram, a string in which the id of the Protein is connected with a slash "/" is described.

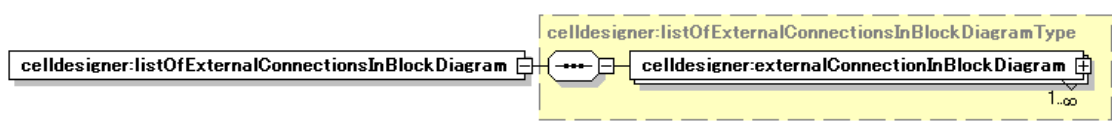
diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner

type	celldesigner:externalNameForResidueType							
properties	isRef	0	minOcc	0	maxOcc	unbounded	content	complex
children	celldesigner:listOfExternalConnectionsInBlockDiagram							
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed			
	id	derived by: xs:short	required					
	offsetY	derived by: xs:decimal	required					
	name	derived by: xs:string	required					
	nameOffsetX	derived by: xs:decimal	required					
	nameOffsetY	derived by: xs:decimal	required					
	protein	derived by: xs:string	optional					

8.14.1.5.1.1. Element

celldesigner:externalNameForResidueType/listOfExternalConnectionsInBlockDiagram

This is an XML element that stores a list of ExternalConnectionsInBlockDiagram, each of which describes a connection line to a residue affected by an external modifier.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfExternalConnectionsInBlockDiagramType
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	celldesigner:externalConnectionInBlockDiagram

8.14.1.5.1.1.1. Element

celldesigner:listOfExternalConnectionsInBlockDiagramType/externalConnectionInBlockDiagram

This is an XML element representing an ExternalConnectionInBlockDiagram that describes a connection line to a residue affected by an external modifier. The meaning of each attribute is as follows:

Attribute name	Content
residue	The id of corresponding ResiduesInBlockDiagram.
type	Type of link line (activation/activationMaybe ¹ /inhibition).
predefined	Optional. When automatically generated from a process diagram, “true” is set.

¹ Activation (whether modification is triggered or not) is not determined. In a diagram the line drawn to the upper part from the residue is linked by a gray small circle.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	cellDesigner:externalConnectionInBlockDiagramType				
properties	isRef	0			
	minOcc	1			
	maxOcc	unbounded			
	content	complex			
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	residue	derived by: xs:short	required		
	type	derived by: xs:string	required		
	predefined	derived by: xs:boolean	optional		

Example

```

<cellDesigner: listOfExternalNamesForResidue>
  <cellDesigner: externalNameForResidue id="0" name="PP2B" nameOffsetX="-17.0"
    nameOffsetY="0.0" offsetY="-7.0" protein="p101">
    <cellDesigner: listOfExternalConnectionsInBlockDiagram>
      <cellDesigner: externalConnectionInBlockDiagram predefined="true" residue="1"
        type="inhibition" />
      <cellDesigner: externalConnectionInBlockDiagram predefined="true" residue="0"
        type="inhibition" />
    </cellDesigner: listOfExternalConnectionsInBlockDiagram>
  </cellDesigner: externalNameForResidue>
  <cellDesigner: externalNameForResidue id="1" name="nuc.ERK1/2" nameOffsetX="-32.0"
    nameOffsetY="0.0" offsetY="9.0" protein="p91">
    <cellDesigner: listOfExternalConnectionsInBlockDiagram>
      <cellDesigner: externalConnectionInBlockDiagram predefined="true" residue="1"
        type="activation" />
      <cellDesigner: externalConnectionInBlockDiagram predefined="true" residue="0"
        type="activation" />
    </cellDesigner: listOfExternalConnectionsInBlockDiagram>
  </cellDesigner: externalNameForResidue>
</cellDesigner: listOfExternalNamesForResidue>

```

8.14.1.6. Element cellDesigner:blockDiagramType/listOfBindingSitesInBlockDiagram

This is an XML element that stores a list of BindingSitesInBlockDiagram, each of which describes a binding site with another molecule, and is displayed on the left side of the block diagram.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	cellDesigner:listOfBindingSitesInBlockDiagramType				

properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	celldesigner:bindingSiteInBlockDiagram

8.14.1.6.1. Element **celldesigner:listOfBindingSitesInBlockDiagramType/bindingSiteInBlockDiagram**

This is an XML element representing a BindingSiteInBlockDiagram that describes a binding site with another molecule, and is displayed on the left side of the block diagram. The meaning of each attribute is as follows:

Attribute name	Content
id	A unique identifier in the list. An integer of 0 or more is used.
offsetY	The offset position is determined by assuming the center of the left side of the block is 0.
name	The name of a Species that is a binding partner.
nameOffsetX nameOffsetY	When the name of the binding partner is displayed, the offsets are located between the center of the name and the link line endpoint.
protein	The id of a Species that is a binding partner.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:bindingSiteInBlockDiagramType				
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc unbounded content complex				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	id	derived by: xs:short	required		
	offsetY	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	name	derived by: xs:string	required		
	nameOffsetX	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	nameOffsetY	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	protein	derived by: celldesigner:SID	required		

Example

```
<celldesigner:listOfBindingSitesInBlockDiagram>
  <celldesigner:bindingSiteInBlockDiagram id="0" name="Slp1" nameOffsetX="-14.0"
    nameOffsetY="0.0" offsetY="-30.0" protein="pr34" />
</celldesigner:listOfBindingSitesInBlockDiagram>
```



```

<celldesigner:bindingSiteInBlockDiagram id="1" name="A" nameOffsetX="-7.0"
nameOffsetY="0.0" offsetY="0.0" protein="pr42" />
<celldesigner:bindingSiteInBlockDiagram id="2" name="B" nameOffsetX="-7.0"
nameOffsetY="0.0" offsetY="30.0" protein="pr43" />
</celldesigner:listOfBindingSitesInBlockDiagram>

```

8.14.1.7. Element `celldesigner:blockDiagramType/listOfEffectSitesInBlockDiagram`

This is an XML element that stores a list of `EffectSitesInBlockDiagram`, each of which describes such effects as enzymic activity with an external molecule, and is displayed on the bottom side of the block diagram.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfEffectSitesInBlockDiagramType
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	celldesigner:effectSiteInBlockDiagram

8.14.1.7.1. Element `celldesigner:listOfEffectSitesInBlockDiagramType/effectSiteInBlockDiagram`

This is an XML element representing a `EffectSiteInBlockDiagram` to describe such effects as enzymic activity with an external molecule, and is displayed on the bottom side of the block diagram. The meaning of each attribute is as follows:

Attribute name	Content
id	A unique identifier in the list. An integer of 0 or more is used.
offsetX	When a black box is positioned, the offset position is determined by assuming the center of the bottom side of the block is 0.
offsetY	When a point for bending is determined, the offset position is determined by assuming the midpoint between the block bottom side and the block halo bottom side is 0.
name	The name of a Species that is affected.
nameOffsetX nameOffsetY	Regarding the name label of the affected target, the offsets are located between the center of the label and the link line endpoint.
species	The SId of a Species that is affected.
reaction	The id of a Reaction that is the actual process of the effect.

`EffectInBlockDiagram` is described later.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	cellDesigner:effectSiteInBlockDiagramType				
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc unbounded content complex				
children	cellDesigner:effectInBlockDiagram				
attributes	Name id offsetX offsetY name nameOffsetX nameOffsetY reaction species	Type derived by: xs:short derived by: xs:decimal derived by: xs:decimal derived by: xs:string derived by: xs:decimal derived by: xs:decimal derived by: xs:decimal cellDesigner:SID cellDesigner:SID	Use required required required required required required required	Default	Fixed

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
children	celldesigner:effectInBlockDiagram					
used by	element listOfEffectSitesInBlockDiagramType/effectSiteInBlockDiagram					
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation
	id	derived by: xs:short	required			
	offsetX	derived by: xs:decimal	required			
	offsetY	derived by: xs:decimal	required			
	name	derived by: xs:string	required			
	nameOffsetX	derived by: xs:decimal	required			
	nameOffsetY	derived by: xs:decimal	required			
	reaction	derived by: sbml:SIId				
	species	derived by: sbml:SIId				

8.14.1.7.1.1. Element celldesigner:effectSiteInBlockDiagramType/effectInBlockDiagram

This is an XML element to describe an effect given to an external molecule. For the attribute type either “CATALYSIS” or “INHIBITION” is specified as a type of activity. EffectTargetInBlockDiagram is described in the next section.

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
type	celldesigner:effectInBlockDiagramType					

properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex										
children	celldesigner:effectTargetInBlockDiagram										
attributes	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Use</th> <th>Default</th> <th>Fixed</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>type</td> <td>derived by: xs:string</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	type	derived by: xs:string	required		
Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed							
type	derived by: xs:string	required									

8.14.1.7.1.1.1. Element **celldesigner:effectInBlockDiagramType/effectTargetInBlockDiagram**

This is an XML element to describe a Protein that is an effect target. For the attribute protein, the id of the target Protein is described.

diagram											
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner										
type	celldesigner:effectTargetInBlockDiagramType										
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 1 maxOcc unbounded content complex										
attributes	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Use</th> <th>Default</th> <th>Fixed</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>protein</td> <td>derived by: celldesigner:SId</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	protein	derived by: celldesigner:SId	required		
Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed							
protein	derived by: celldesigner:SId	required									

Example

```

<celldesigner:ListOfEffectSitesInBlockDiagram>
  <celldesigner:effectSiteInBlockDiagram id="1" name="B/A/Slp1/APC|B/Slp1/APC"
    nameOffsetX="66.0" nameOffsetY="0.0" offsetX="30.0" offsetY="-16.0"
    reaction="re31" species="s115">
    <celldesigner:effectInBlockDiagram type="CATALYSIS">
      <celldesigner:effectTargetInBlockDiagram protein="pr43" />
      <celldesigner:effectTargetInBlockDiagram protein="pr34" />
      <celldesigner:effectTargetInBlockDiagram protein="p11" />
    </celldesigner:effectInBlockDiagram>
  </celldesigner:effectSiteInBlockDiagram>
  <celldesigner:effectSiteInBlockDiagram id="2" name="Rum1" nameOffsetX="18.0"
    nameOffsetY="0.0" offsetX="60.0" offsetY="-32.0" reaction="re32" species="s115">
    <celldesigner:effectInBlockDiagram type="CATALYSIS">
      <celldesigner:effectTargetInBlockDiagram protein="p13" />
    </celldesigner:effectInBlockDiagram>
  </celldesigner:effectSiteInBlockDiagram>
</celldesigner:ListOfEffectSitesInBlockDiagram>

```

8.14.1.8. Element **celldesigner:blockDiagramType/degradedInBlockDiagram**

This is an XML element representing a DegradedInBlockDiagram that describes self-degradation and is displayed on the right side of the block diagram. The meaning of each attribute is as follows:

Attribute name	Content
id	A unique identifier in the list. An integer of 0 or more is used.
offsetY	The offset position is determined by assuming the center of the right side of the block is 0.

The lower element DegradedShapeInBlockDiagram is described in the next section.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:degradedInBlockDiagramType				
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex				
children	celldesigner:degradedShapeInBlockDiagram				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	id	derived by: xs:short	required		
	offsetY	derived by: xs:decimal	required		

8.14.1.8.1. Element celldesigner:degradedInBlockDiagramType/degradedShapeInBlockDiagram

This is an XML element to describe a symbol that means degradation. The meaning of each attribute is as follows:

Attribute name	Content
width	The width and height for a circle with oblique line.
height	
offsetX	The offset position is determined by assuming the right endpoint of the link line to the above shape is (0,0).
offsetY	

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:degradedShapeInBlockDiagramType				
properties	isRef 0 content complex				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	width	derived by: xs:short	required		
	height	derived by: xs:short	required		
	offsetX	derived by: xs:decimal	required		

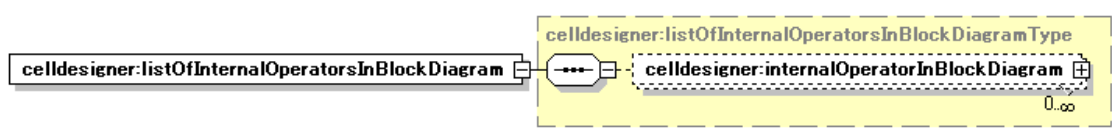
	offsetY	derived by: xs:decimal	required
--	---------	---	----------

Example

```
<celldesigner:degradedInBlockDiagram id="0" offsetY="0.0">
  <celldesigner:degradedShapeInBlockDiagram height="22" offsetX="11.0" offsetY="0.0"
    width="22" />
</celldesigner:degradedInBlockDiagram>
```

8.14.1.9. Element celldesigner:blockDiagramType/listOfInternalOperatorsInBlockDiagram

This is an XML element that stores a list of InternalOperatorsInBlockDiagram, each of which is needed to describe the internal logic of the protein described by the block diagram.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfInternalOperatorsInBlockDiagramType
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	celldesigner:internalOperatorInBlockDiagram

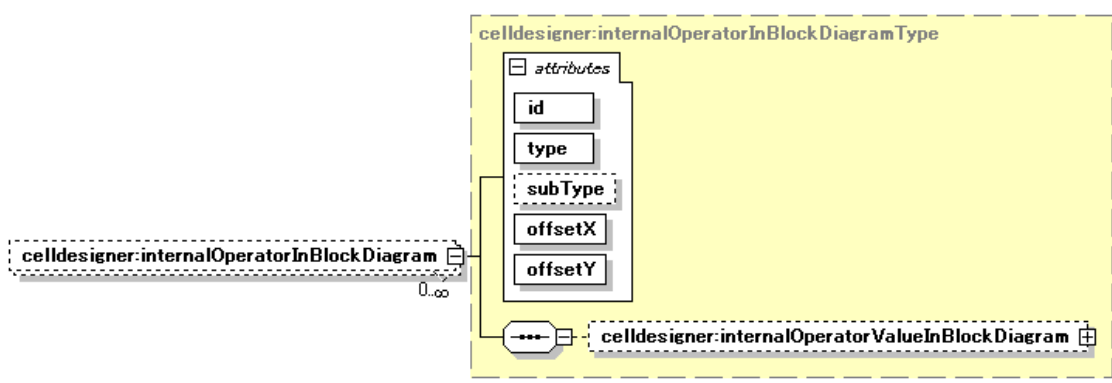
8.14.1.9.1. Element

celldesigner:listOfInternalOperatorsInBlockDiagramType/internalOperatorInBlockDiagram

This is an XML element to describe an InternalOperatorInBlockDiagram, an operator needed to describe the internal logic of the protein described by the block diagram. The meaning of each attribute is as follows:

Attribute name	Content
id	A unique identifier in the list. An integer of 0 or more is used.
type	Type (and/or/add/multiply/threshold/autoActivate/assign).
subType	Optional. When the type is "threshold", the subtype is (ge/gt/le/lt).
offsetX	When an operator is displayed, the offsets are located from the center of the block.
offsetY	

The lower element InternalOperatorValueInBlockDiagram is explained in the next section.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:internalOperatorInBlockDiagramType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc unbounded content complex

children	celldesigner:internalOperatorValueInBlockDiagram				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	id	derived by: xs:short	required		
	type	derived by: xs:string	required		
	subType	derived by: xs:string	optional		
	offsetX	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	offsetY	derived by: xs:decimal	required		

8.14.1.9.1.1. Element

celldesigner:internalOperatorInBlockDiagramType/internalOperatorValueInBlockDiagram

This is an XML element representing an InternalOperatorValueInBlockDiagram that describes a value accompanying an InternalOperatorInBlockDiagram, an operator needed to describe the internal logic. The meaning of each attribute is as follows:

Attribute name	Content
value	A value represented by a real number.
offsetX offsetY	When the value is displayed, the offsets are located from the center of the operator.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:internalOperatorValueInBlockDiagramType				
properties	isRef	0			
	minOcc	0			
	maxOcc	1			
	content	complex			
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	value	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	offsetX	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	offsetY	derived by: xs:decimal	required		

Example

```

<celldesigner: listOfInternalOperatorsInBlockDiagram >
  <celldesigner: internalOperatorInBlockDiagram id="0" offsetX="35.0" offsetY="-36.0"
    type="and" />
  <celldesigner: internalOperatorInBlockDiagram id="1" offsetX="46.0" offsetY="6.0"
    type="add" />
  <celldesigner: internalOperatorInBlockDiagram id="2" offsetX="-42.0" offsetY="-20.0"
    subType="ge" type="threshold">
    <celldesigner: internalOperatorValueInBlockDiagram offsetX="16.0" offsetY="12.0"
      value="1.0" />
  </celldesigner: internalOperatorInBlockDiagram >

```

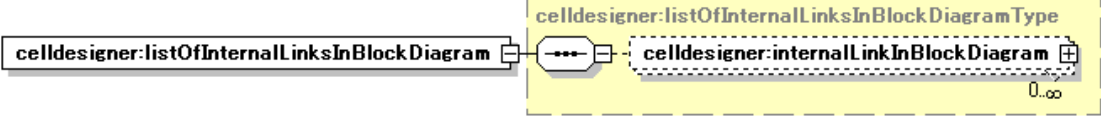
```

<celldesigner:internalOperatorInBlockDiagram id="3" offsetX="49.0" offsetY="40.0"
  type="autoActivate" />
<celldesigner:internalOperatorInBlockDiagram id="4" offsetX="-20.0" offsetY="29.0"
  type="assign">
  <celldesigner:internalOperatorValueInBlockDiagram offsetX="7.0" offsetY="8.0"
    value="1.0" />
</celldesigner:internalOperatorInBlockDiagram>
</celldesigner:listOfInternalOperatorsInBlockDiagram>

```

8.14.1.10. Element `celldesigner:blockDiagramType/listOfInternalLinksInBlockDiagram`

This is an XML element that stores a list of `InternalLinksInBlockDiagram`, each of which describes a link to describe the internal logic of the protein described by the block diagram.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfInternalLinksInBlockDiagramType
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	celldesigner:internalLinkInBlockDiagram

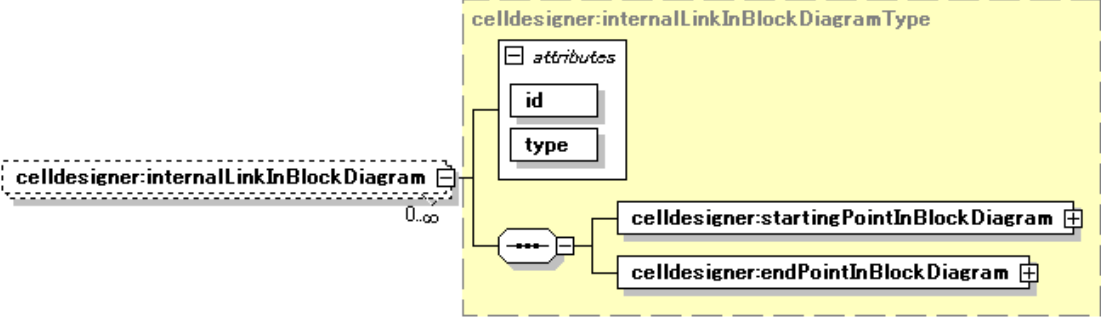
8.14.1.10.1. Element

`celldesigner:listOfInternalLinksInBlockDiagramType/internalLinkInBlockDiagram`

This is an XML element representing an `InternalLinkInBlockDiagram` to describe a link that describes the internal logic of the protein described by the block diagram. The meaning of each attribute is as follows:

Attribute name	Content
id	A unique identifier in the list. An integer of 0 or more is used.
type	Link type. activation/absoluteActivation/inhibition/absoluteInhibition

The lower elements `StartingPointInBlockDiagram` and `EndPointInBlockDiagram` are explained in the next sections.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:internalLinkInBlockDiagramType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc unbounded content complex

children	celldesigner:startingPointInBlockDiagram celldesigner:endPointInBlockDiagram				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	id	derived by: xs:short	required		
	type	derived by: xs:string	required		

8.14.1.10.1.1. Element **celldesigner:internalLinkInBlockDiagramType/startingPointInBlockDiagram**

This is an XML element representing a StartingPointInBlockDiagram to describe a starting point of a link that describes the internal logic of the protein described by the block diagram. The meaning of each attribute is as follows:

Attribute name	Content
offsetX offsetY	The offsets are located between the link starting point and the center of the target shape.
An attribute representing the link destination (any of residue, bindingSite, or operator)	id. The id of the element representing the link starting point.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:startingPointInBlockDiagramType				
properties	isRef	0	content	complex	
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	offsetX	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	offsetY	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	residue	derived by: xs:short			
	bindingSite	derived by: xs:short			
	operator	derived by: xs:short			

8.14.1.10.1.2. Element **celldesigner:internalLinkInBlockDiagramType/endpointInBlockDiagram**

This is an XML element representing an EndPointInBlockDiagram to describe an end point of a link that describes the internal logic of the protein described by the block diagram. The meaning of each attribute is as follows:

Attribute name	Content
offsetX offsetY	The offsets are located between the link end point and the center of the target shape.
An attribute representing the link destination (any of residue, bindingSite, effectSite, operator, link, or degrade)	id. The id of the element representing the link end point.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/cellDesigner				
type	cellDesigner:endPointInBlockDiagramType				
properties	isRef	0	content	complex	
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	offsetX	derived by: xs:list	required		
	offsetY	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	residue	derived by: xs:short			
	bindingSite	derived by: xs:short			
	effectSite	derived by: xs:short			
	operator	derived by: xs:short			
	link	derived by: xs:short			
	degrade	derived by: xs:short			

Example

```

<cellDesigner: listOfInternalLinksInBlockDiagram>
  <cellDesigner: internalLinkInBlockDiagram id="0" type="inhibition">
    <cellDesigner: startingPointInBlockDiagram bindingSite="0" offsetX="0.0" offsetY="0.0" />
    <cellDesigner: endPointInBlockDiagram effectSite="1" offsetX="0.0" offsetY="0.0" />
  </cellDesigner: internalLinkInBlockDiagram>
  <cellDesigner: internalLinkInBlockDiagram id="1" type="absoluteInhibition">
    <cellDesigner: startingPointInBlockDiagram bindingSite="1" offsetX="0.0" offsetY="0.0" />
    <cellDesigner: endPointInBlockDiagram effectSite="0" offsetX="0.0" offsetY="0.0" />
  </cellDesigner: internalLinkInBlockDiagram>
  <cellDesigner: internalLinkInBlockDiagram id="2" type="activation">
    <cellDesigner: startingPointInBlockDiagram offsetX="0.0" offsetY="0.0" residue="0" />
    <cellDesigner: endPointInBlockDiagram effectSite="2" offsetX="0.0" offsetY="0.0" />
  </cellDesigner: internalLinkInBlockDiagram>
  <cellDesigner: internalLinkInBlockDiagram id="3" type="absoluteActivation">
    <cellDesigner: startingPointInBlockDiagram bindingSite="2" offsetX="0.0" offsetY="0.0" />
    <cellDesigner: endPointInBlockDiagram effectSite="3" offsetX="0.0" offsetY="0.0" />
  </cellDesigner: internalLinkInBlockDiagram>
</cellDesigner: listOfInternalLinksInBlockDiagram>

```

9. Extension of Compartment.Annotation

Data used for identity verification of a Compartment is stored as the lower elements of Annotation.

Element Compartment/annotation

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/sbml/level2
type	celldesigner:compartmentAnnotationType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex
children	celldesigner:name

9.1. Element name

This is an XML element used for storing the name of a Compartment. The definition is described in 7.3.2. Although the attribute name of an SBML.Compartment is optional, in CellDesigner it is essential, and therefore, it is retained by creating a tag in the Compartment.Annotation. This value is used for verifying the identity of the Compartment.

10. Extension of Species.Annotation


Data used for identity verification of a Species is stored in the lower elements of Annotation.

Element Species/annotation

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/sbml/level2
type	celldesigner:speciesAnnotationType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex
children	celldesigner:positionToCompartment celldesigner:complexSpecies celldesigner:speciesIdentity celldesigner:listOfCatalyzedReactions

10.1. Element `celldesigner:positionToCompartment`

This element describes the relative position to a membrane of the Compartment to which the Species belongs. A string representing any of “outerSurface”, “transmembrane”, “innerSurface”, “inside” or “insideOfMembrane” is set.


diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of xs:string
properties	content simple
used by	complexType celldesigner:speciesAnnotationType
facets	enumeration outerSurface enumeration transmembrane enumeration innerSurface enumeration inside enumeration insideOfMembrane

Example

```
<celldesigner:positionToCompartment>outerSurface</celldesigner:positionToCompartment>
```

10.2. Element `celldesigner:complexSpecies`

This is an XML element to store the SId of an SBML.Species that is a complex of the parent element. The SId must be for a Species listed in the SBML.listOfSpecies.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:SId
properties	content simple
used by	complexType celldesigner:speciesAnnotationType
facets	pattern ([a-z] [A-Z])([a-z] [A-Z] [0-9])*

Example

```
<celldesigner:complexSpecies>s109</celldesigner:complexSpecies>
```

10.3. Element `celldesigner:speciesAnnotationType/speciesIdentity`

This is an XML element that stores data to mainly distinguish the chemical species of the Species. The lower element Class represents the category of molecules (refer to Section 7.3.1) and Hypothetical is an element to represent that the relevant Species is hypothetical. From among the following lower elements one is selected as an element: Name, ProteinReference, GeneReference, RnaReference, and AntisensernaReference. State is an element to stipulate the modification state of the chemical species.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:speciesIdentityType
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	celldesigner:class celldesigner:hypothetical celldesigner:name celldesigner:proteinReference celldesigner:rnaReference celldesigner:geneReference celldesigner:antisensernaReference celldesigner:state

10.3.1. Element celldesigner:hypothetical

This is an XML element representing Hypothetical that indicates the Species is hypothetical. In case of False, this element can be omitted.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of xs:boolean
properties	content simple
used by	complexType celldesigner:speciesIdentityType

Example

```
<celldesigner:hypothetical>true</celldesigner:hypothetical>
```

10.3.2. Element celldesigner:proteinReference

This is an XML element to describe the id of a Protein that is referred to.

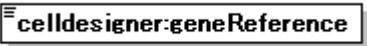
diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of celldesigner:SID
properties	content simple
used by	complexType celldesigner:speciesIdentityType
facets	pattern (_ [a-z] [A-Z])(_ [a-z] [A-Z] [0-9])*

Example

```
<celldesigner:proteinReference>pr2</celldesigner:proteinReference>
```

10.3.3. Element **celldesigner:geneReference**

This is an XML element to describe the id of a Gene that is referred to.


diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of celldesigner:SID
properties	content simple
used by	complexType celldesigner:speciesIdentityType
facets	pattern ([a-z] [A-Z])([a-z] [A-Z] [0-9])*

Example

```
<celldesigner:geneReference>gn1</celldesigner:geneReference>
```

10.3.4. Element **celldesigner:rnaReference**

This is an XML element to describe the id of an RNA that is referred to.

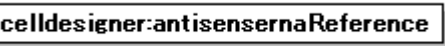
diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of celldesigner:SID
properties	content simple
used by	complexType celldesigner:speciesIdentityType
facets	pattern ([a-z] [A-Z])([a-z] [A-Z] [0-9])*

Example

```
<celldesigner:rnaReference>rn1</celldesigner:rnaReference>
```

10.3.5. Element **celldesigner:antisensernaReference**

This is an XML element to describe the id of an AntisenseRNA that is referred to.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of celldesigner:SID
properties	content simple
used by	complexType celldesigner:speciesIdentityType
facets	pattern ([a-z] [A-Z])([a-z] [A-Z] [0-9])*

Example

```
<celldesigner:antisensernaReference>arn2</celldesigner:antisensernaReference>
```

10.3.6. Element `celldesigner:speciesIdentityType/state`

This is an XML element representing a State that stipulates the modification state of the species. The lower elements are described in the following sections.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:stateType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex
children	celldesigner:homodimer celldesigner:listOfModifications listOfStructuralStates

10.3.6.1. Element `homodimer`

This is an XML element representing a Homodimer that indicates a homogenous species forms a multimer. The valence of the multimer is described. When the valence is 1, this element can be omitted.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of xs:positiveInteger
properties	content simple
used by	complexType stateType

Example

```
<celldesigner:homodimer>2</celldesigner:homodimer>
```

10.3.6.2. Element `celldesigner:stateType/listOfModifications`

This is an XML element to store a list of Modifications, each of which represents the modification state of a chemical species.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfModificationsType

properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex
children	celldesigner:modification

10.3.6.2.1. Element celldesigner:listOfModificationsType/modification

This is an XML element to store a list of Modifications, each of which represents the modification state of a chemical species. For the attribute residue, the id of a Protein residue or the id of a Gene region is described. For the attribute state, the modification state is described with any of “phosphorylated”, “acetylated”, “ubiquitinated”, “methylated”, “hydroxylated”, “don't care”, “unknown”, “glycosylated”, “myristoylated”, “palmytoylated”, “prenylated”, “protonated”, or “sulfated”.

“Histone1” and “histone2” used up to Ver. 3.x were removed from ver. 4.0.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
properties	isRef 0 content complex				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	residue	celldesigner:S Id	required		
	state	derived by: xs:string	required		

Example

```

<celldesigner:listOfModifications>
  <celldesigner:modification residue="rs1" state="phosphorylated" />
  <celldesigner:modification residue="rs2" state="phosphorylated" />
  <celldesigner:modification residue="rs3" state="ubiquitinated" />
  <celldesigner:modification residue="rs4" state="ubiquitinated" />
</celldesigner:listOfModifications>
</celldesigner:state>

```

10.3.6.3. Element celldesigner:proteinType/listOfStructuralStates

This is an XML element representing a list of celldesigner:structuralStates, each of which is the state of a protein. The child element “structuralState” retains a string of “open”, “close”, or an arbitrary string input by a user.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:listOfStructuralStatesType				
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex				
children	celldesigner: structuralState (celldesigner: structuralStateType)				

10.3.6.3.1. Element `celldesigner:StructuralStatesType`

`StructuralState` retains a string of “open”, “close”, or an arbitrary string input by a user.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:StructuralStatesType				
properties	content complex				
used by	complexType celldesigner: listOfStructuralStatesType				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	structuralState	xs:string	required		

10.4. Element `celldesigner:speciesAnnotationType/listOfCatalyzedReactions`

This is an XML element to store a list of `CellDesigner.Catalyzed` that means a target on which the Species acts as a regulator, e.g. enzymic activity.

diagram								
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner							
type	celldesigner:listOfCatalyzedReactionsType							
properties	isRef	0	minOcc	0	maxOcc	1	content	complex
children	celldesigner:catalyzed							

10.4.1. Element `celldesigner:listOfCatalyzedReactionsType/catalyzed`

This is an XML element representing a `CellDesigner.Catalyzed` that means a target on which the Species acts as a regulator e.g. enzymic activity.

diagram								
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner							
type	celldesigner:catalyzedType							
properties	isRef	0	minOcc	1	maxOcc	unbounded	content	complex
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed			
	reaction	celldesigner:SId	required					

Example

```
<celldesigner: listOfCatalyzedReactions>
  <celldesigner: catalyzed reaction="re18" />
  <celldesigner: catalyzed reaction="re19" />
  <celldesigner: catalyzed reaction="re137" />
  <celldesigner: catalyzed reaction="re138" />
</celldesigner: listOfCatalyzedReactions>
```

11. Extension of Reaction.Annotation

Data is stored that stipulates Reaction types and connection conditions in a graphical model.

Element Reaction/annotation

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/sbml/level2
type	celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex
children	celldesigner:name celldesigner:reactionType celldesigner:baseReactants celldesigner:baseProducts celldesigner:listOfReactantLinks celldesigner:listOfProductLinks celldesigner:connectScheme celldesigner:offset celldesigner:editPoints celldesigner:line celldesigner:listOfModification

11.1. Common Elements in Reaction.Annotation

11.1.1. ComplexType celldesigner:linkAnchorType

This is an XML element that indicates the position of the connection destination element (e.g. SpeciesAlias) to which the connection point of a Reaction or the like is connected. For the attribute position, any of the following abbreviations is described: “N”, “NNE”, “NE”, “ENE”, “E”, “ESE”, “SE”, “SSE”, “S”, “SSW”, “SW”, “WSW”, “W”, “WNW”, “NW”, or “NNW”.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
used by	elements	celldesigner:baseReactantType/linkAnchor celldesigner:baseProductType/linkAnchor celldesigner:reactantLinkType/linkAnchor celldesigner:productLinkType/linkAnchor celldesigner:linkTargetType/linkAnchor			
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	position	derived by: xs:string	required		

Example

```
<celldesigner:linkAnchor position="S" />
```

11.1.2. ComplexType celldesigner:lineType

This is an XML representation of a Line that retains data for the color and line width of a Reaction link. For the attribute color, a hexadecimal string representing α RGB is described and for width, the line width is described.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
used by	elements	celldesigner:modificationType/line celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType/line			
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	color	derived by: xs:string	required		
	width	derived by: xs:decimal	required		

Example

```
<celldesigner:line color="ff00000" width="1.0" />
```

11.1.3. ComplexType celldesigner:connectSchemeType

This is an XML element representing a ConnectScheme that describes a connection format of a Reaction link in a graphical model. For the attribute connectPolicy, either “direct” (free angle line segments are connected) or “square” (horizontal and vertical line segments are connected) is described. For the attribute rectangleIndex, an index of a line segment on which a process box is located is described. The lower elements are explained in the following sections.

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
children	cellDesigner:listOfLineDirection					
used by	elements	modificationType/connectScheme reactionAnnotationType/connectScheme				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation
	connectPolicy	derived by: xs:string	required			
	rectangleIndex		optional			
annotation	documentation Connection scheme.					

11.1.3.1. Element cellDesigner:connectSchemeType/listOfLineDirection

This is an XML element that stores a list of LineDirections, each of which describes the direction of a line segment that forms a Reaction link.

diagram						
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
type	cellDesigner:listOfLineDirectionType					
properties	isRef	0				
	content	complex				
children	cellDesigner:lineDirection					

11.1.3.2. Element cellDesigner:listOfLineDirectionType/lineDirection

This is an XML element representing a LineDirection that describes the direction of a line segment that forms a Reaction link. For the attribute index, a line segment index of the link is specified. A line segment index is used to identify an element line segment in a link consisting of multiple line segments. When a Base Reaction is a non-branch type, a number 0, 1, 2... is given from the starting point side, and for a branch type, the number is given from the center of the branches.

The attribute value represents the direction of a line segment; for a horizontal or vertical direction, “horizontal” or “vertical” is specified; for other directions, “unknown” is specified.

The attribute arm is used for a branch type Reaction, and a branch number is specified. For a non-branch type Base Reaction, -1 is given as a branch number, and for a branch type, a branch number 0, 1, 2 is given from the branch on the starting side.

diagram								
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner							
type	cellDesigner:lineDirectionType							
properties	isRef	0	minOcc	1	maxOcc	unbounded	content	complex
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed			
	index	derived by: xs:short	required					
	value	derived by: xs:string	required					
	arm	derived by: xs:short						

Example

```

<cellDesigner:connectScheme connectPolicy="direct">
  <cellDesigner:listOfLineDirection>
    <cellDesigner:lineDirection index="0" value="unknown" />
    <cellDesigner:lineDirection index="1" value="unknown" />
    <cellDesigner:lineDirection index="2" value="unknown" />
  </cellDesigner:listOfLineDirection>
</cellDesigner:connectScheme>

```

11.1.4. ComplexType cellDesigner:lineType2

This is an XML representation of a Line that retains data for the color and line width of a Reaction link. For the attribute color a hexadecimal string representing αRGB is described; for width a line width is described; and for type Curve or Straight is specified.


diagram								
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner							
used by	elements	cellDesigner:reactantLinkType/line cellDesigner:productLinkType/line						
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed			
	color	derived by: xs:string	required					
	width	derived by: xs:decimal	required					
	type	derived by: xs:string						

Example

```
<celldesigner:line width="1.0" color="ff000000" type="Straight"/>
```

11.2. Element celldesigner:reactionType

This is an XML element that stipulates a basic Reaction type in a graphical model.

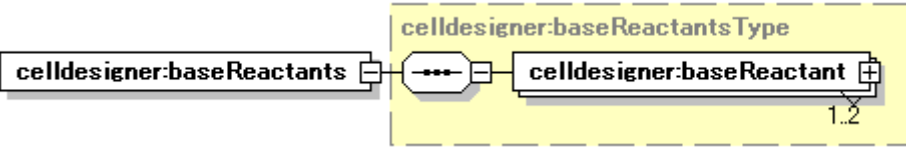
diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	restriction of xs:string
properties	content simple
used by	complexType celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType
facets	enumeration STATE_TRANSITION enumeration KNOWN_TRANSITION_OMITTED enumeration UNKNOWN_TRANSITION enumeration CATALYSIS enumeration UNKNOWN_CATALYSIS enumeration INHIBITION enumeration UNKNOWN_INHIBITION enumeration TRANSPORT enumeration HETERODIMER_ASSOCIATION enumeration DISSOCIATION enumeration TRUNCATION enumeration TRANSCRIPTIONAL_ACTIVATION enumeration TRANSCRIPTIONAL_INHIBITION enumeration TRANSLATIONAL_ACTIVATION enumeration TRANSLATIONAL_INHIBITION enumeration TRANSCRIPTION enumeration TRANSLATION

Example

```
<celldesigner:reactionType>TRANSCRIPTIONAL_INHIBITION</celldesigner:reactionType>
```

11.3. Element celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType/baseReactants

This is an XML element that stores a list of BaseReactants, each of which is a reactant of a Base Reaction.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:baseReactantsType
properties	isRef 0 content complex
children	celldesigner:baseReactant

11.3.1. Element celldesigner:baseReactantsType/baseReactant

This is an XML element representing a BaseReactant that is a reactant of a Base Reaction. For the attribute alias, the id of a (Complex)SpeciesAlias that is the BaseReactant is described. For the attribute species, a Species that the (Complex)SpeciesAlias refers to is described. The lower element LinkAnchor is explained in 11.1.1.

diagram								
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner							
type	cellDesigner:baseReactantType							
properties	isRef	0	minOcc	1	maxOcc	2	content	complex
children	cellDesigner:linkAnchor							
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed			
	alias	derived by: cellDesigner:SID	required					
	species	cellDesigner:SID	required					

Example

```

<cellDesigner:baseReactants>
  <cellDesigner:baseReactant alias="sa305" species="s233">
    <cellDesigner:linkAnchor position="E" />
  </cellDesigner:baseReactant>
  <cellDesigner:baseReactant alias="sa306" species="s234">
    <cellDesigner:linkAnchor position="E" />
  </cellDesigner:baseReactant>
</cellDesigner:baseReactants>

```

11.4. Element cellDesigner:reactionAnnotationType/baseProducts

This is an XML element that stores a list of BaseProducts, each of which is a product of a Base Reaction.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	cellDesigner:baseProductsType				
properties	isRef	0	content	complex	
children	cellDesigner:baseProduct				

11.4.1. Element cellDesigner:baseProductsType/baseProduct

This is an XML element representing a BaseProduct that is a product of a Base Reaction. For the attribute alias, the id of a (Complex)SpeciesAlias that is the BaseProduct is described. For the attribute species, a Species that the (Complex)SpeciesAlias refers to is described. The lower element LinkAnchor is explained in 11.1.1.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	cellDesigner:baseProductType				
properties	isRef	0			
	minOcc	1			
	maxOcc	2			
	content	complex			
children	cellDesigner:linkAnchor				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	alias	derived by: cellDesigner:SID	required		
	species	cellDesigner:SID	required		

Example

```

<cellDesigner:baseProducts>
  <cellDesigner:baseProduct alias="csa22" species="s235">
    <cellDesigner:linkAnchor position="W" />
  </cellDesigner:baseProduct>
</cellDesigner:baseProducts>

```

11.5. Element cellDesigner:reactionAnnotationType/listOfReactantLinks

This is an XML element to store a list of ReactantLinks, each of which describes an additional reactant to a Base Reaction.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	cellDesigner:listOfReactantLinksType				
properties	isRef	0			
	minOcc	0			
	maxOcc	1			
	content	complex			
children	cellDesigner:reactantLink				

11.5.1. Element cellDesigner:listOfReactantLinksType/reactantLink

This is an XML element representing a ReactantLink that describes an additional reactant to a Base Reaction. For the attribute alias, the id of a (Complex)SpeciesAlias that represents the additional reactant is described; for the attribute reactant, the id of a Species that represents the additional reactant is described. The attribute targetLineIndex is represented by a string in which a branch number of the Base Reaction link

and a line segment index are connected with a comma “,”. From Ver. 4.0, positions to which reactants can be added are located together in one place; therefore, for targetLineIndex only “-1,0” can be used.

Reference) Regarding branch numbers used up to Ver.3.x, for a non-branch type Base Reaction, -1 is given as a branch number, and for a branch type, a branch number 0, 1, 2 is given from the branch on the starting side. A line segment index is used to identify an element line segment in a link consisting of multiple line segments. When a Base Reaction is a non-branch type, a number 0, 1, 2... is given from the starting point side, and for a branch type, the number is given from the center of the branches.

The lower elements LinkAnchor and Line are explained in 11.1.

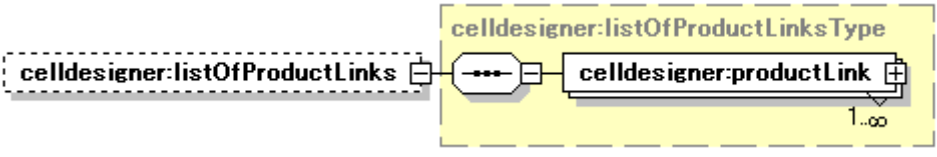
diagram								
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner							
type	cellDesigner:reactantLinkType							
properties	isRef	0	minOcc	1	maxOcc	unbounded	content	complex
children	cellDesigner:linkAnchor cellDesigner:line							
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed			
	alias	derived by: cellDesigner:SID	required					
	reactant	derived by: cellDesigner:SID	required					
	targetLineIndex	derived by: xs:string	required					

Example

```
<cellDesigner:listOfReactantLinks>
  <cellDesigner:reactantLink alias="sa5" reactant="s5" targetLineIndex="-1,2">
    <cellDesigner:linkAnchor position="NW" />
    <cellDesigner:line color="ff000000" width="1.0" />
    <cellDesigner:line width="1.0" color="ff000000" type="Straight"/>
  </cellDesigner:reactantLink>
</cellDesigner:listOfReactantLinks>
```

11.6. Element cellDesigner:reactionAnnotationType/listOfProductLinks

This is an XML element to store a list of ProductLinks, each of which describes an additional product to a Base Reaction.

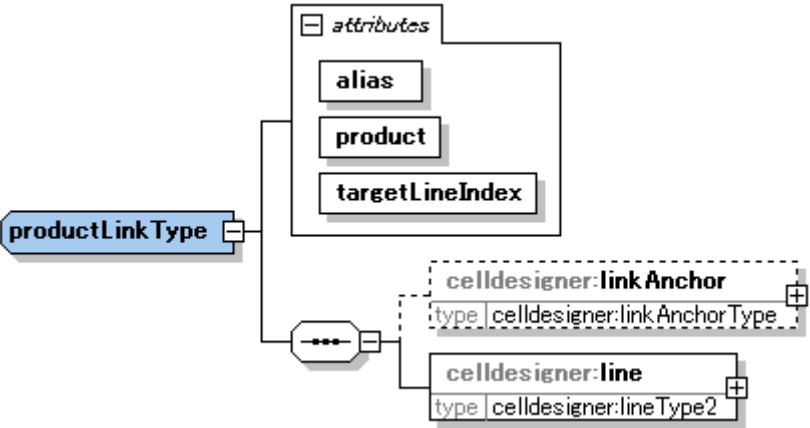
diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	cellDesigner:listOfProductLinksType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex
children	cellDesigner:productLink

11.6.1. Element cellDesigner:listOfProductLinksType/productLink

This is an XML element representing a ProductLink that describes an additional product to a Base Reaction. For the attribute alias, the id of a (Complex)SpeciesAlias that represents the additional product is described; for the attribute product, the id of a Species that represents the additional product is described. The attribute targetLineIndex is represented by a string in which a branch number of the Base Reaction link and a line segment index are connected with a comma “,”. From Ver. 4.0, points to which products can be connected are located together in one place; therefore, only “-1.1” can be used.

Reference) Regarding branch numbers used up to Ver.3.x, for a non-branch type Base Reaction, -1 is given as a branch number, and for a branch type, a branch number 0, 1, 2 is given from the branch on the starting side. A line segment index is used to identify an element line segment in a link consisting of multiple line segments. When a Base Reaction is a non-branch type, a number 0, 1, 2... is given from the starting point side, and for a branch type, the number is given from the center of the branches.

The lower elements LinkAnchor and Line are explained in 11.1.

diagram											
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner										
type	cellDesigner:productLinkType										
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 1 maxOcc unbounded content complex										
children	cellDesigner:linkAnchor cellDesigner:line										
attributes	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Use</th> <th>Default</th> <th>Fixed</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>alias</td> <td>derived by: cellDesigner:SIId</td> <td>required</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	alias	derived by: cellDesigner:SIId	required		
Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed							
alias	derived by: cellDesigner:SIId	required									

	product	cellDesigner:SId	required
	targetLineIndex	derived by: xs:string	required

Example

```
<cellDesigner:listOfProductLinks>
  <cellDesigner:productLink alias="sa5" product="s5" targetLineIndex="-1,1">
    <cellDesigner:linkAnchor position="N" />
    <cellDesigner:line color="ff000000" width="1.0" />
    <cellDesigner:line width="1.0" color="ff000000" type="Curve"/>
  </cellDesigner:productLink>
</cellDesigner:listOfProductLinks>
```

11.7. Element cellDesigner:reactionAnnotationType/connectScheme

This is an XML element representing a ConnectScheme that describes a connection format of a Reaction link in a graphical model. Details are given in 11.1.3

11.8. Element cellDesigner:reactionAnnotationType/offset

This is an XML element representing a CellDesigner.OffsetReaction that indicates the distance which a Reaction link has moved as a whole in relation to a (Complex)SpeciesAlias -- connection destination -- and the center of the line segments consisting of a Base Reaction link. The distance is set in the attributes x and y.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/cellDesigner				
type	cellDesigner:offsetType				
properties	isRef	0			
	minOcc	0			
	maxOcc	1			
	content	complex			
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	x	derived by: xs:decimal	required		
	y	derived by: xs:decimal	required		

Example

```
<cellDesigner:offset x="14.0" y="-5.0" />
```

11.9. Element cellDesigner:reactionAnnotationType/editPoints

When a Reaction link is made up of multiple line segments, this XML element represents Edit Points that describe its edit or connection points. For the attributes num0, num1, and num2, when the Reaction is a branch type, the number of edit points in each of the branch numbers 0, 1, and 2 is described. For a non-branch type Base Reaction, -1 is given as a branch number, and for a branch type, a branch number 0, 1, 2 is given from the branch on the starting side.

For the attributes tShapeIndex, the position of the ProcessNode of a three-forked ReactionLink is retained; and for the attribute omittedShapeIndex, in the case of ReactionLinks other than the former, if there is a ProcessNode, it is retained in this variable. When a Reaction type is “KNOWN_TRANSITION_OMITTED” or “TRUNCATION”, a line segment index to which an identification symbol is attached is specified in these attributes. A line segment index is used to identify an element line segment in a link consisting of multiple line segments. When a Base Reaction is a non-branch type, a number 0, 1, 2... is given from the starting point side, and for a branch type, the number is given from the center of the branches. A string described in a tag is a string in which coordinates x and y of an edit point stipulated by CellDesigner.Point2DList (7.1.4) are arranged.

The coordinates of an edit point are determined and retained by calculating local coordinates from line segments that connect the central points of (Complex)SpeciesAliases that are the starting point and end point of a Reaction.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:editPointsType				
properties	isRef	0			
	minOcc	0			
	maxOcc	1			
	content	complex			
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	num0	derived by: xs:short			
	num1	derived by: xs:short			
	num2	derived by: xs:short			
	omittedShapeIndex	derived by: xs:short			
	tShapeIndex	derived by: xs:short			

Example 1

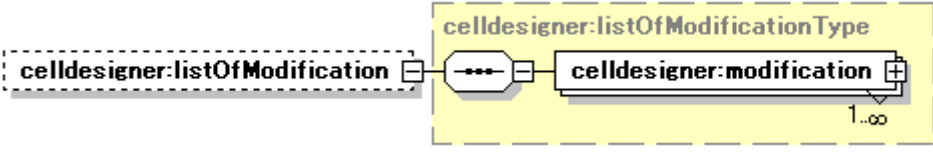
```
<celldesigner:editPoints omittedShapeIndex="0">0.12438587874696405,2.98381163386
09666E-4 0.6666666666666663,8.881784197001252E-16</celldesigner:editPoints>
```

Example 2

```
<celldesigner:editPoints num0="2" num1="2" num2="2">0.33246269555174024,-0.0065
46505318191009 0.664925391103476,-0.013093010636378466 0.2650906262742
7227,-0.07769315518193398 0.5301812525484877,-0.15538631036386352 0.3333
333333333357,-7.105427357601002E-15 0.66666666666666643,-1.4210854715202
004E-14 0.2431161049218673,0.5877571605694545</celldesigner:editPoints>
```

11.10. Element `celldesigner:reactionAnnotationType/listOfModification`

This is an XML element to store a list of Modifications, each of which describes enzymic activity or inhibition that gives reaction speed changes to a Base Reaction.

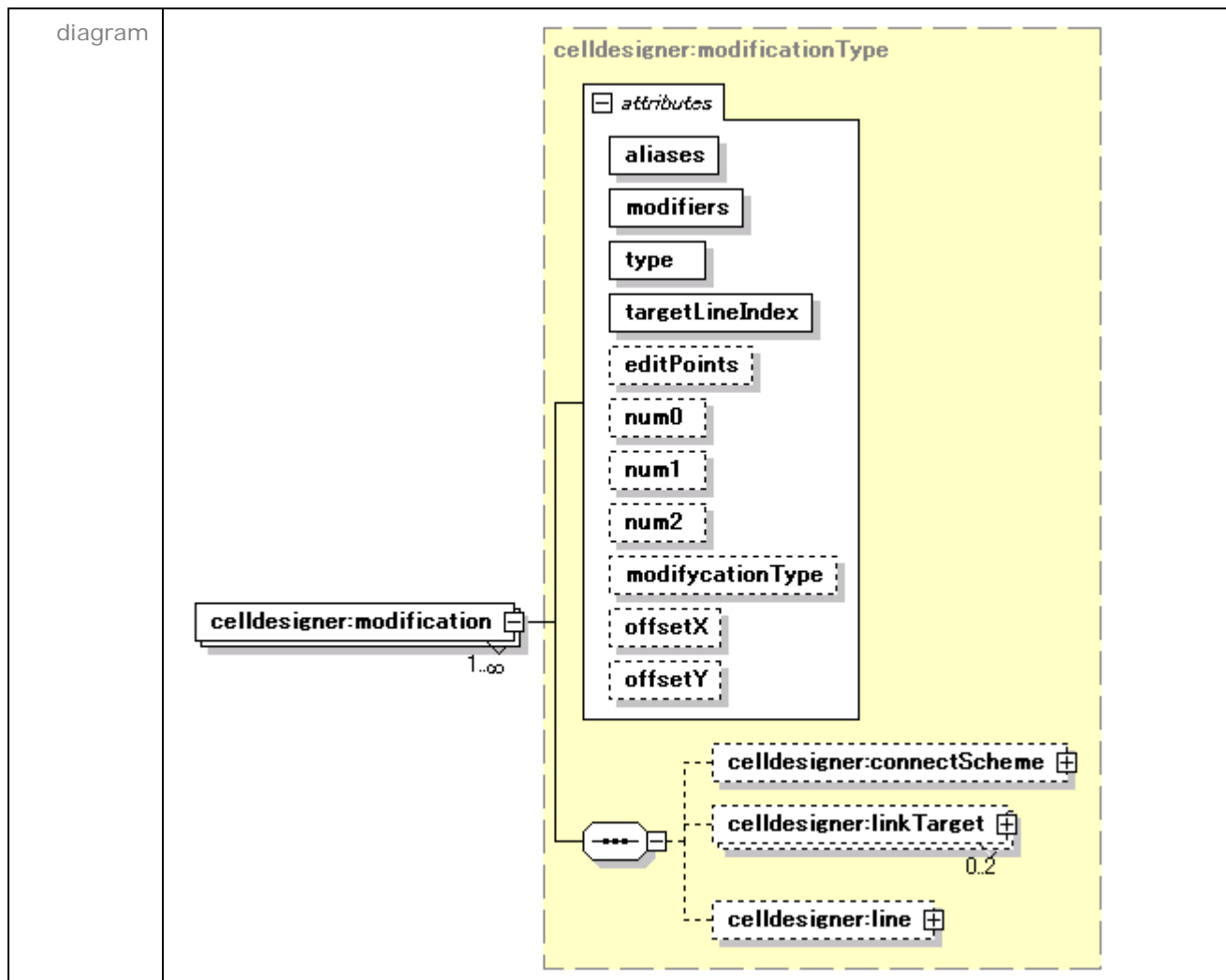
diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner
type	celldesigner:listOfModificationType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex
children	celldesigner:modification

11.10.1. Element `celldesigner:listOfModificationType/modification`

This is an XML element representing a Modification to describe enzymic activity or inhibition that gives reaction speed changes to a Base Reaction. The meaning of each attribute is as follows:

Attribute name	Content
aliases	The id of the (Complex)SpeciesAlias of a Species that affects a Reaction; if there are multiple Species, a list connected with a comma “,” is described.
modifiers	The id of a Species that affects a Reaction; if there are multiple Species, a list connected with a comma “,” is described.
type	Type of a Modification Link. Any of the following is specified: “CATALYSIS”, “UNKNOWN_CATALYSIS”, “INHIBITION”, “UNKNOWN_INHIBITION”, “TRANSPORT”, “HETERODIMER_ASSOCIATION”, “TRANSCRIPTIONAL_ACTIVATION”, “TRANSCRIPTIONAL_INHIBITION”, “TRANSLATIONAL_ACTIVATION”, “TRANSLATIONAL_INHIBITION”, “PHYSICAL_STIMULATION”, “MODULATION”, “TRIGGER”, “BOOLEAN_LOGIC_GATE_AND”, “BOOLEAN_LOGIC_GATE_OR”, “BOOLEAN_LOGIC_GATE_NOT”, “BOOLEAN_LOGIC_GATE_UNKNOWN”.
targetLineIndex	Regarding the point at which a Modification is connected to a Reaction, a string in which a branch number and line segment index is connected with a comma “,” on the Reaction is described. For the branch number, -1 is given, and for the line segment index, a number from between 2 and 7 is given according to the position on a process box.
num0, num1, num2	In case of a branch type Modification Link, the number of edit points in each branch number 0, 1, or 2 is described. There is no branch type Modification; therefore, currently they are not used.
editPoints	A string in which edit points (x, y) in a Modification Link are arranged. However, when a Modification type is “BOOLEAN_*”, for the last coordinates in the string, the absolute coordinates of Logic Gate (HeaderPoint) is described.
modificationType	This is used when the type of a Modification Link is “BOOLEAN_LOGIC_GATE_AND”, “BOOLEAN_LOGIC_GATE_OR”, or “BOOLEAN_LOGIC_GATE_UNKNOWN”. Any of the following is specified: “CATALYSIS”, “UNKNOWN_CATALYSIS”, “INHIBITION”, “UNKNOWN_INHIBITION”, “TRANSPORT”, “HETERODIMER_ASSOCIATION”, “TRANSCRIPTIONAL_ACTIVATION”, “TRANSCRIPTIONAL_INHIBITION”, “TRANSLATIONAL_ACTIVATION”, “TRANSLATIONAL_INHIBITION”, “PHYSICAL_STIMULATION”, “MODULATION”.
offsetX offsetY	Offset values for calculating internal coordinates.

The lower elements Line and ConnectScheme are explained in 11.1. LinkTarget is explained in the next section.



namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner					
type	celldesigner:modificationType					
properties	isRef	0				
	minOcc	1				
	maxOcc	unbounded				
	content	complex				
children	celldesigner:connectScheme celldesigner:linkTarget celldesigner:line					
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation
	aliases	derived by: celldesigner:SIdSet	required			
	modifiers	derived by: celldesigner:SIdSet	required			
	type	derived by: xs:string	required			
	targetLineIndex	derived by: xs:string	required			
	editPoints	derived by: celldesigner:point2DList				
	num0	derived by: xs:nonNegativeInteger				
	num1	derived by: xs:nonNegativeInteger				
	num2	derived by: xs:nonNegativeInteger				
	modificationType	derived by: xs:string				
	offsetX	derived by: xs:decimal				
	offsetY	derived by: xs:decimal				

11.10.1.1. Element `celldesigner:modificationType/linkTarget`

This is an XML element to describe a modifier that triggers enzymic activity or inhibition that gives reaction speed changes to a Base Reaction.

For the attribute `alias`, the id of a (Complex)SpeciesAlias, a modifier that affects reaction speed changes is described, and for `species`, the id of the Species is described.

The lower elements `LinkAnchor` and `Line` are explained in 11.1.

diagram					
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/celldesigner				
type	celldesigner:linkTargetType				
properties	isRef	0			
	minOcc	0			
	maxOcc	2			
	content	complex			
children	celldesigner:linkAnchor				
attributes	Name	Type	Use	Default	Fixed
	alias	derived by: celldesigner:SID	required		
	species	celldesigner:SID	required		

Example

```

<celldesigner:listOfModification>
  <celldesigner:modification aliases="sa4"
    editPoints="0.7452364101614855,-0.10812008399079165"
    modifiers="s4" offsetX="35.0" offsetY="-23.0" targetLineIndex="1,0"
    type="CATALYSIS">
    <celldesigner:connectScheme connectPolicy="direct">
      <celldesigner:listOfLineDirection>
        <celldesigner:lineDirection index="0" value="unknown" />
        <celldesigner:lineDirection index="1" value="unknown" />
      </celldesigner:listOfLineDirection>
    </celldesigner:connectScheme>
    <celldesigner:linkTarget alias="sa4" species="s4">
      <celldesigner:linkAnchor position="W" />
    </celldesigner:linkTarget>
    <celldesigner:line color="ff000000" width="1.0" />
  </celldesigner:modification>
  <celldesigner:modification aliases="sa5" modifiers="s5" targetLineIndex="2,0"
    type="CATALYSIS">
    <celldesigner:connectScheme connectPolicy="direct">
      <celldesigner:listOfLineDirection>
        <celldesigner:lineDirection index="0" value="unknown" />
      </celldesigner:listOfLineDirection>
    </celldesigner:connectScheme>
    <celldesigner:linkTarget alias="sa5" species="s5">
      <celldesigner:linkAnchor position="E" />
    </celldesigner:linkTarget>
  </celldesigner:modification>
</celldesigner:listOfModification>

```

```

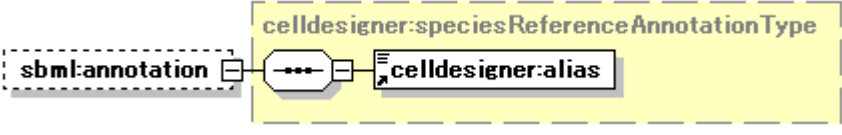
</cellDesigner:linkTarget>
<cellDesigner:line color="ff000000" width="1.0" />
</cellDesigner:modification>
</cellDesigner:listOfModification>

```

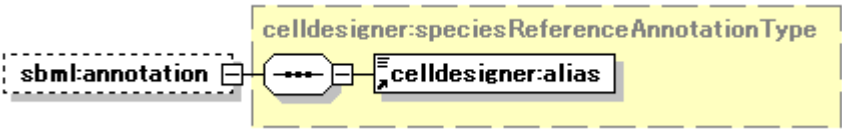
12. Extension of SpeciesReference.Annotation, and ModifierSpeciesReference.Annotation

To stipulate the storage format of connection destination data of a Reaction, annotation is redefined.

Element SpeciesReference/annotation

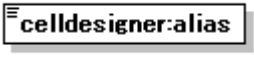
diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/sbml/level2
type	cellDesigner:speciesReferenceAnnotationType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex
children	cellDesigner:alias

Element ModifierSpeciesReference/annotation

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/sbml/level2
type	cellDesigner:speciesReferenceAnnotationType
properties	isRef 0 minOcc 0 maxOcc 1 content complex
children	cellDesigner:alias

12.1. Element cellDesigner:alias

This is an XML element to specify a (Complex)SpeciesAlias to which a Reaction is connected.

diagram	
namespace	http://www.sbml.org/2001/ns/cellDesigner
type	restriction of cellDesigner:SID
properties	content simple
used by	complexType cellDesigner:speciesReferenceAnnotationType
facets	pattern ([a-z] [A-Z])([a-z] [A-Z] [0-9])*

Example

```
<cellDesigner:alias>sa464</cellDesigner:alias>
```


13. Reference

- [1] Funahashi, A., et al. (2003). "CellDesigner: a process diagram editor for gene-regulatory and biochemical networks." *Biosilico* 1, 159-162.
- [2] Kitano, H., et al. (2005). "Using process diagrams for the graphical representation of biological networks." *Nat Biotechnol.* 2005 Aug; 23(8):961-6.
- [3] Hucka, M., et al. (2003). "The systems biology markup language (SBML): a medium for representation and exchange of biochemical network models." *Bioinformatics.* 2003 Mar 1; 19(4):524-31.
- [4] Finney, A. and Hucka, M. (2003). "Systems Biology Markup Language (SBML) Level 2: Structures and Facilities for Model Definitions." <http://www.sbml.org/specifications/sbml-level-2/version-1/html/sbml-level-2.html>.
- [5] Kitano, H., (2003). "A graphical notation for biochemical networks." *Biosilico* 1, 169-176.
- [6] "XML Schema Part 0: Primer Second Edition." <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-0/>.
- [7] "XML Schema Part 1: Structures Second Edition." <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-1/>.
- [8] "XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition." <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-2/>.