

FEAR

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W

If we assume that information is power, if we acknowledge the power of knowledge, we can start by saying that controlling information and knowledge means power, and **fear is the result of a possible switch in the power relation.**

SO...

- How we produce knowledge, how we distribute it and how we use it is important and, lucky for us, there are still many ways.

but...

- How can we switch the tendency of knowledge regulation away from enclosure?
- How can commons become the rule and not the exception?



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Parteras colombianas reclaman reconocimiento legal

Por Helda Martínez

BOGOTÁ, jul (IPS) - La comadrona, una mujer que ayuda a sus iguales a parir, existe en muchas culturas ancestrales. La medicina occidental colombiana casi la borra del mapa, pero un grupo de tenaces cultoras promueven una ley para formalizar a la partera como agente de salud.

"Entre 2009 y lo corrido de 2010, no ha muerto ninguna mujer atendida por una integrante de la Asociación de Parteras Unidas del Pacífico", asegura a IPS Liceth Quiñones, de 22 años, quien ejerce el oficio en Buenaventura, principal puerto marítimo colombiano sobre ese océano.

Hija de la hoy sexagenaria matrona Rosmilda Quiñones, Liceth tenía tres años en 1991, cuando la madre fundó la asociación que aún dirige, de acrónimo Asoparupa, y que cuenta con 250 integrantes de los occidentales departamentos de Chocó, Valle, Cauca y Nariño.

A los seis años Liceth ya la asistía. "La partería se aprende con oralidad y práctica", explica. A los 13 reconoció que una placenta salía incompleta y supo que era necesario ir de urgencia al hospital.

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imprimir



Rosmilda y Liceth Quiñones, de paso por Bogotá

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twitter.com/ipsnoticias oy no atendemos a nadie sin control médico previo. Y tenemos claro que

1. Can we switch market logics by showing there are other logics?
2. Can we measure commons values and replace individual incentives as core in knowledge regulation?
3. Can we introduce the commons discourse from the front door and not the back door?

CICLO Para niños
I- "El sueño de los juguetes"- letra y música de Rocío Sanz

XII. *Lento* P: BB

Voz: ya se durmió la mu-ñe-ca, el o-so ya se dur-mió
los jue-gos se ter-mi- na-ron las que ju-ga-mos a- ger.

Guitarra: Em, F, Em, B, Em, F, Em, B, Em, F, Em, B

Vc. *Bia7*

XIII. *Bia7*

Voz: Los libros ya se ce-rra-ron por-que la no-che lle-go. los ni-ños es-tán dur-mi-dos y los jue-gos tam-bién
los tri-mpos y las pe-lo-tas, los co-che-cr-tos y el tren.

Guitarra: G, F, Em, B, G, F, C, B, Em, F, Em, B, G, F

Vc. *Bia7*

1'18" pizz.

<http://partiturasmirthafacundo.blogspot.com/2010/02/partitura-historia-de-amor.htm>



<http://artemusicales.ucr.ac.cr/investigacion/archivo-historico-music>

Market logics drive the current status quo in the regulatory framework, increasing inequality and diminishing public spaces every day

1

Society lacks imagination and knowledge of how to provision and govern resources, even knowledge, without exclusivity and control.



Legal systems of “intellectual property” place individual financial incentives at the center of knowledge regulation, marginalizing commons values.

Can we blame individualism?

Or is it in part that we have
inadequately articulated the value
(qualitative, quantitative, other) of
commons?

Acueductos comunitarios: Patrimonio social y ambiental del Valle de Aburrá

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Comunitary water supply systems: Social and environmental patrimony of Aburrá Valley

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Abstract

Communitarian Water supply Systems are traditional social structures. They are part of the occupation of peripheral urban lands and rural areas. They exist in places where the local community has resolved by itself the problem of water supply, creating aqueducts that have existed by 20, 30 or even 70 years. A thought the development of a research project named "Sustainability of Communitarian water supply systems, case: Ayura Basin, Urban Peripheral of Envigado city", it was found the important function of these organisations to improve the "social fabric" and to create links between community and basin. This



WHAT IS

TPP

TRANS-PACIFIC PARTNERSHIP



The TPP agreement is a **11-COUNTRY TRADE AGREEMENT** that is being negotiated between countries: United States, Australia, Peru, Malaysia, Vietnam, New Zealand, Chile, Singapore, and Brunei. Mexico, Canada, & Japan are in the process of joining it.

The United States is **FORCING SOPA AND ACTA UPON** THE WORLD, forcing them to sacrifice free speech and privacy in exchange for access to commodity markets like tobacco and textiles.

TWO MAIN ISSUES:

1 HOLLYWOOD

The leaked IP chapter shows how deep-pocketed Hollywood and piracy lobbyists are pushing for IP restrictions that will choke **FREE SPEECH, INNOVATION, AND ECONOMIC GROWTH**.

2 THE PUBLIC IS FORCED OUT OF THE LOOP

The meetings are all behind closed doors and the text is kept secret. There is no public discussion and no Congressional involvement.

U.S. COPYRIGHT LAW IS DEEPLY FLAWED.
 BUT WE'VE GOT A NEW CHANCE AND BALANCE THAT MADE IT BETTER.

- Fair use to protect speech. For example **comment, satire, and parody**. Fair use is also essential to search engines, allowing thumbnails and excerpts, allowing people to find information online.
- Statutory exemptions, like letting teachers use copyrighted materials in face-to-face classrooms, reproductions for libraries and archives.
- Through the U.S. court system, judges have held that certain temporary copies can be made without permission, upholding a crucial function for digital devices.

But with TPP, the United States is trying to export the **worst parts of its intellectual property law without bringing any of the above protections.**

IF TPP PASSES, IT WILL BE EVEN HARDER TO FIX THE EXISTING PROBLEMS IN U.S. COPYRIGHT LAW.

- For example, right now folks who **break digital locks** on software can be criminalized for using circumvention tools to access locked-down content, even for legal use. We're working to fix some of the problems this law creates — but we have a long way to go (like adding protections for blind people who use special technology to access content).
- TPP will include similar anti-circumvention provisions to make it **more difficult to fix US law.**
- The U.S. Chamber of Commerce and other negotiating interests are pushing for "fast track" legislative approval that will **lock the nation into a bad deal** before it's been drafted behind closed doors.

TPP will undermine innovation around the world—kicking the ladder out from under developing countries.



CIVIL AND CRIMINAL CONSEQUENCES
INFRINGING COPYRIGHT CAN PRODUCE SERIOUS DAMAGE or have your computer seized if it's found to be "connected" to infringing activity—whether you actually participated or not. You can even go to jail. **INFRINGEMENT CLAIMS BRING THE GREATEST RISK OF FINANCIAL AND REPUTATIONAL DAMAGE.**

UNDERMINING THE PUBLIC DOMAIN
 Right now, international agreements allow copyrighted works to pass into the public domain no less than 50 years after the death of the creator. This is already ridiculous. TPP would push this **EVEN FURTHER**—**REQUIRING COPYRIGHTS TO REMAIN UNDER LOCK AND KEY FOR 70 YEARS AFTER THE AUTHOR'S DEATH.**

WHAT YOU CAN DO
 If you're in the United States, call on Congressional representatives to **introduce legislation** of the text and the objectives they're seeking in the agreement.
 Call on the White House to **draw the IP chapters** of TPP.

Call on negotiators to make sure the text includes provisions **that protect** not just a few industries.

Spread the word—tell your friends, family, and coworkers about TPP. Show them how they can contact their representative.

For more information and to take action, visit: WWW.EFF.ORG/ISSUES/TPP

• We try to address the problem by presenting the need to include common values, but since the debate is predicated on the incorrect assumption that knowledge requires enclosure, commons discourse only arrives through the back door.

• Add to this secrecy and

- Commons is not the absence of exclusivity but the presence of non-exclusivity – which is a slight but important difference – the plenitude of non-exclusivity.
- It helps us shift the discussion from the problems with the individual property and market driven perspective to a framework and society that – as a norm – wants its institutions to be generative of sharing, cooperation, equality.
- We need efficient/effective ways to protect the ethic and practice of sharing – better commoning.

- “IP” reform and licensing are merely small parts of a universe of knowledge commoning: movements for transparency, privacy, collaboration, potentially all of science and culture...
- When and how did we accept that the autonomy of all is subservient to control of knowledge by few?
- Most important... Can we stop this? Can we change it?
- Is the current tragedy our lack of knowledge on THE COMMONS?

- “IP” reform and licensing are merely small parts of a universe of knowledge commoning: movements for transparency, privacy, collaboration, potentially all of science and culture...
- When and how did we accept that the autonomy of all is subservient to control of knowledge by few?
- Most important... Can we stop this? Can we change it?
- In what sense is the current tragedy our lack of THE COMMONS?

What if fe



Gracias

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